SUBSTITUTED ANILINIC PIPERIDINES AS MCH SELECTIVE ANTAGONISTS

5

10

15

20

25

30

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

This application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/346,997, filed January 9, 2002 and of U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/303,091, filed July 5, 2001, the contents both of which are hereby incorporated by reference into the subject application.

Throughout this application, various publications are referenced in parentheses by author and year. citations for these references may be found at the end of the specification immediately preceding the sequence The disclosure of these listings and the claims. publications in their entireties are hereby incorporated by reference into this application to describe more fully the state of the art to which this Melanin-concentrating hormone (MCH) pertains. originally salmonid isolated from cyclic peptide (teleost fish) pituitaries (Kawauchi et al., 1983). fish the 17 amino acid peptide causes aggregation of melanin within the melanophores and inhibits the release of ACTH, acting as a functional antagonist of $\alpha ext{-MSH}$. Mammalian MCH (19 amino acids) is highly conserved between rat, mouse, and human, exhibiting 100% amino acid identity, but its physiological roles are less MCH has been reported to participate variety of processes including feeding, water balance, metabolism, general arousal/attention

> Applicants: Marzabadi, et al. U.S. Serial No.: Not Yet Known Filing Date: Herewith

cognitive functions, and psychiatric and disorders (for reviews, see Baker, 1991; Baker, 1994; Nahon, 1994; Knigge et al., 1996). Its role in feeding or body weight regulation is supported by a recent Nature publication (Qu et al., 1996) demonstrating that MCH is overexpressed in the hypothalamus of ob/ob mice compared with ob/+ mice, and that fasting further increased MCH mRNA in both obese and normal mice during MCH also stimulated feeding in normal rats when injected into the lateral ventricles (Rossi et al., MCH also has been reported to functionally antagonize the behavioral effects of $\alpha\text{-MSH}$ (Miller et al., 1993; Gonzalez et al, 1996; Sanchez et al., 1997); in addition, stress has been shown to increase POMC mRNA levels while decreasing the MCH precursor preproMCH (ppMCH) mRNA levels (Presse et al., 1992). Thus MCH may serve as an integrative neuropeptide involved in the reaction to stress, as well as in the regulation of feeding and sexual activity (Baker, 1991; Knigge et al., 20 1996).

5

10

15

25

30

Although the biological effects of MCH are believed to be mediated by specific receptors, binding sites for MCH have not been well described. A tritiated ligand ([3H]-MCH) was reported to exhibit specific binding to brain membranes but was unusable for saturation analyses, so neither affinity nor $\boldsymbol{B}_{\text{max}}$ were determined (Drozdz and Radioiodination of the tyrosine at Eberle, 1995). position thirteen resulted in a ligand with dramatically reduced biological activity (see Drozdz and Eberle, In contrast, the radioiodination of the MCH analogue [Phe13, Tyr19] -MCH was successful (Drozdz et al., 1995); the ligand retained biological activity and exhibited specific binding to a variety of cell lines including mouse melanoma (B16-F1, G4F, and G4F-7), PC12, and COS cells. In G4F-7 cells, the $K_D\,=\,0.118 nM$ and the B_{max} ~1100 sites/cell. Importantly, the binding was not inhibited by $\alpha\text{-MSH}$ but was weakly inhibited by rat ANF (Ki = 116 nM vs. 12 nM for native MCH) (Drozdz et al., More recently specific MCH binding was reported in transformed keratinocytes (Burgaud et al., 1997) and melanoma cells (Drozdz et al., 1998), where photocrosslinking studies suggest that the receptor is a membrane protein with an apparent molecular weight of 45-50 kDaltons, compatible with the molecular weight No range of the GPCR superfamily of receptors. receptor radioautoradiographic studies of MCH localization using this ligand have been reported yet.

5

10

15

20

25

30

and biological activities MCH localization peptide suggest that the modulation of MCH receptor activity may be useful in a number of therapeutic applications. The role of MCH in feeding is the best characterized of its potential clinical uses. expressed in the lateral hypothalamus, a brain area implicated in the regulation of and hunger thirst (Grillon et al., 1997); recently orexins A and B, which are potent orexigenic agents, have been shown to have MCH lateral very similar localization to in the hypothalamus (Sakurai et al., 1998). MCH mRNA levels in this brain region are increased in rats after 24 hours of food-deprivation (Hervé and Fellman, 1997); significant increase a injection, insulin abundance and staining intensity of MCH immunoreactive perikarya and fibres was observed concurrent with a

level MCH mRNA increase in the of significant Consistent with the (Bahjaoui-Bouhaddi et al., 1994). ability of MCH to stimulate feeding in rats (Rossi et al., 1997) is the observation that MCH mRNA levels are upregulated in the hypothalami of obese ob/ob mice (Qu et al., 1996), and decreased in the hypothalami of rats treated with leptin, whose food intake and body weight gains are also decreased (Sahu, 1998). MCH appears to act as a functional antagonist of the melanocortin system in its effects on food intake and on hormone secretion within the HPA (hypothalamopituitary/adrenal axis) (Ludwig et al., 1998). Together these data suggest a role for endogenous MCH in the regulation of energy balance and response to stress, and provide a rationale for the development of specific compounds acting at MCH receptors for use in the treatment of obesity and stress-related disorders.

10

15

20

25

30

In all species studied to date, a major portion of the neurons of the MCH cell group occupies a rather constant location in those areas of the lateral hypothalamus and subthalamus where they lie and may be a part of some of the so-called "extrapyramidal" motor circuits. involve substantial striato- and pallidofugal pathways involving the thalamus and cerebral cortex, hypothalamic connections to subthalamic reciprocal and areas, mid-brain centers substantia nigra, and nucleus, (Bittencourt et al., 1992). In their location, the MCH for mechanism may offer a bridge or group visceral activity with hypothalamic expressing appropriate and coordinated motor activity. Clinically it may be of some value to consider the involvement of movement disorders, in MCH system this

Parkinson's disease and Huntingdon's Chorea in which extrapyramidal circuits are known to be involved.

Human genetic linkage studies have located authentic hMCH loci on chromosome 12 (12q23-24) and the variant hMCH loci on chromosome 5 (5q12-13) (Pedeutour et al., Locus 12q23-24 coincides with a locus to which autosomal dominant cerebellar ataxia type II (SCA2) has been mapped (Auburger et al., 1992; Twells et al., neurodegenerative comprises disease 1992). This 10 including an olivopontocerebellar atrophy. disorders, Furthermore, the gene for Darier's disease, has been mapped to locus 12q23-24 (Craddock et al., 1993). Dariers' disease is characterized by abnormalities I illnesses keratinocyte adhesion and mental 15 families. In view of the functional and neuroanatomical patterns of the MCH neural system in the rat and human brains, the MCH gene may represent a good candidate for Interestingly, diseases with SCA2 or Darier's disease. high social impact have been mapped to this locus. 20 Indeed, the gene responsible for chronic or acute forms spinal muscular atrophies has been assigned to chromosome 5q12-13 using genetic linkage analysis (Melki Furthermore, et al., 1990; Westbrook et al., 1992). independent lines of evidence support the assignment of 25 a major schizophrenia locus to chromosome 5q11.2-13.3 (Sherrington et al., 1988; Bassett et al., 1988; Gilliam et al., 1989). The above studies suggest that MCH may play a role in neurodegenerative diseases and disorders 30 of emotion.

Additional therapeutic applications for MCH-related compounds are suggested by the observed effects of MCH

5

10

biological systems. For example, MCH in may regulate reproductive functions in male and female MCH transcripts and MCH peptide were found within germ cells in testes of adult rats, suggesting that MCH and/or renewal cell participate in stem differentiation of early spermatocytes (Hervieu et al., MCH injected directly into the medial preoptic 1996). area (MPOA) or ventromedial nucleus (VMN) sexual activity in female rats (Gonzalez et al., 1996). In ovariectomized rats primed with estradiol, stimulated luteinizing hormone (LH) release while anti-MCH antiserum inhibited LH release (Gonzalez et al., 1997). The zona incerta, which contains a population of MCH cell bodies, has previously been identified as a regulatory site for the pre-ovulatory LH 15 surge (MacKenzie et al., 1984). MCH has been reported to influence release of pituitary hormones including ACTH and oxytocin. MCH analogues may also be useful in treating epilepsy. In the PTZ seizure model, injection of MCH prior to seizure induction prevented seizure 20 activity in both rats and guinea pigs, suggesting that MCH-containing neurons may participate in the neural circuitry underlying PTZ-induced seizure (Knigge MCH has also been observed to affect Wagner, 1997). behavioral correlates of cognitive functions. MCH 25 treatment hastened extinction of the passive avoidance response in rats (McBride et al., 1994), raising the receptor antagonists that MCH possibility beneficial for memory storage and/or retention. possible role for MCH in the modulation or perception of 30 pain is supported by the dense innervation of MCH-positive fibers. periaqueductal (PAG) by grey Finally, MCH may participate in the regulation of fluid intake. ICV infusion of MCH in conscious sheep produced diuretic, natriuretic, and kaliuretic changes in response to increased plasma volume (Parkes, 1996). Together with anatomical data reporting the presence of MCH in fluid regulatory areas of the brain, the results indicate that MCH may be an important peptide involved in the central control of fluid homeostasis in mammals.

The identification of a G-protein coupled receptor for MCH has recently been published (Chambers et al., 1999; 10 Saito et al., 1999). These groups identified MCH as the endogenous ligand for the human orphan G-protein coupled receptor SLC-1 (Lakaye et al., 1998). The rat homologue of this receptor (now called MCH-1) was reported to be localized in regions of the rat brain associated with 15 dorsomedial and ventromedial feeding behavior (e.g. The link between MCH-1 and the effects hypothalamus). of MCH on feeding has been strengthened by recent reports on the phenotype of MCH-1 knockout mice. Two groups have shown independently (Marsh et al, 2002; Chen 20 et al, 2002) that the targeted disruption of the MCH-1 gene (MCH-1 knockout) mice results in receptor animals that are hyperphagic but are lean and have decreased body mass relative to wild-type littermates. The decrease in body mass is attributed to an increase 25 Each group demonstrated that the MCH-1 in metabolism. knockout mice are resistant to diet-induced obesity, and weights similar to littermates generally exhibit maintained on regular chow.

30

5

Finally, synthetic antagonist molecules for the MCH-1 receptor have now been described in the literature. Bednarek et al. (2002) have reported on the synthesis of

peptide antagonists of MCH-1. affinity high addition, a small molecule antagonist of MCH-1 has been described by Takekawa et al. (Takekawa et al., 2002). This compound, T-226296, exhibits high affinity for the MCH-1 receptor (~ 5-9 nM for rat and human MCH-1), and intake induced by the food shown to inhibit intracerebroventricular application of MCH. These data MCH-1 validate the strategy of using an antagonist to treat obesity.

10

15

20

25

30

5

Furthermore, in our own studies, we have tested MCH1 antagonists in several animal models that are well known as predictive for the efficacy of compounds in humans (Borowsky, et al., in press; unpublished data). These experiments indicate that MCH1 antagonists are useful to treat obesity, depression, anxiety, as well as urinary disorders.

As used in this invention, the term "antagonist" refers to a compound which binds to, and decreases the activity of, a receptor in the presence of an agonist. case of a G-protein coupled receptor, activation may be measured using any appropriate second messenger system which is coupled to the receptor in a cell or tissue in which the receptor is expressed. Some specific, but by examples of well-known limiting, means no messenger systems are adenylate cyclase, intracellular calcium mobilization, ion channel activation, guanylate hydrolysis. phospholipid inositol cyclase and Conversely, the term "agonist" refers to a compound which binds to, and increases activity of, a receptor as compared with the activity of the receptor in the absence of any agonist.

In one embodiment of this invention, the synthesis of novel compounds which bind selectively to the cloned human melanin-concentrating hormone-1 (MCH1) receptor, compared to other cloned G-protein coupled receptors, and inhibit the activation of the cloned receptors as measured in in vitro assays is disclosed. The in vitro receptor binding assays described hereinafter were performed using various cultured cell lines, each transfected with and expressing only a single cloned receptor.

Furthermore, the compounds of the present invention may also be used to treat abnormal conditions bulimia disorders (obesity, bulimia and feeding sexual/reproductive disorders, depression, nervosa), anxiety, depression and anxiety, epileptic seizure, congestive heart hypertension, cerebral hemorrhage, failure, sleep disturbances, or any condition in which antagonism of an MCH1 receptor may be beneficial. addition, the compounds of the present invention may be used to reduce the body mass of a subject. Furthermore, the compounds of the present invention may be used to treat urinary disorders.

25

20

5

10

Summary of the Invention

This invention provides a compound having the structure:

$$\begin{array}{c} A \\ R_1 - X \\ R_3 \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} A \\ \\ N - H \\ \\ R_2 \end{array}$$

wherein R_1 is hydrogen, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl, monofluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl, wherein the aryl or heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one or more -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -CN, -NO₂, -CH₃, -CF₃, -COR₂, -CO₂R₂, phenyl, phenoxy or straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl;

wherein R_2 is straight-chained or branched C_3 - C_4 alkyl or cyclopropyl;

- wherein R_3 is aryl or heteroaryl, wherein the aryl or heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one or more -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -CN, $-NO_2$, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl;
- wherein A is -H, -F, -Cl, -Br, -CN, -NO₂, -COR₃, -CO₂R₃, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl, monofluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl;

wherein X is O or NH; and

wherein n is an integer from 0 to 5 inclusive.

In one embodiment, R_1 is aryl optionally substituted with one or more -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -CN, -NO₂, -COR₂, -CO₂R₂, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl;

5 wherein R₃ is phenyl;

wherein A is H; and

wherein X is O.

10

In one embodiment, R_2 is isopropyl.

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

In one embodiment, compound has the structure:

In one embodiment, R_1 is hydrogen, straight chained or branched $C_1\text{-}C_7$ alkyl; and wherein R_3 is aryl.

In one embodiment, R_2 is isopropyl; and A is hydrogen.

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

5

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ &$$

The present invention also provides a compound having the structure:

10

wherein R_1 is aryl or heteroaryl optionally substituted with one or more -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -CN, -NO₂, -OCH₃, phenoxy, fused cyclopentanyl, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl, monofluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl;

wherein R_2 is straight-chained or branched $C_1\text{-}C_4$ alkyl or cyclopropyl;

20

wherein A is -H, -F, -Cl, - Br, -CN, -NO₂, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl, monofluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl; and

5 wherein n is an integer from 1 to 5 inclusive.

In one embodiment, R_1 is aryl optionally substituted with one or more -F, -Cl, -Br, -I or straight chained or branched $C_1\text{-}C_4$ alkyl; and

10

wherein A is H.

In one embodiment, R_2 is isopropyl; and

wherein n is 2.

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

5

In one embodiment, R_1 is thienyl; and wherein A is H.

In one embodiment, R_2 is isopropyl.

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

The invention provides a compound having the structure:

15 wherein W is

$$\mathbb{R}_{1}$$

or

$$A$$
 $X-Y$

wherein each R_1 is independently hydrogen, methyl or ethyl;

wherein R_2 is straight- chained or branched C_3 - C_4 alkyl or cyclopropyl;

wherein R_3 is hydrogen, aryl or heteroaryl, wherein the aryl or heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one or more -H, -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -CN, -NO₂, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl.

wherein each A is independently -H, -F, -Cl, -Br, -CN, $-NO_2, -COR_3, -CO_2R_3, \text{ straight chained or branched } C_1-C_7$ alkyl, monofluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl;

wherein X is O, NR3, CO or may be absent; and

- wherein Y is hydrogen, aryl or heteroaryl, wherein the aryl or heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one or more -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -CN, $-NO_2$, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl.
- 20 In one embodiment, W is

$$H \xrightarrow{A} X - Y$$

and wherein X is O or may be absent.

In one embodiment, R₂ is isopropyl.

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

5

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

10

In one embodiment, W is

$$\mathbb{R}_{1}$$

In one embodiment, A is -H, -F, -Cl, -Br.

In one embodiment, R_2 is isopropyl; and A is hydrogen.

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

This invention provides a compound having the structure:

5

wherein W is

10

15

wherein R_1 is hydrogen, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl, aryl or heteroaryl, wherein the aryl or heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one or more -F, -Cl, -Br, -CN, $-NO_2$, $-OCH_3$, $-CO_2CH_3$, $-CF_3$, phenyl, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl;

straight chained of branched C1-C7 arkyr,

wherein R_2 is straight-chained or branched $C_3\text{-}C_4$ alkyl or cyclopropyl;

20

wherein A is -H, -F, -Cl, -Br, -CN, -NO₂, -COR₁, -CO₂R₁, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl, monofluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl or phenýl.

wherein each B is independently -H, -F, -Cl, -Br, -I,

-CN, -NO₂, -COR₁, -CO₂R₁, - OCH₃, -OCF₃, -CF₃, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl, monofluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl or aryl, phenoxy or benzyloxy, wherein the aryl, phenoxy or benzyloxy is optionally substituted with one or more -F, -Cl, -Br, -CN, -NO₂, -COR₁, -CO₂R₁, -OCH₃, -OCF₃, -CF₃ or straight chained or branched Cl -C3 alkyl

In one embodiment, W is

10

5

In one embodiment, R_1 is hydrogen or phenyl optionally substituted with one or more -F, -Cl, -Br, -CN, -NO₂, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl.

15

In one embodiment, R_2 is isopropyl.

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

20

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

This invention provides a compound having the structure:

$$R_3$$
 R_4
 R_4
 R_2
 R_4
 R_2

5

10

wherein R_1 is hydrogen, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl, aryl or heteroaryl, wherein the aryl or heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one or more -F, -Cl, -Br, -CN, $-NO_2$, $-CF_3$, $-OCH_3$, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_3 alkyl;

wherein R_2 is straight-chained or branched C_3 - C_4 alkyl or cyclopropyl;

- wherein R_3 is -H, -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -CN, -NO₂, -CF₃, -OCH₃, or straight chained or branched C_1 - C_3 alkyl, monofluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl, or a phenyl ring fused to C_6 and C_7 of the indole moiety;
- wherein R_4 is hydrogen or aryl optionally substituted with one or more -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -CN, -NO₂, -CF₃, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_3 alkyl;

wherein A is -H, -F, -Cl, -Br, -CN, $-NO_2$, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl, monofluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl; and

5

wherein n is an integer from 2 to 4 inclusive.

In one embodiment, R_3 is -H, -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -CN, -NO₂, -OCF₃ or -OCH₃; and

10

wherein R_4 is hydrogen or phenyl optionally substituted with one or more -F, -Cl or $-CF_3$.

In one embodiment, R_1 is hydrogen or phenyl optionally substituted with one or more -F, -Cl, -Br, -CN, -NO $_2$, 15 -CF $_3$, -OCH $_3$ or straight chained or branched C_1 - C_3 alkyl;

In one embodiment, R_2 is isopropyl.

20

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

5

This invention provides a compound having the structure:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ R_1 & R_3 & & \\ \hline O & & N-X & \\ \hline O & & & \\ & & & \\ \hline \end{array}$$

10

wherein each R_1 is independently hydrogen or CH_3 ;

wherein R_2 is straight-chained or branched $C_1\text{-}C_4$ alkyl or cyclopropyl;

15

wherein R_3 is benzyl or phenyl, wherein the benzyl or phenyl is optionally substituted with a methylenenedioxy group or one or more -F or -Cl;

wherein A is -H, -F, -Cl, - Br, -CN, -NO₂, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl, monofluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl;

5 wherein X is (CH₂)₂, COCH₂ or CONH;

In one embodiment, R_3 is phenyl optionally substituted with one or more $-F;\ \mbox{and}$

10 wherein A is hydrogen.

In one embodiment, X is CONH.

In one embodiment, R_2 is methyl.

15

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

$$\begin{array}{c} F \\ R_1 \\ N-X \\ O \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} N-H \\ O \end{array}$$

20

wherein each Y is independently hydrogen or -F.

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

5

In one embodiment, R_3 is benzyl optionally substituted with a methylenedioxy group or one or more -F or -Cl.

10

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

$$\begin{array}{c} F \\ Y \\ R_1 \\ \hline \\ O \\ O \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} N-X \\ O \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} N-H \\ O \\ \end{array}$$

15

wherein each Y is independently hydrogen or -F.

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

In one embodiment, the compound is enantiomerically pure.

In one embodiment, the compound is diastereomerically pure.

In one embodiment, the compound is enantiomerically and diastereomerically pure.

15

20

25

This invention also provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically amount of a compound of the invention and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

In one embodiment, the amount of the compound is from about 0.01mg to about 500mg.

In one embodiment, the amount of the compound is from about 0.1mg to about 60mg.

In one embodiment, the amount of the compound is from about 1mg to about 20mg.

In one embodiment, the pharmaceutical composition consists of a carrier which is a liquid and the composition is a solution.

In one embodiment, the pharmaceutical composition consists of a carrier which is a solid and the composition is a tablet.

In one embodiment, the pharmaceutical composition consists of a carrier which is a gel and the composition is a suppository.

The invention also provides a process for making a pharmaceutical composition comprising admixing a therapeutically effective amount of the compound of any of the invention and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

This invention also provides the method of treating a subject suffering from a disorder selected from the group consisting of depression, anxiety, urge incontinence, or obesity comprising administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of the compound of the invention.

25

15

In one embodiment, the therapeutically effective amount is between about 0.03 and about 1000 mg per day.

In one embodiment, the therapeutically effective amount is between about 0.30 and about 300 mg per day.

In one embodiment, the therapeutically effective amount is between about 1.0 and about 100 mg per day.

In one embodiment, the disorder is depression.

In one embodiment, the disorder is anxiety.

5

In one embodiment, the disorder is obesity.

In one embodiment, the disorder is urge incontinence.

The invention provides the method of reducing the body mass of a subject, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of the invention effective to reduce the body mass of the subject.

The invention provides the method of treating a subject suffering from depression, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of any of claims of the invention effective to treat the subject's depression.

20

The invention provides the method of treating a subject suffering from anxiety, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of the invention effective to treat the subject's anxiety.

25

30

The invention provides the method of alleviating urge urinary incontinence in a subject suffering from an overactive bladder, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of the compound of the invention effective to alleviate the subject's urge urinary incontinence.

The invention provides the method of managing obesity in a subject in need of weight loss, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of the invention effective to induce weight loss in the subject.

5

10

15

25

The invention provides the method of managing obesity in a subject who has experienced weight loss, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of the invention effective to maintain such weight loss in the subject.

The invention provides the method of treating overactive bladder in a subject, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of any of the invention effective to treat the subject's overactive bladder.

The invention provides the method of treating a disorder in a subject, wherein the symptoms of the subject can be alleviated by treatment with an MCH1 antagonist, wherein the MCH1 antagonist is the compound of the invention.

The invention provides the method of alleviating the symptoms of a disor4der in a subject, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of an MCH1 antagonist effective to alleviate the symptoms, wherein the MCH1 antagonist is the compound of the invention.

Detailed Description of the Invention

This invention provides a compound having the structure:

5

$$V = \begin{bmatrix} R & V & R_6 \\ In & N & R_5 \end{bmatrix}$$
, or

wherein each V is independently phthalimide, aryl, phenoxy or heteroaryl, wherein the aryl, phenoxy or heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one or more F; C1; Br; I; COR_5 ; CO_2R_5 ; $-OCOR_5$; $-CON(R_5)_2$; $-N(R_5)COR_5$; CN; $-NO_2$; $-N(R_5)_2$; $-OR_5$; $-SR_5$; $(CH_2)_qOR_5$; $(CH_2)_qR_5$; $(CH_2)_qSR_5$; $C_1 - C_7$ alkyl, branched chained or straight aminoalkyl, monofluoroalkyl, polyfluoroalkyl, carboxamidoalkyl; straight chained or branched C_2 - C_7 alkenyl, C2-C7 alkynyl; aryl; phenoxy; C3-C7 cycloalkyl, polyfluorocycloalkyl monofluorocycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl;

wherein each W is independently aryl or heteroaryl, wherein the aryl or heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one or more F; Cl; Br; I; COR3; -OCOR3; CO2R3; -CON(R3)2; -N(R3)COR3; CN; -NO2; -N(R3)2; -OR3; -SR3; (CH2)qOR3; (CH2)qSR3; straight chained or branched C1-C7 alkyl, monofluoroalkyl, polyfluoroalkyl, aminoalkyl, or carboxamidoalkyl; straight chained or branched C2-C7 alkenyl, C2-C7 alkynyl; aryl; phenoxy; C3-C7 cycloalkyl, monofluorocycloalkyl, polyfluorocycloalkyl or cycloalkenyl;

25

5

wherein X is hydrogen or - OR_3 , provided that when X is $-OR_3$ the V geminal to X cannot be phthalimide;

wherein Y is hydrogen, =O (carbonyl oxygen), OR₃, OV, COV, =NNHV, =NNR₅, NZR₅, NZV, NCONV (ureas), NCONR₅, NR₃, carbazole, indole or phthalimide;

wherein each R is independently -H; -F; straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl, monofluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl; straight chained or branched C_2 - C_7 alkenyl or alkynyl; -N(R₃)₂; -NO₂; -CN; -CO₂R₃; -OCOR₃; -OR₃; or -N(R₃) COR₃; -CON(R₃)₂;

10

wherein each R_3 is independently -H; straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl, monofluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl; straight chained or branched C_2 - C_7 alkenyl or alkynyl; C_3 - C_7 cycloalkyl, monofluorocycloalkyl, polyfluorocycloalkyl or cycloalkenyl;

wherein each R_5 is -H; -NO₂; -N₃; -CN; straight chained 20 monofluoroalkyl alkyl, branched C₁-C₇ or polyfluoroalkyl; straight chained or branched C2-C7 C3-C7 cycloalkyl, alkynyl; orpolyfluorocycloalkyl monofluorocycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl; $-N(R_3)_2$; $-OR_3$; $-(CH_2)_pOR_3$; $-COR_3$; $-CO_2R_3$; 25 -OCOR₃; -CON(R_3)₂; -N(R_3)COR₃; aryl or heteroaryl, wherein the aryl or heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one or more F; Cl; Br; I; COR_6 ; CO_2R_3 ; $-OCOR_3$; $-CON(R_3)_2$; $-N(R_3)COR_3$; $CN; -NO_2; -N(R_3)_2; -OR_6$; $-SR_6$; (CH₂)_qOR6; $(CH_2)_qSR_6$; straight chained or branched C_1-C_7 alkyl, 30 monofluoroalkyl, polyfluoroalkyl, aminoalkyl, carboxamidoalkyl; straight chained or branched C_2 - C_7 C_2-C_7 alkynyl; C_3-C_7 cycloalkyl, alkenyl,

monofluorocycloalkyl,
cycloalkenyl;

wherein R_6 is -H; straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 monofluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl; straight alkyl, 5 chained or branched C_2 - C_7 alkenyl or alkynyl; C_3 - C_7 monofluorocycloalkyl, polyfluorocycloalkyl cycloalkyl, or cycloalkenyl; $-N(R_3)_2$; $-OR_3$; $-(CH_2)_pOR_3$; $-COR_3$; $-CO_2R_3$; $-OCOR_3$; $-CON(R_3)_2$; $-N(R_3)COR_3$; aryl, benzyl or heteroaryl, optionally substituted with one or more F; Cl; Br; I; 10 COR_3 ; CO_2R_3 ; $-OCOR_3$; $-CON(R_3)_2$; $-N(R_3)COR_3$, CN; $-NO_2$; $-N(R_3)_2$; $-OR_3$; $-SR_3$; $(CH_2)_qOR_3$; $(CH_2)_qSR_3$; straight chained monofluoroalkyl, $C_1 - C_7$ alkyl, branched orpolyfluoroalkyl, aminoalkyl, or carboxamidoalkyl; aryl; benzyl; straight chained or branched C_2 - C_7 alkenyl, C_2 - C_7 15 monofluorocycloalkyl, $C_3 - C_7$ cycloalkyl, polyfluorocycloalkyl or cycloalkenyl;

wherein Z is CO, SO₂ or SO₂NR₆;

20

wherein each m is independently an integer from 0 to 3 inclusive;

wherein each n is independently an integer from 0 to 5 inclusive;

wherein each p is independently an integer from 1 to 7 inclusive; and

30 wherein q is an integer from 1 to 3 inclusive;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

As used in the present invention, the term "cycloalkyl" includes C_3 - C_7 cycloalky moities which may be substituted with one or more of the following: F; CN; -NO₂; straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 monofluoroalkyl, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 polyfluoroalkyl, straight chained or branched C_2 - C_7 alkenyl, straight chained or branched C_2 - C_7 alkenyl, straight chained or branched C_2 - C_7 alkynyl; C_3 - C_7 cycloalkyl, C_3 - C_7 monofluorocycloalkyl, C_3 - C_7 polyfluorocycloalkyl, C_5 - C_7 cycloalkenyl, -N(R₃)₂; -OR₃; -NCOR₃; -COR₃; -CO₂R₃; -CON(R₃)₂ or $(CH_2)_p$ -O- $(CH_3)_m$ -CH₃.

invention, the term "cycloalkenyl" present cycloalkenyl moities which may includes C5-C7 15 substituted with one or more of the following: -F; -Cl; -Br, -I; CN; -NO2; straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl, straight chained or branched C₁-C₇ monofluoroalkyl, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 polyfluoroalkyl, straight chained or branched C2-C7 20 alkenyl, straight chained or branched C2-C7 alkynyl; C3-C7 monofluorocycloalkyl, cycloalkyl, . C₃-C₇ polyfluorocycloalkyl, C₅-C₇ cycloalkenyl, -N(R₃)₂; -OR₃; -NCOR₃; -COR₃; -CO₂R₃; -CON(R₃)₂ or (CH₂)_p-O-(CH₃)_m-CH₃.

25

30

5

10

As used in the present invention, the term "heteroaryl" is used to include five and six membered unsaturated rings that may contain one or more oxygen, sulfur, or nitrogen atoms. Examples of heteroaryl groups include, but are not limited to, furanyl, thienyl, pyrrolyl, oxazolyl, thiazolyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, isoxazolyl, isothiazolyl, oxadiazolyl, triazzolyl, thiadiazolyl,

pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, and triazinyl.

In addition, the term "heteroaryl" is used to include fused bicyclic ring systems that may contain one or more and nitrogen. sulfur oxygen, heteroatoms such as Examples of such heteroaryl groups include, but are not isoindolyl, indolyl, indolizinyl, to, limited benzo[b] thiophenyl, indazolyl, benzo[b] furanyl, benzimidazolyl, purinyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, 10 benzo[b]thiazolyl, imidazo[2,1-b]thiazolyl, cinnolinyl, 1,8-naphthyridinyl, quinoxalinyl, quinazolinyl, pteridinyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, phthalimidyl and 2,1,3-benzothiazolyl.

15

term "heteroaryl" also includes those chemical moieties recited above which may be substituted with one or more of the following: -F; -Cl; -Br, -I; CN; -NO $_2$; straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl, straight chained or branched C1-C7 monofluoroalkyl, straight 20 branched C₁-C₇ polyfluoroalkyl, straight chained or chained or branched C_2 - C_7 alkenyl, straight chained or C_3-C_7 cycloalkyl, branched C₂-C₇ alkynyl; monofluorocycloalkyl, C_3-C_7 polyfluorocycloalkyl, C_5-C_7 cycloalkenyl, $-N(R_3)_2$; $-OR_3$; $-NCOR_3$; $-COR_3$; $-CO_2R_3$; 25 $CON(R_3)_2$ or $(CH_2)_p$ -O- $(CH_3)_m$ -CH₃.

In still another embodiment of the above described invention, the compound has the structure:

5

In a further embodiment of the instant invention, R_6 is straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl; C_3 - C_7 cycloalkyl; $-N(R_3)_2$; $-OR_3$; $-(CH_2)_pOR_3$; aryl, benzyl or heteroaryl, optionally substituted with one or more F; Cl; Br; I; $-OR_3$; $-(CH_2)_qOR_3$; or straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl.

15

In an embodiment of the present invention, the compound has the structure:

In a further embodiment of the present invention, at least one V is phenyl optionally substituted with one or more F; Cl; Br; $-OR_3$; $(CH_2)_qOR_3$; straight chained or branched C_1-C_7 alkyl; C_1-C_7 polyfluoroalkyl; or phenoxy.

In one embodiment of the present invention, the compound is:

In one embodiment, the compound is:

In one embodiment, the compound is:

In another embodiment of the present invention, the compound has the structure:

$$R_{R}$$
 R_{R}
 R_{R}

In a further embodiment of the present invention, at least one V is phenyl optionally substituted with one or more F; Cl; Br; $-OR_3$; $(CH_2)_qOR_3$; straight chained or branched C_1-C_7 alkyl; C_1-C_7 polyfluoroalkyl; or phenoxy.

In another embodiment of the present invention, the compound is

10

In a further embodiment of the present invention, the compound has the structure:

In another embodiment of the present invention, at least one V is phenyl optionally substituted with one or more F; Cl; Br; $-OR_3$; $-COR_3$; $(CH_2)_qOR_3$; straight chained or branched C_1-C_7 alkyl; C_1-C_7 polyfluoroalkyl; aryl or phenoxy.

10

In yet another embodiment of the present invention, the compound is

5 In one embodiment, the compound is

5

In an embodiment of the present invention, the compound has the structure:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R & & & \\
\hline
N & & \\
\hline
N & & \\
R & & \\
\end{array}$$
or

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & &$$

10

15

In a further embodiment of the present invention, at least one V is phenyl optionally substituted with one or more F; Cl; Br; $-OR_3$; $(CH_2)_qOR_3$; straight chained or branched C_1-C_7 alkyl; C_1-C_7 polyfluoroalkyl; or phenoxy.

In yet another embodiment of the present invention, the compound is

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

10

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

5

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

10

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

15

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

In an additional embodiment of the present invention, Y is hydrogen and V is phthalimide.

5

15

In an additional embodiment of the present invention, R_6 is straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl; C_3 - C_7 cycloalkyl; $-N(R_3)_2$; $-OR_3$; $-(CH_2)_pOR_3$; aryl, benzyl or heteroaryl, optionally substituted with one or more F; Cl; Br; I; $-OR_3$; $-(CH_2)_qOR_3$; or straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl.

In a further embodiment of the present invention, the compound is

$$\begin{array}{c|c} R & & H \\ \hline \\ N & R \\ \hline \\ NH \\ V \\ \end{array}$$

In one embodiment of the compound, at least one V is phenyl or heteroaryl optionally substituted with one or more F; Cl; Br; I; R_5 ; $-OR_5$; $-(CH_2)_qOR_5$; $-(CH_2)_qR_5$; straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl; C_1 - C_7 monoflouroalkyl or polyflouroalkyl; or phenoxy.

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

$$R_5 \xrightarrow{N} R$$

$$R_6 \xrightarrow{R} R_6$$

In one embodiment of the compound, V is phenyl which is optionally substituted with one or more F; Cl; Br; $-OR_5$; $-(CH_2)_qOR_5$; $-(CH_2)_qR_5$; straight chained or branched C_1-C_7 alkyl; C_1-C_7 monoflouroalkyl or polyflouroalkyl; or phenoxy.

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

15

$$\underset{R}{\underbrace{\underset{N}{\overset{H}{\bigvee}_{n}}}} \underset{R}{\overset{H}{\bigvee}_{n}} \underset{R}{\overset{H}{\overset{H}{\bigvee}_{n}} \underset{R}{\overset{H}{\bigvee}_{n}} \underset{R}{\overset{H}{\overset{H}{\bigvee}_{n}} \underset{R}{\overset{H}{\bigvee}_{n}} \underset{R}{\overset{H}{\bigvee}_{n}} \underset{R}{\overset{H}{\bigvee}_{n}} \underset{R}{\overset{H}{\bigvee}_{n}} \underset{R}{\overset{H}$$

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:,

$$R_5$$
 R_5
 R_6

In one embodiment of the compound, R_5 is straight chained or branched C_1-C_7 alkyl; C_3-C_7 cycloalkyl;

 $-N\left(R_{6}\right)_{2}; \ -OR_{6}; \ -\left(CH_{2}\right)_{q}OR_{6}; \ -CH\left(R_{6}\right)_{2}; \ -\left(CH_{2}\right)_{q}R_{6} \ ; \ \text{or aryl,}$ benzyl or heteroaryl, wherein the aryl, benzyl or heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one or more F; C1; I; R₆; -N(R₆)₂; -OR₆; -(CH₂)_qOR₆; -(CH₂)_qR₆; or straight chained or branched C₁-C₇ alkyl.

15

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

5

10

In one embodiment of the compound, X is hydrogen and Y is carbazole optionally substituted with one or more F; Cl; Br; R_5 ; $-OR_5$; $-(CH_2)_qOR_5$; $-(CH_2)_qR_5$; straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl; or C_1 - C_7 monoflouroalkyl or polyflouroalkyl; or phenoxy.

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

In one embodiment of the compound, Y is hydrogen and V is an indole, which can be optionally substituted with one or more F; Cl; Br; R_5 ; $-CO_2R_5$; $-OR_5$; $-(CH_2)_qOR_5$; $-(CH_2)_qR_5$; straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl; C_1 - C_7 monoflouroalkyl or polyflouroalkyl; or phenoxy on the 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 or 7 positions.

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

10

5

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

15

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

10

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

5

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

10

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

The present invention provides a compond having the srucuture:

wherein each X is independently O or S;

wherein q is 1 or 2;

5

wherein each R₂ is independently H; -(CH₂)_tXR₃;
-(CH₂)_tC(X)N(R₃)₂; -(CH₂)_tCO₂R₃; -CO₂R₃; straight chained or
branched C₁-C₇ alkyl optionally substituted with
-N(R₃)₂; -CON(R₃)₂ or -N(R₃)C(O)R₃; straight chained or
branched C₂-C₇ alkenyl, or alkynyl; or C₃-C₇ cycloalkyl or
C₅-C₇ cycloalkenyl;

wherein each t is independently an integer from 1 to 4 inclusive;

wherein each R_3 is independently H; straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl, straight chained or branched C_2 - C_7 alkenyl, or alkynyl; or C_3 - C_7 cycloalkyl or C_5 - C_7 cycloalkenyl;

wherein R_4 is aryl, heteroaryl, C_1 - C_7 alkyl substituted with one or two aryl, or C_1 - C_7 alkyl substituted with one or two heteroaryl; wherein the aryl or heteroaryl may be substituted with one or more of F, Cl, Br, I, -CN, -NO₂, -N(R₃)₂, -COR₃, -(CH₂)_nXR₃, -(CH₂)_nC(X)NR₃, -(CH₂)_nN(R₃)C(X)R₃, -(CH₂)_nOCOR₃, straight

chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl, monofluoroalkyl OR polyfluoroalkyl or straight chained or branched C_2 - C_7 aminoalkyl, alkenyl or alkynyl, or C_3 - C_7 cycloalkyl or C_5 - C_7 cycloalkenyl;

wherein each n independently is an integer from 0 to 7 inclusive;

15

20

10

5

wherein R_5 is H; aryl, C_1 - C_7 alkyl substituted with aryl, heteroaryl, or C_1 - C_7 alkyl substituted with heteroaryl; wherein the aryl or heteroaryl may be substituted with one or more of F, Cl, Br, I, -CN, -NO₂, -N(R_3)₂, -COR₃, - (CH₂)_nXR₃, -(CH₂)_nC(X)NR₃, -(CH₂)_nCO₂R₃, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl, monofluoroalkyl, polyfluoroalkyl or carboxamidoalkyl, or straight chained or branched C_2 - C_7 aminoalkyl, alkenyl or alkynyl, or C_3 - C_7 cycloalkyl or C_5 - C_7 cycloalkenyl;

25

where R_5 and one R_2 on adjacent carbon atoms together may form aryl, heteroaryl, indane or tetrahydronaphthyl, C_3 - C_7 cycloalkyl, or heterocycloalkyl wherein one or two heteroatoms may be O, N or S;

30

wherein R₁ is

$$Z = N$$
 R_6
 R_6
 R_7
 R_7
 R_7
 R_7

$$Z = N$$

$$R_{6}$$

$$R_{6}$$

$$R_{7}$$

$$R_{7}$$

$$R_{8}$$

5

10

15

20

independently aryl, phenoxy or wherein each V is heteroaryl, wherein the aryl, phenoxy or heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one or more F; Cl; Br; I; COR_5 ; CO_2R_5 ; $-OCOR_5$; $-CON(R_5)_2$; $-N(R_5)COR_5$; CN; $-NO_2$; - $N(R_5)_2$; $-OR_5$; $-SR_5$; $(CH_2)_qOR_5$; $(CH_2)_qSR_5$; straight chained or branched $C_1\text{-}C_7$ alkyl optionally substituted with - $-N(R_5)C(O)R_3$ or $N(R_3)_2$, straight chained or $CON(R_5)_2$, branched monofluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl, straight branched C_2-C_7 alkenyl, C_2-C_7 alkynyl; chained or C₃-C₇ cycloalkyl, monofluorocycloalkyl, phenoxy; or polyfluorocycloalkyl or cycloalkenyl;

wherein each R_6 is independently H; $(CH_2)_tXR_3$; $(CH_2)_tC(X)NR_3$; $(CH_2)_tN(R_3)C(X)R_3$; $(CH_2)_tCO_2R_3$; $(CH_2)_tOCOR_3$; straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl optionally substituted with $-CON(R_3)_2$ or $-NC(O)R_3$; straight chained or branched C_2 - C_7 alkyl substituted with $-N(R_3)_2$; straight

chained or branched C_2 - C_7 alkenyl or alkynyl; or C_3 - C_7 cycloalkyl or C_5 - C_7 cycloalkenyl;

where each R₇ is independently H; F; Cl; Br; I; -COR₃; - CO_2R_3 ; - $(CH_2)_nXR_3$; - $(CH_2)_nN(R_3)C(O)R_3$; $(CH_2)_nC(X)N(R_3)_2$; -5 $(CH_2)_nCO_2R_3$; -CN; $-NO_2$; $-N(R_3)_2$; straight chained or hydroxyalkyl, aminoalkyl, alkyl, branched C1 - C7 carboxamidoalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, monofluoroalkyl polyfluoroalkyl; straight chained or branched C₂-C₇ alkynyl; $C_3 - C_7$ cycloalkyl, alkenyl or 10 monofluorocycloalkyl, polyfluorocycloalkyl or $C_5 - C_7$ wherein the aminoalkyl, alkyl, cycloalkenyl, carboxamidoalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl or cycloalkenyl may be substituted with one or more aryl or heteroaryl, wherein the aryl or 15 heteroaryl may be substituted with one or more of F, Cl, Br, I, $-(CH_2)_nXR_3$, $-COR_3$, $-(CH_2)_nC(X)N(R_3)_2$, $-(CH_2)_nCQ_2R_3$, -CN, $-NO_2$, $-(CH_2)_RN(R_3)C(O)R_3$; $-N(R_3)_2$, $-SO_2R_3$, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl, monofluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl, straight chained or branched C2-C7 20 C3-C7. cycloalkyl, alkynyl, alkenyl or ormonofluorocycloalkyl, polyfluorocycloalkyl or cycloalkenyl; aryl or heteroaryl, wherein the aryl or heteroaryl may be substituted with one or more of F, Cl, Br, I, $-(CH_2)_nXR_3$, $-COR_3$, $-(CH_2)_nC(X)N(R_3)_2$ 25

- $(CH_2)_nCO_2R_3$, - $(CH_2)_nN(R_3)C(O)R_3$; -CN, - NO_2 , - $N(R_3)_2$, - SO_2R_3 , straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 monofluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl, straight chained or branched C_2 - C_7 alkenyl or alkynyl, or C_3 - C_7 cycloalkyl, monofluorocycloalkyl, polyfluorocycloalkyl or C_5 - C_7 cycloalkenyl;

wherein B is CO, SO₂ or SO₂NR₆;

10

15

20

25

5

wherein R₈ is -H; straight chained or branched C₁-C₇ monofluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl; straight chained or branched C2-C7 alkenyl or alkynyl; C3-C7 cycloalkyl, monofluorocycloalkyl, polyfluorocycloalkyl or cycloalkenyl; $-N(R_3)_2$; $-NR_3C(0)R_3$; $-OR_3$; $-(CH_2)_pOR_3$; - COR_3 ; $-CO_2R_3$; $-OCOR_3$; $-CON(R_3)_2$; aryl or heteroaryl, optionally substituted with one or more F; Cl; Br; I; COR_3 ; CO_2R_3 ; $-OCOR_3$; $-NR_3C(O)R_3$; $-CON(R_3)_2$; CN; $-NO_2$; - $N(R_3)_2$; $-OR_3$; $-SR_3$; $(CH_2)_qOR_3$; $(CH_2)_qSR_3$; straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl optionally substituted with - $CON(R_3)_2$, $-NR_3C(O)R_3$ or $-N(R_3)_2$; straight chained or monofluoroalkyl, polyfluoroalkyl; straight branched chained or branched C_2 - C_7 alkenyl, C_2 - C_7 alkynyl; C_3 - C_7 cycloalkyl, monofluorocycloalkyl, polyfluorocycloalkyl or cycloalkenyl;

wherein each m independently is an integer from 0, to 3 inclusive;

30 wherein Z is

$$R_6$$
 R_6
 R_9
 R_6
 R_9
 R_9
 R_6
 R_9
 R_9

or C_2 - C_7 alkenyl, wherein the C_2 - C_7 alkenyl may be unsubstituted or substituted with one or more R_9 groups;

5

10

wherein each R_9 is independently H; F; C1; Br; I; $-(CH_2)_mXR_3$; $(CH_2)_mC(X)NR_3$; $(CH_2)_mCO_2R_3$; straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl, monofluoroalkyl, polyfluoroalkyl, aminoalkyl, or carboxamidoalkyl; straight chained or branched C_2 - C_7 alkenyl, or alkynyl; or C_3 - C_7 cycloalkyl or C_5 - C_7 cycloalkenyl;

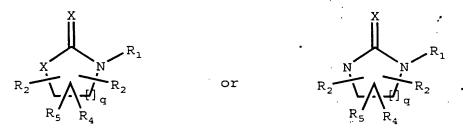
wherein R_{10} is H; $(CH_2)_tXR_3$; $(CH_2)_tC(X)NR_3$; $(CH_2)_tCO_2R_3$; straight chained or branched C_1-C_7 alkyl, carboxamidoalkyl; straight chained or branched C_2-C_7 aminoalkyl, alkenyl, or alkynyl; or C_3-C_7 cycloalkyl or C_5-C_7 cycloalkenyl;

wherein Y is S, O, or NR_{10} ;

wherein each p is independently an integer from 1 to 7 inclusive;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

In a further embodiment of the present invention, the compound has the following structure:



In an additional embodiment of the present invention, the compound has the structure:

5

10

$$R_{2}$$
 R_{2}
 R_{4}
 R_{6}
 R_{6}
 R_{6}
 R_{7}
 R_{8}
 R_{8}

In an additional embodiment of the present invention, the compound has the structure:

$$R_2$$
 R_2
 R_3
 R_4
 R_4
 R_8

In one embodiment of the present invention, Z is:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & R_2 \\
 & R_9
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & R_6 \\
 & R_6
\end{array}$$

In one embodiment of the

present invention, Z is:

In an additional embodiment of the present invention, the compound has the structure:

In one embodiment of the present invention, the compound has the strucuture:

This invention provides a compound having the structure:

$$R_1-X$$
 R_3
 $N-H$
 R_2

wherein R_1 is hydrogen, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl, monofluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl, wherein the aryl or heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one or more -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -CN, -NO₂, -CH₃, -CF₃, -COCH₃, -CO₂R₂, phenyl, phenoxy or straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl;

wherein R_2 is straight-chained or branched C_3 - C_4 alkyl or cyclopropyl;

wherein R_3 is aryl or heteroaryl, wherein the aryl or heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one or more -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -CN, $-NO_2$, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl;

wherein A is -H, -F, -Cl, -Br, -CN, -NO₂, -COR₃, -CO₂R₃, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl, monofluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl;

wherein X is O or NH;

5

10

wherein n is an integer from 0 to 5 inclusive;

In one embodiment, R_1 is aryl optionally substituted with one or more -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -CN, -NO₂, -COCH₃,

 $-CO_2R_2$, straight chained or branched C_1-C_7 alkyl;

wherein R₃ is phenyl;

5 wherein A is H; and

wherein X is O.

In one embodiment, R_2 is isopropyl.

In a preferred embodiment, X is NH, R_1 is alkyl and n is 1 or 2.

In the most preferred embodiment, X is O, R_1 is 3-acetyl phenyl, R_2 is isopropyl, R_3 is phenyl and n is 1.

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

In one embodiment, compound has the structure:

In one embodiment, R_1 is hydrogen, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl; and wherein R_3 is aryl.

In one embodiment, R_2 is isopropyl; and A is hydrogen.

5

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

10

The present invention also provides a compound having the structure:

$$\begin{array}{c} R_1 \\ O \end{array} \begin{array}{c} A \\ C \\ C \\ C \end{array} \begin{array}{c} A \\ C \\ C \\ C \\ C \end{array} \begin{array}{c} A \\ C \\ C \\ C \\ C \\ C \end{array}$$

15

20

wherein R_1 is aryl or neteroaryl optionally substituted with one or more -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -CN, -NO₂, -OCH₃, phenoxy, fused cyclopentanyl, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl, monofluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl;

wherein R_2 is straight-chained or branched C_1 - C_4 alkyl or cyclopropyl;

wherein A is -H, -F, -Cl, -Br, -CN, -NO $_2$, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl, monofluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl; and

wherein n is an integer from 1 to 5 inclusive.

10

In one embodiment, R_1 is aryl optionally substituted with one or more -F, -Cl, -Br, -I or straight chained or branched C_1 - C_4 alkyl; and

15 wherein A is H.

In one embodiment, R_2 is isopropyl; and

wherein n is 2.

20

In a preferred embodiment, n is 2 and R₂ is isopropyl.

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

25

In one embodiment, R_1 is thienyl; and wherein A is H.

In one embodiment, R_2 is isopropyl.

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

10

The invention provides a compound having the structure:

$$A$$
 $O = R_2$

wherein W is

15

$$\mathbb{R}_{1}$$

or

wherein each R_1 is independently hydrogen, methyl or ethyl;

20

wherein R_2 is straight-chained or branched $C_3 - C_4$ alkyl or

wherein R_2 is straight- chained or branched C_3 - C_4 alkyl or cyclopropyl;

wherein R_3 is hydrogen, aryl or heteroaryl, wherein the aryl or heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one or more -H, -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -CN, -NO₂, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl.

wherein each A is independently -H, -F, -Cl, -Br, -CN, $-NO_2, -COR_3, -CO_2R_3, \text{ straight chained or branched } C_1-C_7$ alkyl, monofluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl;

wherein X is O, NR₃, CO or may be absent; and

- wherein Y is hydrogen, aryl or heteroaryl, wherein the aryl or heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one or more -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -CN, -NO₂, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl.
- 20 In one embodiment, W is

and wherein X is O or may be absent.

In one embodiment, R₂ is isopropyl.

5

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

In one embodiment, W is

$$\mathbb{R}_{1}$$

10

In one embodiment, A is -H, -F, -Cl, -Br.

In one embodiment, R_2 is isopropyl; and A is hydrogen.

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

This invention provides a compound having the structure:

$$\begin{array}{c} A \\ = | = \\ O = \\ R_2 \end{array}$$

5 wherein W is

10

15

wherein R_1 is hydrogen, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl, aryl or heteroaryl, wherein the aryl or heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one or more -F, -Cl, -Br, -CN, $-NO_2$, $-OCH_3$, $-CO_2CH_3$, $-CF_3$, phenyl, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl;

wherein R_2 is straight-chained or branched $C_3\text{-}C_4$ alkyl or cyclopropyl;

wherein A is -H, -F, -Cl, -Br, -CN, -NO₂, -COR₁, -CO₂R₁, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl, monofluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl or phenyl.

wherein each B is independently -H, -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -CN, -NO₂, -COR₁, -CO₂R₁, -OCH₃, -OCF₃, -CF₃, straight chained or branched C₁-C₇ alkyl, monofluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl or aryl, phenoxy or benzyloxy, wherein the aryl, phenoxy or benzyloxy is optionally substituted with one or more -F, -Cl, -Br, -CN, -NO₂, -COR₁, -CO₂R₁;

 $-OCH_3$, $-OCF_3$, $-CF_3$ or straight chained or branched C1 -C3 alkyl

In one embodiment, W is

$$\bigcup_{N=1}^{B}$$

5

In one embodiment, R_1 is hydrogen or phenyl optionally substituted with one or more -F, -Cl, -Br, -CN, -NO₂, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl.

10

In one embodiment, R_2 is isopropyl.

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

This invention provides a compound having the structure:

$$R_3$$
 R_4
 R_4
 R_2
 R_4
 R_4

wherein R_1 is hydrogen, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl, aryl or heteroaryl, wherein the aryl or heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one or more -F, -Cl, -Br, -CN, $-NO_2$, $-CF_3$, $-OCH_3$, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_3 alkyl;

wherein R_2 is straight-chained or branched C_3 - C_4 alkyl or cyclopropyl;

10

25

wherein R₃ is -H, -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -CN, -NO₂, -CF₃,

-OCH₃, or straight chained or branched C₁-C₃ alkyl,

monofluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl, or a phenyl ring

fused to C₆ and C₇ of the indole moiety;

wherein R_4 is hydrogen or aryl optionally substituted with one or more -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -CN, -NO₂, -CF₃, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_3 alkyl;

wherein A is -H, -F, -Cl, -Br, -CN, -NO₂, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl, monofluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl; and

wherein n is an integer from 2 to 4 inclusive.

In one embodiment, R_3 is - H, -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -CN, - NO_2 , -OCF $_3$ or -OCH $_3$; and

wherein R_4 is hydrogen or phenyl optionally substituted with one or more -F, -Cl or $-CF_3$.

In one embodiment, R_1 is hydrogen or phenyl optionally substituted with one or more -F, -Cl, -Br, -CN, -NO₂, -CF₃, -OCH₃ or straight chained or branched C_1 - C_3 alkyl;

In one embodiment, R_2 is isopropyl.

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

15

5

10

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

This invention provides a compound having the structure:

5 wherein each R₁ is independently hydrogen or CH₃;

wherein R_2 is straight-chained or branched $C_1\text{-}C_4$ alkyl or cyclopropyl;

wherein R_3 is benzyl or phenyl, wherein the benzyl or phenyl is optionally substituted with a methylenenedioxy group or one or more -F or -Cl;

wherein A is -H, -F, -Cl, -Br, -CN, -NO₂, straight chained or branched C_1 - C_7 alkyl, monofluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl;

wherein X is (CH₂)₂, COCH₂ or CONH;

In one embodiment, R_3 is phenyl optionally substituted with one or more -F; and

wherein A is hydrogen.

15

25

In one embodiment, X is CONH.

In one embodiment, R2 is methyl.

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & F \\
 & R_1 \\
 & O \\
 & O$$

wherein each Y is independently hydrogen or -F.

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

In one embodiment, R_3 is benzyl optionally substituted with a methylenedioxy group or one or more ${\mbox{-F}}$ or ${\mbox{-Cl}}$.

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

$$\begin{array}{c} F \\ Y \\ R_1 \\ \hline \\ O \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} N \\ -X \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} N \\ -X \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} N \\ -X \\ \end{array}$$

wherein each Y is independently hydrogen or -F.

In one embodiment, the compound has the structure:

In one embodiment, the compound is enantiomerically pure.

15 In one embodiment, the compound is diastereomerically pure.

In one embodiment, the compound is enantiomerically and diastereomerically pure.

This invention also provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically amount of a

20

compound of the invention and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

In one embodiment, the amount of the compound is from about 0.01mg to about 500mg.

In one embodiment, the amount of the compound is from about 0.1mg to about 60mg.

In one embodiment, the amount of the compound is from about 1mg to about 20mg.

In one embodiment, the pharmaceutical composition consists of a carrier which is a liquid and the composition is a solution.

In one embodiment, the pharmaceutical composition consists of a carrier which is a solid and the composition is a tablet.

20

15

In one embodiment, the pharmaceutical composition consists of a carrier which is a gel and the composition is a suppository.

The invention also provides a process for making a pharmaceutical composition comprising admixing a therapeutically effective amount of the compound of any of the invention and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

30

This invention also provides the method of treating a subject suffering from a disorder selected from the group consisting of depression, anxiety, urge

incontinence, or obesity comprising administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of the compound of the invention.

In one embodiment, the therapeutically effective amount is between about 0.03 and about 1000 mg per day.

In one embodiment, the therapeutically effective amount is between about 0.30 and about 300 mg per day.

10

In one embodiment, the therapeutically effective amount is between about 1.0 and about 100 mg per day.

In one embodiment, the disorder is depression.

15

25

30

In one embodiment, the disorder is anxiety.

In one embodiment, the disorder is obesity.

In one embodiment, the disorder is urge incontinence.

The invention provides the method of reducing the body mass of a subject, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of the invention effective to reduce the body mass of the subject.

The invention provides the method of treating a subject suffering from depression, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of any of claims of the invention effective to treat the subject's depression.

The invention provides the method of treating a subject suffering from anxiety, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of the invention effective to treat the subject's anxiety.

5

10

15

20

The invention provides the method of alleviating urge urinary incontinence in a subject suffering from an overactive bladder, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of the compound of the invention effective to alleviate the subject's urge urinary incontinence.

The invention provides the method of managing obesity in a subject in need of weight loss, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of the invention effective to induce weight loss in the subject.

The invention provides the method of managing obesity in a subject who has experienced weight loss, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of the invention effective to maintain such weight loss in the subject.

25 The invention provides the method of treating overactive bladder in a subject, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of any of the invention effective to treat the subject's overactive bladder.

30

The invention provides the method of treating a disorder in a subject, wherein the symptoms of the subject can be

alleviated by treatment with an MCH1 antagonist, wherein the MCH1 antagonist is the compound of the invention.

The invention provides the method of alleviating the symptoms of a disor4der in a subject, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of an MCH1 antagonist effective to alleviate the symptoms, wherein the MCH1 antagonist is the compound of the invention

10

15

As used in the present invention, the term "heteroaryl" is used to include five and six membered unsaturated rings that may contain one or more oxygen, sulfur, or nitrogen atoms. Examples of heteroaryl groups include, but are not limited to, carbazole, furanyl, thienyl, pyrrolyl, oxazolyl, thiazolyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, isoxazolyl, isothiazolyl, oxadiazolyl, triazolyl, thiadiazolyl, pyridyl, pyridazinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, and triazinyl.

20

25

30

In addition, the term "heteroaryl" is used to include fused bicyclic ring systems that may contain one or more oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen. such as heteroatoms Examples of such heteroaryl groups include, but are not indolizinyl, indolyl, isoindolyl, limited to, benzo[b]furanyl, benzo[b]thiophenyl, indazolyl, benzimidazolyl, purinyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, benzo[b]thiazolyl, imidazo[2,1-b]thiazolyl, cinnolinyl, quinoxalinyl, quinazolinyl, 1,8-naphthyridinyl, pteridinyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, phthalimidyl and 2,1,3-benzothiazolyl.

The term "heteroaryl" also includes those chemical moieties recited above which may be substituted with one or more of the following: -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, CN, $-NO_2$, straight chained or branched C1-C7 alkyl, straight branched C_1 - C_7 monofluoroalkyl, straight chained or branched C₁-C₇ polyfluoroalkyl, straight chained or chained or branched C2-C7 alkenyl, straight chained or C_3-C_7 cycloalkyl, $C_3 - C_7$ branched $C_2 - C_7$ alkynyl; monofluorocycloalkyl, C₃-C₇ polyfluorocycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl,

The term "heteroaryl" further includes the N-oxides of those chemical moieties recited above which include at least one nitrogen atom.

In the present invention, the term "aryl" is phenyl or naphthyl.

The invention provides for each pure stereoisomer of any of the compounds described herein. Such stereoisomers 20 may include enantiomers, diastereomers, or E or Z alkene The invention also provides for or imine isomers. stereoisomeric mixtures, including racemic mixtures, mixtures, or E/Zisomeric mixtures. diastereomeric Stereoisomers can be synthesized in pure form (Nógrádi, 25 M.; Stereoselective Synthesis, (1987) VCH Editor Ebel, Asymmetric Synthesis, Volumes 3 B 5, (1983) H. and Academic Press, Editor Morrison, J.) or they can be resolved by a variety of methods such as crystallization and chromatographic techniques (Jaques, J.; Collet, A.; 30 Wilen, S.; Enantiomer, Racemates, and Resolutions, 1981,

15

10

5

John Wiley and Sons and <u>Asymmetric Synthesis</u>, Vol. 2, 1983, Academic Press, Editor Morrison, J).

In addition the compounds of the present invention may be present as enantiomers, diasteriomers, isomers or two or more of the compounds may be present to form a racemic or diastereomeric mixture.

The compounds of the present invention are preferably 80% pure, more preferably 90% pure, and most preferably Included in this invention 95% pure. pharmaceutically acceptable salts and complexes of all of the compounds described herein. The acids and bases from which these salts are prepared include but are not limited to the acids and bases listed herein. The acids include, but are not limited to, the following inorganic acids: hydrochloric acid, hydrobromic acid, hydroiodic acid, sulfuric acid and boric acid. The acids include, but are not limited to, the following organic acids: acetic acid, malonic acid, succinic acid, fumaric acid, tartaric acid, maleic acid, citric acid, methanesulfonic acid, benzoic acid, glycolic acid, lactic acid and The bases include, but are not limited mandelic acid. propylamine, methylamine, ethylamine, ammonia, trimethylamine, diethylamine, dimethylamine, ethylenediamine, hydroxyethylamine, triethylamine, morpholine, piperazine and guanidine. This invention further provides for the hydrates and polymorphs of all of the compounds described herein.

30

5

10

15

20

25

The present invention includes within its scope prodrugs of the compounds of the invention. In general, such prodrugs will be functional derivatives of the compounds

of the invention which are readily convertible in vivo into the required compound. Thus, in the present invention, the term "administering" shall encompass the treatment of the various conditions described with the compound specifically disclosed or with a compound which may not be specifically disclosed, but which converts to the specified compound in vivo after administration to the patient. Conventional procedures for the selection and preparation of suitable prodrug derivatives are described, for example, in Design of Prodrugs, ed. H. Bundgaard, Elsevier, 1985.

5

10

15

20

25

30

The present invention further includes metabolites of the compounds of the present invention. Metabolites include active species produced upon introduction of compounds of this invention into the biological milieu.

a pharmaceutical This invention further provides comprising a therapeutically effective composition compound of the invention amount of the pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. In one embodiment, the amount of the compound is from about 0.01 mg to about 800 mg. In another embodiment, the amount of the compound is from about 0.01 mg to about 500 mg. another embodiment, the amount of the compound is from about 0.1 mg to about 250 mg. In another embodiment, the amount of the compound is from about 0.1 mg to about In yet another embodiment, the amount of the 60 mg. compound is from about 1 mg to about 20 mg. further embodiment, the carrier is a liquid and the composition is a solution. In another embodiment, the carrier is a solid and the composition is a tablet. In another embodiment, the carrier is a gel and the composition is a capsule, suppository or a cream. In a further embodiment the compound may be formulated as a part of a pharmaceutically acceptable transdermal patch. In yet a further embodiment, the compound may be delivered to the subject by means of a spray or inhalant.

5

10

15

20

25

30

This invention also provides a pharmaceutical composition made by combining a therapeutically effective amount of the compound of this invention and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

This invention provides a process for making a pharmaceutical composition comprising combining a therapeutically effective amount of the compound of this invention and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

A solid carrier can include one or more substances which may also act as endogenous carriers (e.g. nutrient or micronutrient carriers), flavoring agents, lubricants, glidants, suspending agents, fillers, solubilizers, binders or tablet-disintegrating compression aids, agents; it can also be an encapsulating material. powders, the carrier is a finely divided solid which is in admixture with the finely divided active ingredient. tablets, the active ingredient is mixed with a carrier having the necessary compression properties in suitable proportions and compacted in the shape and size The powders and tablets preferably contain up to 99% of the active ingredient. Suitable solid carriers example, calcium phosphate, magnesium include, for talc, sugars, lactose, dextrin, stearate;

gelatin, cellulose, polyvinylpyrrolidine, low melting waxes and ion exchange resins.

preparing solutions, used in carriers are Liquid suspensions, emulsions, syrups, elixirs and pressurized 5 The active ingredient can be dissolved or compositions. pharmaceutically acceptable suspended in a carrier such as water, an organic solvent, a mixture of both or pharmaceutically acceptable oils or fats. liquid carrier can contain other suitable pharmaceutical 10 additives such as solubilizers, emulsifiers, buffers, preservatives, sweeteners, flavoring agents, suspending agents, thickening agents, coloring agents, viscosity Suitable stabilizers or osmoregulators. regulators, examples of liquid carriers for oral and parenteral 15 (partially containing include water administration e.q. cellulose derivatives, above, additives as carboxymethyl cellulose solution), preferably sodium alcohols (including monohydric alcohols and polyhydric alcohols, e.g. glycols) and their derivatives, and oils 20 (e.g. fractionated coconut oil and arachis oil). parenteral administration, the carrier can also be an oily ester such as ethyl oleate or isopropyl myristate. Sterile liquid carriers are useful in sterile liquid form compositions for parenteral administration. 25 liquid carrier for pressurized compositions can be a pharmaceutically halogenated hydrocarbon or other acceptable propellent.

Liquid pharmaceutical compositions which are sterile solutions or suspensions can be utilized by for example, intramuscular, intrathecal, epidural, intraperitoneal or subcutaneous injection. Sterile solutions can also be

administered intravenously. The compounds be prepared as a sterile solid composition which may be dissolved or suspended at the time of administration other appropriate using sterile water, saline, or Carriers are intended to sterile injectable medium. include necessary and inert binders, suspending agents, lubricants, flavorants, sweeteners, preservatives, dyes, The compound can be administered orally and coatings. a sterile solution or suspension form of the or suspending agents (for containing other solutes example, enough saline or glucose to make the solution bile salts, acacia, qelatin, sorbitan isotonic), monoleate, polysorbate 80 (oleate esters of sorbitol and its anhydrides copolymerized with ethylene oxide) and the like.

5

10

15

20

The compound can also be administered orally either in liquid or solid composition form. Compositions suitable for oral administration include solid forms, such as pills, capsules, granules, tablets, and powders, and liquid forms, such as solutions, syrups, elixirs, and suspensions. Forms useful for parenteral administration include sterile solutions, emulsions, and suspensions.

Optimal dosages to be administered may be determined by 25 those skilled in the art, and will vary with the strength use, the the particular compound in administration, mode of preparation, the disease condition. Additional advancement of the the particular subject factors depending on 30 treated will result in a need to adjust dosages, including subject age, weight, gender, diet, and time of administration.

In the subject application a "therapeutically effective amount" is any amount of a compound which, when administered to a subject suffering from a disease against which the compounds are effective, causes reduction, remission, or regression of the disease. In a subject application, a "subject" is a vertebrate, a mammal or a human.

5

This invention provides a method of treating a subject suffering from an abnormality wherein the abnormality is alleviated by decreasing the activity of an MCH1 receptor which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of the invention which is an MCH1 receptor antagonist effective to treat the subject=s abnormality.

In separate embodiments, the abnormality is a regulation or pituitary hormone disorder, steroid gastrointestinal disorder, epinephrine release a 20 cardiovascular disorder, an electrolyte disorder, balance disorder, hypertension, diabetes, a respiratory disorder, asthma, a reproductive function disorder, endocrine disorder, disorder, an immune musculoskeletal disorder, a neuroendocrine disorder, a 25 memory disorder such disorder, a as cognitive sensory modulation and disease, a transmission disorder, a motor coordination disorder, a integration integration disorder, a motor such disorder, a dopaminergic function disorder 30 Parkinson=s disease, a sensory transmission disorder, an olfaction disorder, a sympathetic innervation disorder, an affective disorder such as depression and anxiety, a

stress-related disorder, a fluid-balance disorder, a seizure disorder, pain, psychotic behavior such as schizophrenia, morphine tolerance, opiate addiction, migraine or a urinary disorder such as urinary incontinence.

5

10

15

The following description of depressive and anxiety disorders is for the purpose of illustrating the utility of the compounds of this invention. The definitions of depressive and anxiety disorders given below are those listed in Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental (DSM-IV; American Psychiatric 4th ed. Disorders. Association, 1994a) or Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders. 3rd ed. Revised (DSM-III-R: American Psychiatric Association, 1987). Additional information regarding these disorders can be found in this reference, as well as the others cited below, all of which are incorporated herein by reference.

Depressive disorders include major depressive disorder 20 (American Psychiatric disorder and dysthymic Association, 1994a; American Psychiatric Association, Major depressive disorder is characterized by the occurrence of one or more major depressive episodes without manic or hypomanic episodes. A major depressive 25 prominent and relatively is defined as a episode persistent depressed or dysphoric mood that usually interferes with daily functioning (nearly every day for at least 2 weeks); it should include at least 4 of the following 8 symptoms: change in appetite, change in 30 sleep, psychomotor agitation or retardation, interest in usual activities or decrease in sexual increased fatigue, feelings of guilt ordrive,

slowed thinking or impaired worthlessness, suicidal suicide attempt or concentration, and а ideation (Medical Economics Company, 2002). Dysthymic disorder involves a type of depression that severe enough to be called a major depressive episode, longer than major depressive lasts much but that disorder, without high phases.

5

25

30

It is contemplated that the compounds of this invention will be effective in treating depression in patients who 10 have been diagnosed with depression by administration of any of the following tests: Hamilton Depression Rating Scale (HDRS), Hamilton depressed mood item, Clinical Global Impressions (CGI)-Severity of Illness. further contemplated that the compounds of the invention 15 will be effective in inducing improvements in certain of the factors measured in these tests, such as the HDRS subfactor scores, including the depressed mood item, sleep disturbance factor and anxiety factor, and the CGI-Severity of Illness rating. It is also contemplated 20 that the compounds of this invention will be effective in preventing relapse of major depressive episodes.

Anxiety disorders include panic disorder, agoraphobia with or without history of panic disorder, specific phobia, social phobia, obsessive-compulsive disorder, post-traumatic stress disorder, acute stress disorder and generalized anxiety disorder. It is contemplated that the compounds of this invention will be effective in treating any of all of these disorders in patients who have been diagnosed with these disorders.

compulsive disorder is characterized by recurrent and persistent ideas, thoughts, impulses or are ego-dystonic (obsessions) that and intentional behaviors purposeful repetitive, that are recognized by the person as (compulsions) Psychiatric (American orunreasonable excessive The obsessions or compulsions Association, 1994a). distress, are time-consuming, marked significantly interfere with social or occupational functioning.

5

10

15

20

25

30

It is contemplated that the compounds of this invention will be effective in treating obsessions and compulsions in patients who have been diagnosed with obsessive compulsive disorder by administration of appropriate tests, which may include, but are not limited to any of Yale Brown Obsessive Compulsive, Scale the following: (YBOCS) (Goodman, 1989) (for adults), National Institute of Mental Health Global OCD Scale (NIMH GOCS), CGI-Severity of Illness scale. It is further contemplated that the compounds of the invention will be effective in inducing improvements in certain of the factors measured in these tests, such as a reduction of several points in the YBOCS total score. It is also contemplated that the compounds of this invention will be effective in preventing relapse of obsessive compulsive disorder.

Panic disorder is characterized by recurrent unexpected panic attacks and associated concern about having additional attacks, worry about the implications or consequences of the attacks, and/or a significant change in behavior related to the attacks (American Psychiatric Association, 1994a). A panic attack is defined as a

discrete period of intense fear or discomfort in which (or more) of the following symptoms abruptly and reach a peak within 10 minutes: palpitations, pounding heart, or accelerated heart rate; (2) sweating; (3) trembling or shaking; (4) sensations of shortness of breath or smothering; (5) feeling of choking; (6) chest pain or discomfort; (7) nausea or (8) feeling dizzy, unsteady, distress; abdominal lightheaded, or faint; (9) derealization (feelings of unreality) or depersonalization (being detached from oneself); fear of losing control; (11) fear of dying; (numbness or tingling sensations); paresthesias (13) chills or hot flushes. Panic disorder may or may not be associated with agoraphobia, or an irrational and often disabling fear of being out in public.

5

10

15

20

25

30

It is contemplated that the compounds of this invention will be effective in treating panic disorder in patients who have been diagnosed with panic disorder on the basis of frequency of occurrence of panic attacks, or by means of the CGI-Severity of Illness scale. It is further contemplated that the compounds of the invention will be effective in inducing improvements in certain of the these evaluations, such factors measured in reduction in frequency or elimination of panic attacks, an improvement in the CGI-Severity of Illness scale or a CGI-Global Improvement score of 1 (very much improved), 2 (much improved) or 3 (minimally improved). It is also contemplated that the compounds of this invention will be effective in preventing relapse of panic disorder.

Social anxiety disorder, also known as social phobia, is characterized by a marked and persistent fear of one or

more social or performance situations in which person is exposed to unfamiliar people or to possible scrutiny by others (American Psychiatric Association, feared situation almost Exposure to the 1994a). invariably provokes anxiety, which may approach the intensity of a panic attack. The feared situations are avoided or endured with intense anxiety or distress. The avoidance, anxious anticipation, or distress in the feared situation(s) interferes significantly with the academic normal routine, occupational person's functioning, or social activities or relationships, or there is marked distress about having the phobias. anxiety or shyness Lesser degrees of performance require psychopharmacological do not generally treatment.

5

10

15

20

25

30

It is contemplated that the compounds of this invention will be effective in treating social anxiety disorder in patients who have been diagnosed with social anxiety disorder by administration of any of the following tests: the Liebowitz Social Anxiety Scale (LSAS), the CGI-Severity of Illness scale, the Hamilton Rating Scale for Anxiety (HAM-A), the Hamilton Rating Scale for Depression (HAM-D), the axis V Social and Occupational Functioning Assessment Scale of DSM-IV, the axis II (ICD-10) World Health Organization Disability Assessment, Schedule 2 (DAS-2), the Sheehan Disability Scales, the Schneier Disability Profile, Health Organization Quality of Life-100 (WHOQOL-100), or other tests as described in Bobes, 1998, which by reference. Ιt is further incorporated herein contemplated that the compounds of the invention will be effective in inducing improvements as measured by these

tests, such as the a change from baseline in the Liebowitz Social Anxiety Scale (LSAS), or a CGI- Global Improvement score of 1 (very much improved), 2 (much improved) or 3 (minimally improved). It is also contemplated that the compounds of this invention will be effective in preventing relapse of social anxiety disorder.

5

10

15

20

25

30

anxiety disorder is characterized by Generalized excessive anxiety and worry (apprehensive expectation) that is persistent for at least 6 months and which the person finds difficult to control (American Psychiatric It must be associated with at Association, 1994a). least 3 of the following 6 symptoms: restlessness or feeling keyed up or on edge, being easily fatigued, .blank, difficulty concentrating ormind going irritability, muscle tension, sleep disturbance., The diagnostic criteria for this disorder are described in further detail in DSM-IV, which is incorporated herein by reference (American Psychiatric Association, 1994a).

It is contemplated that the compounds of this invention treating generalized effective in disorder in patients who have been diagnosed with this disorder according to the diagnostic criteria described further contemplated that in DSM-IV. Ιt is compounds of the invention will be effective in reducing this disorder, such as the following: symptoms of excessive worry and anxiety, difficulty controlling worry, restlessness or feeling keyed up or on edge, being easily fatigued, difficulty concentrating or mind going blank, irritability, muscle tension, or disturbance. It is also contemplated that the compounds of this invention will be effective in preventing relapse of general anxiety disorder.

5

10

15

20

25

Post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD), as defined by DSM-III-R/IV (American Psychiatric Association, 1994a), requires Psychiatric Association, American exposure to a traumatic event that involved actual or threatened death or serious injury, or threat to the physical integrity of self or others, and a response which involves intense fear, helplessness, or horror. Symptoms that occur as a result of exposure to the traumatic event include re-experiencing of the event in the form of intrusive thoughts, flashbacks or dreams, and intense psychological distress and physiological reactivity on exposure to cues to the event; avoidance situations reminiscent of the traumatic event, inability to recall details of the event, and/or numbing general responsiveness manifested as diminished interest in significant activities, estrangement from others, restricted range of affect, orsense foreshortened future; and symptoms of autonomic arousal including hypervigilance, exaggerated startle response, disturbance, impaired concentration, irritability or outbursts of anger. A PTSD diagnosis requires that the symptoms are present for at least a and that they cause clinically significant month distress or impairment in social, occupational, or other important areas of functioning.

It is contemplated that the compounds of this invention will be effective in treating PTSD in patients who have been diagnosed with PTSD by administration of any of the following tests: Clinician-Administered PTSD Scale Part

2 (CAPS), the patient-rated Impact of Event Scale (IES) (Medical Economics Company, 2002, p. 2752). It is further contemplated that the compounds of the invention will be effective in inducing improvements in the scores of the CAPS, IES, CGI-Severity of Illness or CGI-Global Improvement tests. It is also contemplated that the compounds of this invention will be effective in preventing relapse of PTSD.

5

embodiment, the subject invention preferred 10 provides a method of treatment or management of the depressive disorders, anxiety following indications: disorders, eating/body weight disorders, and urinary Examples of depressive disorders are major disorders. depressive disorder or dysthymic disorder. Examples of 15 panic disorder, agoraphobia anxiety disorders are without history of panic disorder, specific phobia, social phobia, obsessive-compulsive disorder, posttraumatic stress disorder, acute stress disorder or generalized anxiety disorder. Examples of eating/body 20 weight disorders are obesity, weight gain, bulimia, bulimia nervosa or anorexia nervosa. Examples of urinary disorders include, but are not limited to bladder, incontinence overactive urinary urinary frequency, urinary urgency, 25 incontinence, nocturia or enuresis. Overactive bladder and urinary urgency may or may not be associated with benign prostatic hyperplasia.

This invention provides a method of modifying the feeding behavior of a subject, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of the invention effective to decrease the consumption of

food by the subject. This invention also provides a method of treating an eating disorder in a subject, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of the invention effective to treat the eating disorder. In an embodiment of the present invention, the eating disorder is obesity, bulimia, bulimia nervosa or anorexia nervosa.

5

10

15

20

25

30

The present invention further provides a method reducing the body mass of a subject, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of the invention effective to reduce the body mass of the This invention also provides a method of subject. managing obesity in a subject in need of weight loss, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of the invention effective to induce This invention also weight loss in the subject. provides a method of managing obesity in a subject who comprises weight loss, which experienced has administering to the subject an amount of a compound of the invention effective to maintain such weight loss in the subject.

The present invention also provides a method of treating depression in a subject, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of the invention effective to treat the subject's depression. This invention also provides a method of treating anxiety in a subject, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of the invention effective to treat the subject's anxiety. This invention also provides a method of treating depression and anxiety in a subject, which comprises administering to the subject

5

10

15

20

25

30

an amount of a compound of the invention effective to the subject's depression and anxiety. invention also provides a method of treating major depressive disorder in a subject, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of the invention effective to treat the subject's major This invention also provides a depressive disorder. method of treating dysthymic disorder in a subject, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of the invention effective to treat the subject's dysthymic disorder. This invention also provides a method of treating obsessions and compulsions in a subject with obsessive compulsive disorder, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a invention effective to the treat the compound of subject's obsessions and compulsions. This invention also provides a method of treating panic disorder, with or without agoraphobia, in a subject, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of the invention effective to treat the subject's panic This invention also provides a method disorder. treating social anxiety disorder in a subject, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a invention effective treat to compound of the subject's social anxiety disorder. This invention also treating generalized method of provides a disorder in a subject, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of the invention effective to treat the subject's generalized anxiety This invention also provides a method of disorder. treating post-traumatic stress disorder in a subject, which comprises administering to the subject an amount

of a compound of the invention effective to treat the subject's post-traumatic stress disorder.

It is contemplated that the compounds of this invention will be effective in treating obesity, including weight loss and maintenance of weight loss in patients, who have been diagnosed with obesity by the one or more of the following measurements: an increased body mass index, increased waist circumference (an indicator of intra-adominal fat), Dual Energy X-Ray Absorptiometry (DEXA) and trucal (android) fat mass. It is further contemplated that the compounds of the invention will be effective in inducing improvements in certain factors measured in these tests.

It is contemplated that the compounds of this invention will be effective in treating urinary disorders in patients who have urge or mixed (with a predominance of urge) incontinence as evidenced by the number of unnecessary episodes per week, the number of unnecessary micturitions per day and a low volume voided per micturition. It is further contemplated that the compounds of the invention will be effective in inducing improvements in certain factors measured in these tests.

The present invention also provides a method of treating a subject suffering from bipolar I or II disorder, schizoaffective disorder, a cognitive disorder with depressed mood, a personality disorder, insomnia, hypersomnia, narcolepsy, circadian rhythm sleep disorder, nightmare disorder, sleep terror disorder or sleepwalking disorder.

5

10

15

20

25

30

The present invention provides a method of treating of overactive bladder with symptoms urge urinary incontinence, urgency and/or frequency in a subject, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of the invention effective to treat the subject's overactive bladder. invention also This of alleviating urge urinary method provides а incontinence in a subject suffering from overactive bladder, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of the invention effective alleviate the subject's urge urinary incontinence. This invention further provides a method of alleviating urinary urgency in a subject suffering from overactive bladder, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of the invention effective to alleviate the subject's urinary urgency. Additionally, this invention provides a method of alleviating urinary suffering from overactive subject frequency in a bladder, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of the invention effective to alleviate the subject's urinary frequency.

The present invention also provides a method of treating a subject suffering from a urinary disorder, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of the invention effective to treat the subject's urinary disorder. In some embodiments the urinary disorder is urinary incontinence, overactive bladder, urge incontinence, urinary frequency, urinary urgency, nocturia or enuresis.

The present invention provides a method of alleviating the symptoms of a disorder in a subject, which comprises administering to the subject an amount of an MCH1 antagonist effective to alleviate the symptoms, wherein the MCH1 antagonist is any of the compounds of the invention.

In an embodiment of the invention, the subject is a vertebrate, a mammal, a human or a canine. In another embodiment, the compound is administered orally. In yet another embodiment, the compound is administered in combination with food.

This invention will be better understood from the Experimental Details In a preferred embodiment, the subject invention provides a method of treatment for the following indications: depression, anxiety, eating/body weight disorders, and urinary disorders. Examples of eating/body weight disorders are obesity, bulimia, or bulimia nervosa. Examples of urinary disorders include, but are not limited to, urinary incontinence, overactive bladder, urge incontinence, urinary frequency, urinary urgency, nocturia, or enuresis. Overactive bladder and urinary urgency may or may not be associated with benign prostatic hyperplasia.

This invention provides a method of modifying the feeding behavior of a subject which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of the invention effective to decrease the consumption of food by the subject.

method also provides a invention treating an eating disorder in a subject which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of this invention effective to decrease the consumption of food by the subject. In an embodiment of the present invention, the eating disorder is bulimia, obesity or In an embodiment of the present bulimia nervosa. is a vertebrate, a mammal, a invention, the subject In a further embodiment, human or a canine. compound is administered in combination with food.

5

10

15

20

25

30

The present invention further provides a method of reducing the body mass of a subject which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of the invention effective to reduce the body mass of the subject.

The present invention also provides a method of treating a subject suffering from depression which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of effective subject's to treat the this invention The present invention further provides a depression. method of treating a subject suffering from anxiety which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of this invention effective to treat the subject's anxiety. The present invention also provides a method of treating a subject suffering from depression and anxiety which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of this invention effective to treat the subject's depression and anxiety.

The present invention also provides a method of treating a subject suffering from major depressive disorder,

disorders, dysthymic disorder, bipolar I and ΙI schizoaffective disorder, cognitive disorders with personality disorders, insomnia, mood, depressed narcolepsy, circadian rhythm sleep hypersomnia, sleep terror disorder, disorder, nightmare disorder, obsessive-compulsive disorder, sleepwalking disorder, agoraphobia, without or disorder. with panic posttraumatic stress disorder, social anxiety disorder, social phobia and generalized anxiety disorder.

10

15

5

The present invention also provides a method of treating a subject suffering from a urinary disorder which comprises administering to the subject an amount of a compound of this invention effective to treat the subject's a urinary disorder. In some embodiments, the urinary disorder is urinary incontinence, overactive bladder, urge incontinence, urinary frequency, urinary urgency, nocturia, or enuresis.

This invention will be better understood from the Experimental Details which follow. However, one skilled in the art will readily appreciate that the specific methods and results discussed are merely illustrative of the invention as described more fully in the claims which follow thereafter.

30

Experimental Section

I. Synthetic Methods for Examples

General Methods: All reactions (except for those done by . 5 parallel synthesis reaction arrays) were performed under an Argon atmosphere and the reagents, neat or appropriate solvents, were transferred to the reaction vessel via syringe and cannula techniques. The parallel reaction arrays were performed in synthesis 10 an inert atmosphere) using J-KEM (without Anhydrous solvents were shakers (Saint Louis, MO). purchased from Aldrich Chemical Company and used as The examples described in the patent were received. named using ACD/Name program (version 2.51, Advanced 15 Chemistry Development Inc., Toronto, Ontario, M5H2L3, Unless otherwise noted, the 1H spectra were Canada). recorded at 300 400 MHz (QE Plus and Brüker and internal with tetramethylsilane as respectively) standard. s = singlet; d = doublet; t = triplet; q = 20 quartet; p = pentet; sext; sept; br = broad; m = analyses were performed Elemental multiplet. Robertson Microlit Laboratories, Inc. Unless otherwise noted, mass spectra were obtained using low-resolution electrospray (ESMS) and MH is reported. Thin-layer 25 chromatography (TLC) was carried out on glass plates silica qel 60 F_{254} (0.25 mm, EM precoated with Preparative thin-layer Tech.). Separations chromatography was carried out on glass sheets precoated with silica gel GF (2 mm, Analtech). Flash column 30 chromatography was performed on Merck silica gel 60 (230 - 400 mesh). Melting points (mp) were determined in open capillary tubes on a Mel-Temp apparatus and are uncorrected.

Piperidine Side Chain Intermediates

5

TERT-BUTYL 4-{ [(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)SULFONYL]OXY}-1,2,3,6 -TETRAHYDRO-1-PYRIDINECARBOXYLATE: n-Butyl lithium (17.6 mL, 44.2 mmol, 2.5 M in hexanes) was added to a solution of diisopropyl amine (96.2 mL, 44.2 mmol) in 40 mL of dry THF at 0 °C and stirred for 20 minutes. The reaction 10 mixture was cooled to -78 °C and tert-butyl 4-oxo-1-piperidinecarboxylate (Aldrich Chemical Company, 40.0 mmol) in THF (40 mL) was added dropwise to the reaction mixture and stirred for 30 minutes. (42.0 mmol, 15.0 g) in THF (40 mL) was added dropwise to 15 the reaction mixture and stirred at °C overnight. reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo, re-dissolved in hexanes: EtOAc (9:1), passed through a plug of alumina and the alumina plug was washed with hexanes: EtOAc 20 (9:1). The combined extracts were concentrated to yield 16.5 g of the desired product that was contaminated with some starting Tf2NPh. 1 H NMR (400 MHz, 400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.77 (s, 1 H), 4.05 (dm, 2 H, J=3.0 Hz), 3.63 (t, 2 H, J=5.7 Hz), 2.45 (m, 2)H), 1.47 (s, 9 H). 25

TERT-BUTYL 4-[3-(AMINO)PHENYL]-1,2,3,6-TETRAHYDRO-1-PYRIDINECARBOXYLATE: A mixture of 2 M aqueous Na_2CO_3 solution (4.2 mL), tert-butyl

4-{[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]oxy}-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro1-pyridine-carboxylate (0.500 g, 1.51 mmol),
3-aminophenylboronic acid hemisulfate (0.393 g, 2.11 mmol), lithium chloride (0.191 g, 4.50 mmol) and

triphenylphosphine tetrakispalladium (0) (0.080 g, 0.075 mmol) in dimethoxyethane (5 mL) was heated at reflux temperature for 3 hours, under an inert atmosphere (an initial degassing of the mixture is recommended to prevent the formation of 5 triphenylphosphine oxide). The organic layer of the cooled reaction mixture was separated and the aqueous layer was washed with ethyl acetate (3X). The combined organic extracts were dried and concentrated in vacuo. chromatographed (silica, was 10 product hexanes:EtOAc:dichloromethane (6:1:1) with 1% added isopropylamine to protect the BOC group from hydrolysis) to give 0.330 g of the desired product in 81% yield. H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.12 (t, 1H, J= 7.60 Hz), 6.78 (d, 1H, J = 8.4 Hz), 6.69 (t, 1H, J = 2.0 Hz), 6.59 (dd, 1H, 15 J = 2.2, 8.0 Hz), 6.01 (m, 1H), 4.10 - 4.01 (d, 2H, J =2.4 Hz), 3.61 (t, 2H, J=5.6 Hz), 2.52-2.46 (m; 2H), 1.49 (s, 9H); ESMS m/e: 275.2 (M +.H)⁺. Anal. Calc. for $C_{16}H_{24}N_2O_2$: C, 70.04; H, 8.08; N, 10.21. Found: C, 69.78; H, 7.80; N, 9.92. 20

TERT-BUTYL 4-[3-(AMINO) PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINECARBOXYLATE:

25

30

A mixture of 3.10 g of tert-butyl 4-(3-aminophenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine-1-carboxylate (11.3 mmol) and 1.0 g of 10% Pd/C in 200 mL of ethanol was hydrogenated at room temperature using the balloon method for 2 days. filtered and washed with The reaction mixture was ethanol extracts combined were The ethanol. the residue was in and concentrated vacuo silica (dichloromethane: chromatographed on 95:5 with 1% isopropylamine added to protect the BOC group from hydrolysis) to give 2.63 g of the desired product (84%). 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.10 (t, 1H, J=

7.60 Hz), 6.62 (d, 1H, J= 8.4 Hz), 6.60 - 6.59 (m, 2H), 4.27 - 4.18 (m, 2H), 3.62 - 3.58 (m, 2H), 2.80 - 2.72 (m, 2H), 2.62 - 2.59 (m, 1H), 1.89 - 1.52 (m, 4H), 1.49 (s, 9H); ESMS m/e : 277.2 (M + H) $^{+}$.

5

10

15

30

TERT-BUTYL 4-[3-(ACETYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1,2,3,6-TETRAHYDRO-A mixture of saturated aqueous 1-PYRIDINECARBOXYLATE: Na₂CO₃ solution (25 mL), tert-butyl 4-{[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]oxy}-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-1-pyridine-carboxylate (20 mmol), 3-acetamidophenylboronic acid (30 mmol) and tetrakis-(0) (1.15 q) palladium and triphenylphosphine dimethoxyethane (40 mL) was heated at reflux temperature The organic layer of the cooled reaction overnight. mixture was separated and the aqueous layer was washed with ethyl acetate (3X). The combined organic extracts were dried and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was chromatograghed, giving the desired product: 1H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.11 (br s, 1 H), 7.57 (br s, 1 H), 7.41 (br d

20 , 1 H, J=7.8 Hz), 7.25 (apparent t, 1 H, J=7.8 Hz), 7.08 (br d, 1 H, J=7.8 Hz), 5.99 (br s, 1 H), 4.03 (br m, 2 H, J=2.7 Hz), 3.59 (t, 2 H, J=5.7 Hz), 2.46 (m, 2 H,), 2.16 (s, 3 H), 1.49 (s, 9 H).

N1-[3-(1,2,3,6-TETRAHYDRO-4-PYRIDINYL) PHENYL] ACETAMIDE:

A solution of 4 M HCl in dioxane (10 mL) was added to tert-butyl 4-[3-(acetylamino)phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-1-pyridinecarboxylate (8.25 mmol) in dichloromethane (30 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight, concentrated in vacuo, giving the desired product as the hydrochloride salt (2.1 g): 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.41-7.00 (m, 4 H), 6.10 (br, 1 H), 3.55 (m, 2

H), 3.16 (t, 2 H, J = 5.7 Hz), 2.44 (m, 2 H), 2.19 (s, 3 H).

TERT-BUTYL N-(3-BROMOPROPYL) CARBAMATE: Prepared from 3-bromopropylamine hydrobromide and BOC₂O in the presence of base in dichloromethane, 9.89 mmol: 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 5.07 (br, 1 H), 3.31 (t, 2 H, J=6.6 Hz), 3.12 (apparent br q, 2 H, J=6.0 Hz), 1.92 (p, 2 H, J=6.6 Hz), 1.30 (s, 9H).

10

15

20

5

TERT-BUTYL N-(3-{4-[3-(ACETYLAMINO)PHENYL]-1,2,3,6-TETRAHYDRO-1-PYRIDINYL}PROPYL)CARBAMATE: A solution of N1-[3-(1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-4-

pyridinyl)phenyl]acetamide.HCl (8.24 mmol), tert-butyl N-(3-bromopropyl)carbamate and potassium carbonate (33 mmol) in dry dioxane (30 mL) was heated at reflux temperature overnight. The solids were removed by filtration, the solution was concentrated in vacuo and the product was chromatograghed, giving the desired product (110 mg). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) & 7.65 (s, 1 H), 6.98 (s, 1 H), 7.45 (d, 1 H, J=7.8 Hz), 7.16 (apparent t, 1 H, J=7.8 Hz), 7.10 (d, 1 H, J=7.8 Hz), 6.02 (s, 1 H), 5.23 (b, 1 H), 3.40 (b, 2 H), 3.30-1.80 (m, 10 H), 2.18 (s, 3 H), 1.45 (s, 9 H).

25

30

N1-{3-[1-(3-AMINOPROPYL)-1,2,3,6-TETRAHYDRO-4-PYRIDINYL]PHENYL}ACETAMIDE: A 1:1 solution of TFA:CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) was added to tert-butyl

N-(3-{4-[3-(acetylamino)phenyl]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-1-pyridinyl}propyl)carbamate in dichloromethane (5 mL). The resulting solution was stirred at room temperature for 1-3 days, saturated NaHCO₃ was added until pH > 6, the organic layer was separated, and dried in vacuo,

giving the desired product (45 mg): ^{1}H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.68 (br, 1 H), 7.35 (dm, 1 H, J=7.8 Hz), 7.25 (apparent t, 1 H, J=7.8 Hz), 7.15 (dm, 1 H, J=7.8 Hz), 6.12 (m, 1 H), 3.22 (m, 2 H), 3.03 (t, 2 H, J=7.3 Hz), 2.78 (t, 2 H, J=5.5 Hz), 2.70-2.50 (m, 4 H), 2.10 (s, 3 H), 1.87 (p, 2 H, J=7.3 Hz).

TERT-BUTYL

5

10

15

20

25

3.0

4-[3-(ACETYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1-

PIPERIDINECARBOXYLATE: tert-butyl Α mixture (acetylamino) phenyl] -1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-1pyridinecarboxylate (710 mg) and 5% Pd/C (100 mg) EtOH (10 mL) was hydrogenated (balloon technique) room temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was passed through a pad of Celite 545 and the pad of Celite The combined ethanol extracts was washed with ethanol. chromatograghed, giving the were concentrated and desired product (660 mg): ^{1}H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.80 (s,'1 H), 7.41-7.20 (m, 3 H), 6.94 (d, 1 H, J=7.5 Hz), 4.21 (m, 2 H), 2.75 (m, 2 H), 2.62 (m, 1 H), 2.16 (s, 3 H), 1.78 (m, 2 H), 1.56 (m, 2 H), 1.48 (s, 9 H).

N1-[3-(4-PIPERIDYL)PHENYL]ACETAMIDE: A solution of HCl in dioxane (4N, 5 mL) was added to tert-butyl 4-[3-(acetylamino) phenyl] -1-piperidinecarboxylate (660 in dry dichloromethane (15 mL). The reaction mixture overnight and at room temperature stirred concentrated in vacuo, giving the desired product (550 mg): mp 102-104 °C; 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 2.02 (d, J=13.2 Hz, 2H), 2.11-2.45 (m, 5H), 2.67-2.77 (m, 1H), 3.00-3.10 (m, 2H), 3.51 (d, J=10.5 Hz, 2H), 6.94 (d, J=7.5 Hz, 1H), 3H), 7.60 (s, 1H); Anal. Calcd. For 7.20-7.46 (m, $C_{13}H_{19}N_2OCl + 0.86$ CH_2Cl_2 : C, 50.78; H, 6.37; N, 8.55. Found: C, 50.80; H, 7.55; N, 7.01.

TERT-BUTYL

 $N-(3-\{4-[3-$

5

10

15

25

30

(ACETYLAMINO) PHENYL] PIPERIDINO PROPYL) CARBAMATE:

Α

solution of NI-[3-(4-piperidyl)phenyl] acetamide (550 mg, 0.210 mmol), tert-butyl N-(3-bromopropyl)carbamate (550 0.230 mmol), K_2CO_3 (1.10 q, 0.890 diisopropylethyl amine (1.50 mL) and a few crystals of KI in dioxane (20 mL) was heated at reflux temperature The precipitated salts were removed by for 2 days. filtration, concentrated in vacuo and the crude product was chromatographed, giving the desired product (340 mg): ${}^{1}H$ NMR (CDCl₃) δ 8.15 (s, 1 H), 7.47-7.44 (m, 2 H), 7.22 (t, 1 H, J=7.8 Hz), 6.94 (d, 1 H, J=7.8 Hz), 5.53 (b, 1 H), 3.23 (b, 6 H), 2.80-1.60 (m, 9 H), 2.20 (s, 3 H), 1.45 (s, 9 H).

N1-{3-[1-(3-AMINOPROPYL)-4-PIPERIDYL]PHENYL}ACETAMIDE:

TFA (1.0 mL) was added to a solution of tert-butyl

20 $N-(3-\{4-[3-$

(acetylamino) phenyl] piperidino propyl) carbamate (340 mg) in dry dichloromethane (10 mL) and stirred at room temperature for 5 h. A 10% aqueous solution of KOH was added to the reaction mixture until pH > 6 and then the dichloromethane was removed in vacuo. The aqueous layer was frozen and lyophilized to give a solid, which was extracted with methanol. Removal of the solvent gave the desired product (120 mg) as an oil: 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.23-7.16 (apparent t, 1H, J=7.5 Hz), 6.95-6.92 (m, 1H), 3.03-2.99 (m, 2H), 2.77-2.73 (t, 2H, J = 6.6 Hz), 2.50-1.60 (m, 10 H), 2.13 (s, 3 H).

4-(3-NITROPHENYL)-3,6-DIHYDRO-1(2H)-TERT-BUTYL PYRIDINECARBOXYLATE: According to the procedure used for the synthesis of tert-butyl 4-[3-(amino)phenyl]-1,2,3,6of tetrahydro-1-pyridinecarboxylate,a mixture 5 aqueous Na₂CO₃ solution (2.2 mL), tert-butyl 4-{[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]oxy}-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-1pyridine-carboxylate (0.500 g, 1.51 mmol), 3-nitrophenylboronic acid (0.353 g, 2.11 mmol), lithium and tetrakismmol) (0.191)g, 4.50 chloride 10 triphenylphosphine palladium (0) (0.080 g, 0.075 mmol) in dimethoxyethane (5 mL) afforded 0.380g of the desired product.

- $^{1}H \ NMR \ (400 \ MHz, \ CDCl_{3}) \ \delta \ 8.23 \ (s, \ 1H) \, , \ 8.11 \ (d, \ 1H, \ J=8.0 \ Hz) \, , \ 7.69 \ (d, \ 1H, \ J=8.0 \ Hz) \, , \ 7.51 \ (t, \ 1H, \ J=8.0 \ Hz) \, , \ 6.20 \ (m, \ 1H) \, , \ 4.17-4.08 \ (m, \ 2H) \, , \ 3.67 \ (t, \ 2H, \ J=5.6 \ Hz) \, , \ 2.61-2.52 \ (m, \ 2H) \, , \ 1.50 \ (s, \ 9H) \, ; \ ESMS \ m/e : 249.1 \ (M + H C_{4}H_{8})^{+} \, .$
- 1,2,3,6-TETRAHYDRO-4-(3-NITROPHENYL)PYRIDINE: 20 stirred solution of 5.00 g (16.0 mmol) of tert-butyl 1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-4-(3-nitrophenyl)pyridine-1carboxylate in 100 ml of 1,4-dioxane at 0°C was bubbled The reaction mixture was HCl gas for 10 minutes. allowed to warm to room temperature and the bubbling of 25 the HCl gas was continued for an additional 1 hour. solvent was removed in vacuo, the residue was dissolved in 50 mL of water and was neutralized by the addition of The aqueous solution was extracted with 3 KOH pellets. X 80 mL of dichloromethane and the combined organic 30 extracts were dried (MgSO₄), filtered and concentrated in purified by residue was The , dichloromethane (silica, 9: 1 chromatography

methanol + 1% isopropyl amine) to afford 2.85 g (87.5% yield) of the desired product: 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.24 (s, 1H), 8.09 (d, 1H, J=8.4 Hz), 7.71 (d, 1H, J=8.0 Hz), 7.49 (t, 1H, J=8.0 Hz), 6.35-6.25 (m, 1H), 3.58 (apparent q, 2H, J=3.0 Hz), 3.14 (t, 2H, J=5.6 Hz), 2.54-2.46 (m, 2H).

5

3-(4-(3-NITROPHENYL)-3,6-DIHYDRO-1(2H)-TERT-BUTYL PYRIDINYL) PROPYLCARBAMATE: A mixture of 2.80 g (14.0 1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-4-(3-nitrophenyl)pyridine, 10 3.60 g (15.0 mmol) of tert-butyl N-(3-bromopropyl)carbamate, 11.6 g (84.0 mmol) of K_2CO_3 , 14.6 mL (84.0 mmol) of diisopropylethylamine and 0.78 g (2.00 mmol) of tetrabutylammonium iodide in 250 mL of 1,4-dioxane was heated at reflux temperature for 15 The reaction mixture was filtered and the filtrate was dried (MgSO₄), concentrated in vacuo and the residue was purified by column chromatography (silica, 9:1, dichloromethane: methanol + 1% isopropyl amine) to afford 4.35 g (85.7% yield) of the desired product: 1H 20 NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.24 (t, 1H, J=1.9 Hz), 8.09 (dd, J=1.9, 8.0 Hz), 7.70 (apparent d, 1H, J=8.0 Hz), 7.49 (t, 1H, J=8.0 Hz), 6.23 (m, 1H), 3.29-3.18 (m, 4H), 2.75 (t, 2H, J=5.6 Hz), 2.64-2.54 (m, 4H), 1.82-1.70 (m, 2H), 1.44 (s, 9H); ESMS m/e: 362.2 (M + H)⁺. 25

3-(4-(3-NITROPHENYL)-3,6-DIHYDRO-1(2H)-PYRIDINYL)-1PROPANAMINE: Into a stirred solution of 4.35 (12.0 mmol)
of tert-butyl

30 3-(4-(3-nitrophenyl)-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)pyridinyl)propylcarbamate in 100 ml of 1,4-dioxane at
0°C was bubbled HCl gas for 10 minutes. The reaction
mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and the

bubbling was continued for an additional 1 hour. solvent was removed in vacuo, the residue was dissolved in 50 mL of water and was neutralized by the addition of KOH pellets. The aqueous solution was extracted with 3 the combined organic mL of dichloromethane, 5 extracts were dried (MgSO₄), filtered and concentrated in purified by residue was vacuo. The , dichloromethane (silica, 9: 1 chromatography methanol + 1% isopropyl amine) to afford 3.05 g (97.0% yield) of the desired product: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl $_3)$ δ 10 8.24 (t, 1H, J=1.8 Hz), 8.09 (dd, 1H, J=1.8, 8.2 Hz), 7.69 (dd, 1H, J=1.8, 8.2 Hz), 7.48 (t, 1H, J=8.2 Hz), 6.24 (m, 1H), 3.21 (d, 2H, J=3.6 Hz), 2.84 (t, 2H, J=6.6)Hz), 2.75 (t, 2H, J=5.8 Hz), 2.64-2.54 (m, 4H), 1.76 (m, 2H): ESMS m/e: 262.2 $(M + H)^+$; Anal. Calc. for 15 $C_{14}H_{19}N_3O_2$ (0.06 CHCl₃): C, 62.90; H, 7.16; N, 15.65. Found: C, 63.20; H, 7.16; N, 15.65.

METHYL (4S) -3 - [({3 - [4 - (3 - AMINOPHENYL) -1 -

PIPERIDINYL] PROPYL AMINO) CARBONYL] -4-(3,4-20 DIFLUOROPHENYL) -6- (METHOXYMETHYL) -2-OXO-1,2,3,4-TETRAHYDRO-5-PYRIMIDINECARBOXYLATE: A mixture of 3.02 g 1-(4-nitrophenyl) (6*S*)-6-(3,4mmol) 5-methyl difluorophenyl)-4-(methoxymethyl)-2-oxo-3,6-dihydro-1,5(2H)-pyrimidinedicarboxylate, 1.50 g (5.80 mmol) of 25 3-(4-(3-nitrophenyl)-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinyl)-1propanamine, 7.94 g (75.5 mmol) of K_2CO_3 and 1.00 mL of methanol in 200 mL dichloromethane (under argon) stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The 30 residue was dissolved in 100 mL of ethyl acetate and washed 3 X 50 mL of 5% aqueous NaOH solution, organic layer was dried (MgSO4) and concentrated in

dissolved in 100 The residue was anhydrous ethanol containing 0.50 g 10% Pd/C and the reaction mixture was stirred under a hydrogen balloon for 24 hours. The reaction mixture was passed through a column of Celite 545 filtering agent, washed with ethanol, the filtrate was dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated purified by column residue was in vacuo. The (silica, 9.5 : 0.5 , dichloromethane : chromatography methanol + 1% isopropyl amine) to afford 1.65 g (52.0% yield) of the desired product: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.80 (s, 1H), 7.22-7.02 (m, 2H), 6.95 (t, J = 8.70 Hz, 1H), 6.63-6.44 (m, 4H), 4.56 (Abq, 2H), 3.62 (s, 3H), 3.33 (s, 3H), 3.32-3.20 (m, 4H), 2.96 (br s, 2H), 2.33 (t, J = 7.50 Hz, 2H), 2.11-1.94 (m, 3H), 1.81-1.64 (m,4H); ESMS $m/e : 572.3 (M + H)^{+}$;

5

10

15

4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO)PHENYL]-3,6-DIHYDRO-TERT-BUTYL 1(2H)-PYRIDINECARBOXYLATE: Into a solution of 4.00 g (16.0 mmol) of tert-butyl 4-(3-aminophenyl)-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinecarboxylate and 5.60 mL (32.0 mmol) of 20 diisopropylethylamine in 100 mL dichloromethane was slowly added 1.90 mL (19.0 mmol) of isobutyryl chloride. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for washed water, dried hours, with $(MqSO_4)$, concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by 25 column chromatography (silica, 50 : 46 : 3 : 1, hexanes : dichloromethane : methanol : isopropyl amine) to afford 2.90 g (52.0% yield) of the desired product: 1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.69 (s, 1 H), 7.34 (d, 1 H, J=7.8 Hz), 7.27 (t, 1H, J=7.8 Hz), 7.11 (d, 1H, J=7.8 Hz), 30 6.04 (s, 1H), 4.05 (s, 2H), 3.62 (apparent t, 2 H, J=4.9 Hz), 2.51 (m, 3H), 1.49 (s, 9H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=7.4 Hz); $(M + H)^+$. m/e: 345.5 Anal. Calc. for ESMS

 $C_{20}H_{28}N_2O_3+0.175$ CHCl₃: C, 66.33; H, 7.77; N, 7.67. Found: C, 66.20; H, 7.41; N, 7.88

TERT-BUTYL 4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1

-PIPERIDINECARBOXYLATE: A mixture of 2.90 g (8.40 mmol) 5 of tert-butyl 4-[3-(isobutyrylamino)phenyl]-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinecarboxylate and 0.80 g of 10% yield Pd/C in 100 mL of ethanol was stirred under a hydrogen The reaction mixture was passed balloon for 24 hours. through a column of Celite 545 filtering agent, the 10 filtrate was dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated in vacuo. was purified by column chromatography The residue (silica, 9.5 : 0.5 , dichloromethane : methanol + 1% isopropyl amine) to afford 2.40 g (84.0% yield) of the desired product: ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.49-7.44 (m, 15 2H), 7.24 (t, 1H, J=7.6 Hz), 6.93 (d, 1H, J=7.6 Hz), 4.20-4.10 (m, 2H), 2.86-2.45 (m, 4H), 1.86-1.75 (m; 4H), 1.48 (s, 9H), 1.24 (d, 6H, J=6.8 Hz); ESMS m/e : 345.2 $(M + H)^+$; Anal. Calc. for $C_{20}H_{30}N_2O_3 + 0.3H_2O$: C, 68.27; H, 8.77; N, 7.96. Found: C, 68.25; H, 8.54; N, 7.84. 20

2-METHYL-N-[3-(4-PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL] PROPANAMIDE: stirred solution of 2.20 (6.50 mmol) of tert-butyl 4-[3-(isobutyrylamino)phenyl]-1-piperidinecarboxylate in 100 ml of 1,4-dioxane at 0 °C was bubbled HCl gas for 10 The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to minutes. room temperature and the bubbling of the HCl gas was continued for 1 hour. The solvent was removed in vacuo, the residue was dissolved in 50 mL of water and was neutralized by the addition of KOH pellets. The aqueous was extracted with 3 Х 80 solution the combined organic extracts were dichloromethane, dried (MgSO₄), filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The

25

30

residue was purified by column chromatography (silica, 9 : 1 ,dichloromethane : methanol + 1% isopropyl amine) to afford 0.700 g (46.0% yield) of the desired product: 1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.47 (s, 1H), 7.40 (d, 1H, J=7.8 Hz), 7.24 (t, 1H, J=7.8 Hz), 7.00 (d, 1H, J=7.8 Hz), 3.23-3.14 (m, 5H), 2.82-2.57 (m, 4H), 1.20 (d, 6H, J=6.8 Hz); ESMS m/e : 247.2 (M + H) $^+$; The hydrochloride salt was used for the combustion analysis: Anal. Calc. for $C_{15}H_{22}N_2O+HCl+0.15$ CHCl₃: C, 60.51; H, 7.76; N, 9.32. Found: C, 60.57; H, 7.83; N, 8.88.

5

10

15

20

25

3-(4-PIPERIDINYL) ANILINE: A solution of 4 M HCl tert-butyl 4-[3-(25 mL) was added to dioxane (amino)phenyl]-1-piperidinecarboxylate (2.60 g, 9.00 mmol) in dichloromethane (250 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight, concentrated in vacuo, and the residue was dissolved in water (50 The mixture was nuetralized using KOH pellets and extracted with methylene chloride (3 X 50 mL). The dried extracts were (MgSO₄), organic combined concentrated and chromatographed to give the desired product (1.03 g). ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.01 (t, 1H, J=7.6 Hz), 6.62-6.54 (m, 3H), 3.16 (br d, 2H, J=10.3Hz), 2.75 (dt, 2H, J=2.7, 12.3 Hz), 2.56 (tt, 1H, J=3.6, 12.3 Hz), 1.81 (br d, 2H, J=12.3 Hz), 1.65 (dq, J=4.0, 12.3 Hz); ESMS m/e : 177.2 (M + H)⁺.

TERT-BUTYL 4-(4-NITROPHENYL)-3,6-DIHYDRO-1(2H)
PYRIDINECARBOXYLATE: To a 25-mL RB flask, equipped with

a condensor, was added tert-butyl 4
{[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]oxy}-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)
pyridinecarboxylate (1.0 g), 4-nitrophenylboronic acid

(0.71 g), sodium carbonate (0.430 mL of 2M solution),

chloride (0.382 g), lithium tetrakis(triphenylphosphine) - palladium (0) q) and ethylene glycol dimethyl ether (10 mL). The reaction mixture was flushed with Argon three times, then the reaction mixture was heated to 100 °C for 3 hrs. After cooling to room temperature, the reaction mixture was diluted with methylene chloride (30 mL) and water (30 mL) and the organic layer was separated. aqueous layer was extracted with methylene chloride (3x20 mL) and the combined organic extracts were washed with sat NH₄Cl (20 mL) and brine (20 mL), dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by chromatography (6:1=hexane:ethyl acetate with 1% NH_3) to afford the product (0.55 g, The compound is not stable at 59.9%) as a yellow oil. 15 room temperature and should be used as promptly as practical: ${}^{1}H$ NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.20 (d, 2H, ${}^{\prime}J$ =8.6 Hz), 7.51 (d, 2H, J=8.6 Hz), 6.24 (m, 1H), 4.13 (m, 2H), 3.67 (apparent t, 2H, J=5.5 Hz), 2.55 (m, 2H), 1.49 (s, 9H). 20

4-(4-NITROPHENYL)-1,2,3,6-TETRAHYDROPYRIDINE: Nitrophenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine was prepared by a similar procedure to that used for the preparation of 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide HCl gas and tert-Butyl 4-(4-Nitrophenyl)-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinecarboxylate (130 mg) in dioxane (5.0 mL) The reaction mixture temperature. at room concentrated in vacuo to give the crude product (69.8 which used in the next reaction without further purification.

Oxazolidinone Intermediates:

5

10

25

30

AMINO-(3,4-DIFLUOROPHENYL)-ACETONITRILE: Through a solution of 3,4-difluorobenzaldehyde (25.0 g, 0.176 mol) in MeOH (500 mL) in a round bottom flask, was bubbled ammonia gas for two hours at room temperature. The flask was then cooled to 0 $^{\circ}$ C and trimethylsilyl cyanide was then added slowly. The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h, at which time TLC analysis indicated that the reaction was complete (R_f = 0.35, 3:2 hexane/EtOAc). The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was subjected to flash column chromatography on silica gel to obtain the desired product, which was used in the next step without purification.

AMINO- (3, 4-DIFLUOROPHENYL) -ACETIC ACID METHYL 15 amino-(3,4of well-stirred solution q. 0.130difluorophenyl)-acetonitrile (22.0 solution of HCl in MeOH (200 mL) was added at room temperature. The resulting yellow solution was stirred at room temperature for 10 h and was heated at reflux 20 After cooling, the solvent was temperature for 1.5 h. removed in vacuo and the resulting yellow solid was dissolved in water (200 mL). The aqueous solution was then carefully basified with 20% NaOH solution to pH 9. The aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 x 100 mL). 25 The organic layer was separated and dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and the solvent was removed in vacuo to obtain the desired product which was used in the next step without purification.

30

5

10

2-AMINO-2-(3,4-DIFLUOROPHENYL)-ETHANOL: Into a well-stirred suspension of LiAlH₄ (4.7 g, 0.125 mol) in THF (120 mL) in a 3-necked round bottom flask fitted with a

funnel, added was and a dropping condenser amino-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-acetic solution of methyl ester (10.0 g, 0.05 mol) in THF (100 mL) dropwise The resulting greenish brown suspension was at 0 °C. heated at reflux temperature for 2 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to 0 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ and then carefully quenched sequentially with 5 mL of water, 5 mL of The resulting suspension followed by 15 mL of water. was filtered through a fritted glass funnel. filter cake was added 100 mL Et₂O and the suspension was heated at reflux temperature for 20 min. The suspension was filtered and the combined filtrates were dried over MqSO₄, filtered and the solvent was removed in vacuo. Amino-2-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-ethanol was obtained as a yellow glassy syrup which was used in the next step without further purification.

[1-(3,4-DIFLUOROPHENYL)-2-HYDROXY-ETHYL]-CARBAMIC ACID-TERT-BUTYL ESTER: Into a solution of 2-amino-2-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-ethanol (8.6 g, 49.7 mmol) in CHCl₃ (150 mL) at 0 °C was added a solution of di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (11.4 g, 52.0 mmol) in CHCl₃ (50 mL) in one portion and the resulting solution was stirred overnight at room temperature. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel (2:1 hexane-EtOAc followed by EtOAc) to obtain [1-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-2-hydroxy-ethyl]-carbamic acid-tert-butyl ester as a white solid (10.0 g, 74% yield).

30

5

10

15

20

25

(+)-4-(3,4-DIFLUOROPHENYL)-OXAZOLIDIN-2-ONE: Into a well-stirred suspension of NaH (1.1 g, 45.8 mmol) in THF (40 mL) at R.T. was added a solution of [1-(3,5-

ethyl]-carbamic acid-tertdifluorophenyl)-2-hydroxybutyl ester (5.0 g, 18.3 mmol) in THF (20 mL) via a dropping funnel at room temperature. The resulting stirred for 3 h and then quenched suspension was carefully with 10 mL of water. The biphasic mixture was extracted with 100 mL of Et₂O, washed with brine, filtered and the solvent was removed in vacuo. gummy residue thus obtained was purified by column chromatography over silica gel ($R_f = 0.15$, 3:2 hexane-EtOAc) to obtain 4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-oxazolidin-2-one as a white flaky solid (2.8 g, 77% yield). M.P. 81-83 $^{\circ}$ C: 1 H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.23-7.03 (m, 3H), 6.08 (br s, 1H), 4.94 (dd, J=6.6 Hz, J=8.7 Hz, 1 H), 4.73 (t, J=8.7 Hz, 1 H), 4.13 (dd, J=6.6 Hz, J=8.7 Hz, 1 H). enantiomers were separated by HPLC on a Chiralcel OD (20 x 250 mm) column using 80% hexane/20% isopropyl alcohol as the eluting system at 12.0 mL/min (U.V. 254 nm): retention times for the two isomers were 16.19 min and 20.08 min respectively.

20

25

30

15

5

10

(4S) -4-(3,4-DIFLUOROPHENYL) -2-OXO-1,3-4-NITROPHENYL Into a suspension of OXAZOLIDINE - 3 - CARBOXYLATE: (0.14 g, 5.30 mmol) in 20 mL of anhydrous THF under of solution (+)-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)oxazolidin-2-one (0.88 g, 4.42 mmol) in THF was added dropwise (dropping funnel). The resulting suspension was stirred at room temperature for 30 min. This suspension was then added dropwise via cannula into another round bottom flask containing a solution of 4nitrophenylchloroformate (1.11 g, 5.30 mmol) in 25 mL of THF and cooled at -78 °C over a period of 15 min. stirring was continued for 2 h after which the solvent was removed and the residue was purified by column

chromatography on silica gel with 1:1 hexane/CH $_2$ Cl $_2$ followed by CH $_2$ Cl $_2$ (R $_f$ = 0.4, CH $_2$ Cl $_2$) to obtain the desired product as a white solid (1.55 g, 86% yield).

following the above procedure, 4-(3,5-Similarly, 5 difluorophenyl)-2-oxo-oxazolidine-3-carboxylic acid-4nitro-phenyl ester and 4-(3,4,5-trifluorophenyl)-2-oxooxazolidine-3-carboxylic acid-4-nitro-phenyl ester were obtained by substituting 3,4-diflourobenzaldehyde in the step with 3,5-diflourobenzaldehyde or 10 triflourobenzaldehyde, respectively. The oxazolidinone enantiomers were resolved by HPLC on a Chiralcel OD column (as in the previous example) and the 4-nitrophenyl carbamates were prepared using 4-nitrophenyl chloroformate. 15

4-NITROPHENYL (4S)-4-(3,5-DIFLUOROPHENYL)-2-OXO-1,3-OXAZOLIDINE-3-CARBOXYLATE: Following the procedure for the synthesis of 4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-2-oxo-oxazolidine-3-carboxylic acid-4-nitro-phenyl ester, 3,5-diflourobenzaldehyde yielded the desired product.

20

25

30

 ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.26 (d, 2H, J= 9.3 Hz), 7.33 - 6.81 (m, 5H), 5.41 (dd, 1H, J=4.1, 8.7 Hz), 4.81 (t, 1H, J=9.3 Hz), 4.33 (dd, 1H, J=4.1, 9.3 Hz); Anal. Calc. for $C_{16}H_{10}F_{2}N_{2}O_{6}+0.2EtOAc$: C, 52.84; H, 3.06; N, 7.34. Found: C, 53.26; H, 2.83; N, 7.73

4-NITROPHENYL (4S)-2-OXG-4-(3,4,5-TRIFLUOROPHENYL)-1,3-OXAZOLIDINE-3-CARBOXYLATE: Following the procedure for the synthesis of 4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-2-oxo-oxazolidine-3-carboxylic acid-4-nitro-phenyl ester, 3,4,5-triflourobenzaldehyde yielded the desired product.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.27 (d, 2H, J=9.0 Hz), 7.31 (d, 2H, J=9.0 Hz), 7.11-7.02 (m, 2H), 5.37 (dd, 1H, J=4.1, 9.0 Hz), 4.81 (apparent t, 1H, J=9.0 Hz), 4.33 (dd, 1H, J=4.1, 9.0 Hz); Anal. Calc. for $C_{16}H_9F_3N_2O_6$: C, 50.27; H, 2.37; N, 7.33. Found: C, 50.56; H, 2.50; N, 7.49.

1-(3,4-DIFLUOROPHENYL)-2-METHYL-2-HYDROXYPROPYLAMINE:

5

10

15

20

25

30

Into a well-stirred solution of methyl 2-amino-2-(3,4difluorophenyl)acetate (10.5 g, 52.19 mmol) in anhydrous ether (200 mL) at 0 °C a solution of methylmagnesium bromide (3 M, 87 mL, 261 mmol) in ether was added over 10 minutes. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 2.5 h and allowed to warm to room temperature. After 12 h, the reaction mixture was carefully poured onto a mixture of ice (300 g) and saturated aqueous ammonium chloride (50 g). The ether layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with more ether (4 X 200 The combined extracts were dried with magnesium The crude product sulfate and the solvent evaporated. was purified by column chromatography on silica gel in methanol chloroform/methanol/2M ammonia using (1000:20:10, 1000:40:20, 1000:80:40) as the eluent to give the product as an oil (6.5 g, 62% yield) which was used in the next step without further purification.

4-(3,4-DIFLUOROPHENYL)-5,5-DIMETHYL-2-OXO-OXAZOLIDINE: A 1-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-2-methyl-2of mixture 14.9 mmol) and hydroxypropylamine (3.00 q٠, 14.9 mmol) in (2.418 carbonyldiimidazole g, dichloromethane (150 mL) was heated at reflux temperature for 36 h and the solvent evaporated. residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using chloroform/ethyl acetate (9:1) to give the product as a viscous oil which solidified on standing (1.80 g, 50% yield). The product was used in the next step without further characterization.

5

10

15

20

25

4-NITROPHENYL 4-(3,4-DIFLUOROPHENYL)-5,5-DIMETHYL-2-OXO-1,3-OXAZOLIDINE-3-CARBOXYLATE: Into a stirred suspension of sodium hydride (60% suspension in paraffin 203 mg, 1.4 eq.) in THF (20 mL) at 0 $^{\circ}$ C, a solution of 4-(3,4difluorophenyl)-5,5-dimethyl-2-oxo-oxazolidine (870 mg, 3.622 mmol) in THF (5 mL) was added followed by stirring for 30 minutes. This suspension was added to a solution of 4-nitrophenyl chloroformate (950 mg, 4.71 mmol) THF (20 mL) at -78 °C under argon and the stirring was continued for 2 h. It was slowly warmed to room temperature and after 4 h the solvent was evaporated. The residue was mixed with dichloromethane (150 mL), washed with 0.05 N sodium hydroxide (3 X 10 mL), and dried (sodium sulfate). The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using chloroform/ethyl acetate (9:1) as the eluent to give the product as a white powder (860 mg, 59% yield).

 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.24 (d, 2H, J=9 Hz), 7.29 - 6.97 (m, 5H), 5.04 (s, 1H), 1.09 (s, 6H); Anal. Calc. for $C_{18}H_{14}F_{2}N_{2}O_{6}+0.2\%$ $H_{2}O$: C, 54.61; H, 3.67; N, 7.08. Found: C, 54.89; H, 3.59; N, 7.41.

(3,4-DIFLOUROPHENYL) -N (DIPHENYLMETHYLENE) METHANAMINE:

Into a solution of 3,4-difluorobenzylamine (9.8 g, 69 mmol) and benzophenone (13.0 g, 71.0 mmol) in toluene (200 mL) was added a catalytic amount of $BF_3.OEt_2$ and the resulting solution was heated at reflux temperature for

12 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo, yielding an oil (21 g, >95%), which was characterized by NMR analysis and subjected to the following reaction without any further purification. ^{1}H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 4.57 (s, 2H), 7.80-6.80 (m, 13H).

1-(3,4-DIFLOUROPHENYL)-1-

5

10

15

20

25

30

[(DIPHENYLMETHYLENE) AMINO] PROPAN-2-OL: Into a solution of the benzhydrylindene-(3,4-difluoro-benzyl)-amine (21 69 mmol) in 250 ml of dry THF was added tertbutyllithium (1.7 M, 60 ml) dropwise and the resulting solution was stirred at -78 °C for 0.5 h. solution was added acetaldehyde (10 ml, 180 mmol) in 100 ml of THF and the solution was stirred at -78 $^{\circ}$ C for 2 h and 25 °C for 1 h. The reaction mixture was quenched by The reaction mixture was diluted addition of brine. with 500 ml of Et₂O and washed with brine. The organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo to give an oil, which was taken to the next step without any further purification. ^{1}H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.04 (d, 3H), 2.77 (broad s. 1H), 4.08(m, 1H), 4.15 (d, 1H), 7.80-6.80 (m, 13H).

1-AMINO-1-(3,4-DIFLUORO-PHENYL)-PROPAN-2-OL: A solution of crude product from the previous procedure and MeONH₂.HCl (10 g, 120 mmol) was diluted in 200 ml of MeOH and stirred for 12 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo, yielding an oily residue, which was re-dissolved in 200 ml of EtOAc and washed with brine. The organic layer was concentrated in vacuo to produce an oily mixture, which was subjected to column chromatography [5% NH₃ (2.0 M in MeOH) in CHCl₃] to yield the desired product (8.8 g, 68% yield from 3,4-

difluorobenzylamine) as a mixture of diastereomers. ^{1}H NMR (CDCl_3) (~ 4:1 mixture of the diastereomers) δ 1.02 (d, J=6.0 Hz, 3 H), 1.04 (d, J=6.3 Hz, 3 H), 2.10 (br, 6 H), 3.56-3.69 (m, 2 H), 3.88-3.92 (m, 2 H), 7.02-7.17 (m, 6 H).

5

10

15

20

25

30

[1-(3,4-DIFLUOROPHENYL)-2-HYDROXY-PROPYL]-CARBAMIC ACID-TERT-BUTYL ESTER: Into a solution of 1-amino-1-(3,4difluorophenyl)-propan-2-ol (13.1 g, 70.1 mmol) in $CHCl_3$ (150 mL) at 0 $^{\circ}$ C was added a solution of di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (19.3 g, 87.6 mmol) in $CHCl_3$ (50 mL) in one portion and the resulting solution was stirred overnight The solvent was removed in vacuo at room temperature. and the residue was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel' (2:1 hexane-EtOAc followed by EtOAc) to [1-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-2-hydroxy-propyl]carbamic acid-tert-butyl ester as a viscous oil (18.4 g, 91% yield). ^{1}H NMR (CDCl₃) (~ 4:1 mixture of the diastereomers) δ 1.05 (d, J=6.6 Hz, 3 H), 1.25 (d, J=6.0 Hz, 3 H), 1.41 (br, 20 H), 3.92-4.19 (br, 2 H), 4.45-4.60 (m, 2 H), 5.41-5.49 (br, 2 H), 7.02-7.17 (m, 6 H).

4-(3,4-DIFLUOROPHENYL)-5-METHYL-OXAZOLIDIN-2-ONE: Into a well-stirred solution of [1-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-2-hydroxy-propyl]-carbamic acid-tert-butyl ester (0.43 g, 1.5 mmol) in THF (20 mL) was added 95% NaH (0.09 g, 3.8 mmol) at room temperature. When the reaction was carried out on a larger (> 5 g) scale, 1.0 equivalent of KH and 1.5 eq. of NaH was used as the base. The resulting suspension was stirred for 3 h at about 35 °C (warm water bath) and then quenched carefully with ice. The biphasic mixture was extracted with 100 mL of EtOAc, washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and the

The two vacuo. removed in solvent was diastereomers were separated by column chromatography over silica gel (First isomer: 0.16 g, $R_f = 0.6$, 3:1 hexane-EtOAc; second isomer: 0.18 g, $R_f = 0.5$, 3:1 hexane-EtOAc). NOE experiments suggested that the first diastereomer had the methyl and the aryl group in trans configuration while the second diastereomer had cis relationship between the two groups. The ^{1}H NMR spectrum for the trans diastereomer is as follows. ^{1}H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.49 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H), 4.37 (dq, J = 6.0 Hz, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.45 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (br s, 1H), 7.08-7.28 (m, 3H).

5

10

20

25

30

The ^{1}H NMR spectrum for the *cis* diastereomer is as follows. ^{1}H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 0.96 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 4.91 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 4.99 (dq, J = 6.6 Hz, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (br s, 1H), 7.08-7.28 (m, 3H).

4-(3,4-DIFLUOROPHENYL)-5-METHYL-2-OXO-OXAZOLIDINE-3-

CARBOXYLIC ACID-4-NITRO-PHENYL ESTER : Into a solution of diastereomers of of one the two difluorophenyl)-5-methyl-oxazolidin-2-one (0.97 g, 4.55 was added a solution of 60 mL THF butyllithium in hexane (3.06 mmol, 4.9 mmol) dropwise via a syringe under argon atmosphere at -78 ℃. resulting yellow solution was stirred at -78 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 40 This solution was then added dropwise via a min. cannula into another round bottom flask containing a solution of 4-nitrophenylchloroformate (1.03 mmol) in 60 mL of THF, cooled at -78 °C, over a period of 15 min. After five minutes, the flask was removed from the cooling bath and stirring was continued for 1 h. The reaction mixture was quenched by adding ice and it was

extracted with EtOAc. The organic extracts were washed with brine and the organic layer was dried over Na_2SO_4 . The solvent was removed after filtration and the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel with 1:1 hexane/ CH_2Cl_2 followed by CH_2Cl_2 to give the desired product.

5

10

15

20

25

30

The relative configurations of the cis and trans isomers were assigned on the basis of ¹H NMR analysis of the respective p-nitrophenyloxycarbonyl derivatives. isomer, an NOE was observed between the the trans protons of the C-5 methyl group and the proton at C-4. No NOE was observed between the protons at the C-4 and C-5 positions of this isomer, which was thus assigned trans stereochemistry. For the cis isomer, no NOE was observed between the protons of the C-5 methyl group and the proton at C-4. However, a NOE was observed between the protons at the C-4 and C-5 positions, leading us to assign this isomer cis stereochemistry. The vicinal coupling constants of the C-4 protons of cis (J = 7.8Hz) and trans (J = 5.1 Hz) are also consistent with the values reported for similar oxazolidinones, thus helpful in making the stereochemical assignments (Dondoni, A.; Perrone, D.; Semola, T. Synthesis 1995, 181).

Enantiomers of the diastereomers were separated by HPLC by using a Chiralcel OD column (20 x 250 mm) with 80% hexane/20% isopropyl alcohol/ 0.1% diethylamine as the eluting system (12 mL/min) under isocratic conditions (U.V. 254 nm).

In order to assign the absolute configurations at the

oxazolidinone rings, a new stereogenic centers of the designed which employed synthetic route was enantiomerically pure substrate derived from the chiral pool. Commercially available (S) - (+)-methyl lactate was converted into its pyrrolidine amide according to the 5 method of Martin et al (Martin, R.; Pascual, O.; Romea, P.; Rovira, R.; Urpi, F.; Vilarrasa, J. Tetrahedron Lett. 1997, 38, 1633). Following the protection of the (2S)-1-oxo-1-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-2of hydroxy group treatment of tert-TBDMS group, propanol to a 10 (1S) - 1 - methyl - 2 - oxo - 2 - (1 - oxo - 2 - oxo butyl (dimethyl) silyl pyrrolidinyl)ethyl ether with 3,4-difluorophenyllithium (2S) -2-{ [tert-butyl(dimethyl)silyl]oxy}-1-(3,4vielded difluorophenyl)-1-propanone as the sole product, which $(2S) - 2 - \{ [tert$ converted to then 15 butyl(dimethyl)silyl]oxy}-1-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1of the $(2S) - 2 - \{ [tert - (2S) - 2 - (2S) - (2S) - (2S) - (2S) \}$ Reduction propanone oxime. butyl(dimethyl)silyl]oxy}-1-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-1propanone oxime with LiAlH4, N-acylation, and base oxazolidinone provided cyclization induced 20 diastereomers, which were separated by flash column The enantiomeric purity of chromatography. isomers was confirmed by chiral HPLC analysis and their relative configurations were assigned by comparison of their ${}^{1}\!H$ NMR spectra with those of the racemic isomers. 25 As the absolute configuration at C-5 of the lactic acid derived oxazolidinone described above is (S), the C-4 the also has compounds in trans center Accordingly, the absolute configurations configuration. for the stereogenic centers in the cis compounds are 30 assigned accordingly (4R,5S).

4-NITROPHENYL (4S,5R)-4- (3,4-DIFLUOROPHENYL)-5-METHYL-2-OXO-1,3-OXAZOLIDINE-3-CARBOXYLATE: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.25 (d, 2H, J=8.8 Hz), 7.30 - 6.99 (m, 5H), 5.35 (d, 1H, J=7.7 Hz), 5.07 (apparent quintet, 1H), 1.17 (d, 3H, J=6.5 Hz); Anal. Calc. for $C_{17}H_{12}F_2N_2O_6+0.5H_2O$: C, 52.72; H, 3.38; N, 7.23. Found: C, 53.09; H, 3.19; N, 7.50.

5

30

(+) -2-AMINO-3-(3,4-DIFLUORO)-PHENYL-PROPAN-1-OL: (+)-3,4-difluorophenyl alanine (1.0 g, 5.0 mmol) was added 10 in small portions to a stirring suspension of $LiAlH_4$ (0.480 g, 12.5 mmol) in THF (30 mL) at 0 $^{\circ}$ C. resulting gray suspension was then heated at reflux for The reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C and then carefully quenched sequentially with water (0.5 mL), 3 N 15 NaOH (0.5 mL), and water (1.50 mL). The resulting suspension was filtered through a fritted glass funnel. Ether (50 mL) was added to the filter cake and the suspension was heated at reflux temperature for 20 min. The suspension was filtered and was combined with the 20 The combined organics were dried previous filtrate. over MqSO4, filtered and the solvent was removed in vacuo. 2-Amino-3-(3,4-difluoro)-phenyl-propan-1-ol was obtained as a white solid (0.500 g, 100%) which was used in the next step without further purification. 25

(+)-[1-(3,4-DIFLUOROBENZYL)-2-HYDROXY-ETHYL]-CARBAMIC ACID-TERT-BUTYL ESTER: A solution of di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (0.640 g, 2.90 mmol) in CHCl $_3$ (10 mL) was added in one portion to a solution of (+)-2-amino-3-(3,4-difluoro)-phenyl-propan-1-ol (0.500 g, 2.62 mmol) in CHCl $_3$ (20 mL) at 0 $^{\circ}$ C and the resulting solution was stirred overnight at room temperature. The solvent was

removed in vacuo and the residue was chromatographed (2:1 hexane-EtOAc, followed by EtOAc), giving (+)-[1-(3,4-difluorobenzyl)-2-hydroxy-ethyl]-carbamic acid-tert-butyl ester as a white solid (0.640 g, 99%).

(+)-4-(3,4-DIFLUORO-BENZYL)-OXAZOLIDIN-2-ONE: A solution of (+)-[1-(3,4-difluorobenzyl)-2-hydroxy-ethyl]-carbamic acid-tert-butyl ester (1.00 g, 4.00 mmol) in THF (10 mL) was added via a dropping funnel to a stirring suspension of 95% NaH (0.12 g, 5.0 mmol) in THF (20 mL) at room temperature. The resulting suspension was stirred for 3 h and then quenched carefully with water (10 mL). The biphasic mixture was extracted with $\rm Et_2O$ (50 mL), washed with brine, filtered and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The resulting gummy residue was purified by column chromatography ($\rm R_f = 0.25$, 3:2 hexane-EtOAc), to give the desired product as a white solid (0.320 g, 76%).

(+)-4-(3,4-DIFLUORO-BENZYL)-OXAZOLIDIN-2-ONE-3-

CARBOXYLIC ACID-4-NITRO-PHENYL ESTER: A solution of (+)-4-(3,4-difluoro-benzyl)-oxazolidin-2-one (0.210 g, 1.0 mmol) in THF (10 mL) was added dropwise via a dropping funnel to a stirring suspension of NaH (30.0 mg, 1.30 mmol) in anhydrous THF (10 mL) under argon. The resulting suspension was stirred at room temperature for 30 min. This suspension was then added dropwise via cannula to a solution of 4-nitrophenylchloroformate (0.300 g, 1.50 mmol) in THF (20 mL) at -78 °C over 15 min. Stirring was continued for 2 h after which the solvent was removed and the residue was purified by column chromatography (1:1 hexane/CH₂Cl₂, followed by

 CH_2Cl_2 ; $R_f=$ 0.4, CH_2Cl_2), to give the desired product as a yellow solid (0.350 g, 82%).

Similarly, following the above procedure, 4-nitrophenyl 4-(4-fluorobenzyl)-2-oxo-1,3-oxazolidine-3-carboxylate was obtained by substituting (+)-3,4-diflourophenyl alanine with p-fluorophenyl alanine:

5

20

25

30

4-NITROPHENYL 4-(4-FLUOROBENZYL)-2-OXO-1,3-OXAZOLIDINE
3-CARBOXYLATE: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.32 (d, 2H, J=9.3 Hz), 7.42 (d, 2H, J=8.9 Hz), 7.24-6.99 (m, 4H), 4.69 - 4.59 (m, 1H), 4.35 (t, 1H, J=8.6 Hz), 4.23 (dd, 1H, J=2.7, 9.3 Hz), 3.37 (dd, 1H, J=3.8, 13.6 Hz), 2.94 (dd, 1H, J=9.3, 13.6 Hz); Anal. Calc. for C₁₇H₁₃FN₂O₆: C, 56.67; H, 3.64; N, 7.77. Found: C, 56.94; H, 3.76; N, 7.71.

2-[6-(4-PHENYL-1-PIPERIDINYL) HEXYL]-1H-ISOINDOLE-

1,3(2H)-DIONE: To the 500 ml RB-flask was added 4phenylpiperidine hydrochloride (5 g, 25 mmol), (15.5 g, 50 mmol), bromohexyl) phthalimide ml, 125 (21.8 diisopropylethylamine tetrabutylammonium iodide (0.2 g), and dioxane (250 ml) at room temperaturé. The reaction mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 72 h. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the crude product was purified by flash chromatography (98:2 = Chloroform : 2N ammonia in methanol) to afford 7.67 g of the desired product (77% yield): 1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.78-7.79 (m, 2H), 7.74-7.65 (m, 2H), 7.32-7.14 (m, 5H), 3.69 (t, 2H, J=7.35 Hz), 3.06 (d, J=11.0 Hz), 2.49 (quintet, 1H, J=7.6 Hz), 2.36 (t, 2H, J=7.6 Hz), 2.02 (t, 2H, J=12.5 Hz), 1.82 (br s, 4H), 1.69 (t, 2H, J=6.3 Hz), 1.54 (br s, 2H), 1.37 (br s,

4H); ESMS m/e: 391.3 (M + H) $^{+}$; Anal. Calc. for $C_{25}H_{30}N_{2}O_{2}+0.2H_{2}O$: C, 76.19; H, 7.77; N, 7.11. Found: C, 76.14; H, 7.38; N, 7.13.

- METHOD I. General procedure for the Preparation of the 5 4-[4-(3-aminophenyl)-1-piperidinyl]-1substituted 4-(3mixture of (phenyl) -1-butanones: Α (2.0 mmol), 2.4 mmol of the aminophenyl)piperidine appropriate substituted phenyl butyryl chloride (e.g. 4-4-chloro-3',4'chloro-4'-phenoxybutyrophenone, 10 dimethylbutyrophenone, 4-chloro-4'-chlorobutyrophenone, 4-chloro-3',4'y-chlorobutyrophenone, dimethoxybutyrophenone), 3.0 mmol of K_2CO_3 , and 10 mg of 18-crown-6 in 5 mL of toluene were heated at 110 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ for The reaction mixture was concentrated and 2.5 days. 15 methanol in silica (5% chromatographed on dichloromethane) to give the desired compound:
- 4-[4-(3-AMINOPHENYL)-1-PIPERIDINYL]-1-(4-PHENOXYPHENYL)20 1-BUTANONE: Using Method I, the desired product was obtained. 305 mg; ESMS m/e: 415.4 (M + H)⁺.
- 4-[4-(3-AMINOPHENYL)-1-PIPERIDINYL]-1-(3,4-DIMETHYLPHENYL)-1-BUTANONE: Using Method I, the desired product was obtained. 320 mg; ESMS m/e: 351.3 (M + H)⁺.
 - 4-[4-(3-AMINOPHENYL)-1-PIPERIDINYL]-1-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)1-BUTANONE: Using Method I, the desired product was obtained. 500 mg; Anal. Calc for C₂₁H₂₅ClN₂O+0.3H₂O: C,

 69.62; H, 7.12; N, 7.73. Found: C, 69.63; H, 7.34; N,

 7.60; ESMS m/e: 357.3 (M + H)⁺.

4-[4-(3-AMINOPHENYL)-1- PIPERIDINYL]-1-PHENYL-1-BUTANONE: Using Method I, the desired product was obtained. 250 mg; Anal. Calc for $C_{21}H_{26}N_2O+0.2H_2O$: C, 77.36; H, 8.16; N, 8.59. Found: C, 77.55; H, 8.12; N, 8.75; ESMS m/e: 323.3 (M + H)⁺.

4 - [4 - (3 - AMINOPHENYL) - 1 - PIPERIDINYL] - 1 - (2, 4 -

DIMETHOXYPHENYL)-1-BUTANONE: Using Method I, the desired product was obtained. 330 mg; Anal. Calc for $C_{23}H_{30}N_2O_3+0.5H_2O$: C, 70.56; H, 7.98; N, 7.16. Found: C, 70.69; H, 7.87; N, 6.99; ESMS m/e : 383.3 (M + H) $^+$.

General Procedure for the Acylation or METHOD II. Sulfonylation of the Substituted 4-[4-(3-Aminophenyl)-1piperidinyl]-1-(4-phenyl)-1-butanones: A mixture of 1 equivalent of a substituted 4-[4-(3-aminophenyl)-1piperidinyl]-1-(4-phenyl)-1-butanone, 1.5 equivalent of acid chloride or a sulfonyl chloride, equivalents of diisopropylethylamine, in dichloromethane was stirred at room temperature for two days. reaction mixture was applied to a preparative TLC plate with dichloromethane: methanol (15:1,eluted to give the desired containing 1% isopropyl amine) product.

25

30

5

10

15

20

METHOD III. General procedure for the Preparation of the substituted 4-N-(3-{1-[4-(phenyl)-4-oxobutyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)acetamides: A mixture of N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]acetamide (1.0 eq) and an aryl substituted chlorobutyrophenone (2.0 eq), K_2CO_3 (5.0 eq), diisopropylethylamine (3.0 eq) and tetrabutylammonium iodide (cat. 5-10%) in dioxane (0.5 to 1.0 M) were heated at reflux temperature for 16 h. The reaction

mixture was filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was chromatographed using silica preparative TLC (chloroform : methanol containing 0.5% isopropyl amine) to give the desired product.

5

10

15

20

25

30

Example 1

N-(3-{1-[4-(3,4-DIMETHYLPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) ACETAMIDE: Using Method III, the desired product was obtained. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) & 7.75 (s, 1H), 7.71 (d, 1H, J=7.6 Hz), 7.45 (d, 2H, J=7.2 Hz), 7.35 (s, 1H), 7.26-7.22 (m, 2H), 6.93 (d, 1H, J=7.6 Hz), 3.24-3.21 (m, 2H), 3.04 (t, 2H, J=7.0 Hz), 2.67-2.63 (m, 2H), 2.59-2.48 (m, 1H), 2.32 (s, 6H), 2.30-2.27 (m, 2H), 2.18 (s, 3H), 2.14-2.06 (m, 2H), 2.00-1.80 (m, 4H); ESMS m/e: 393.3 (M + H)⁺.

Example 2

 $N - (3 - \{1 - [4 - (3, 4 - DIMETHYLPHENYL) - 4 - OXOBUTYL] - 4 -$

PIPERIDINYL } PHENYL) - 2 - METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture of 2-methyl-N-[3-(4mmol) 0.0500 q (0.200)piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide, 0.100 g (0.480 mmol) of 4-chloro-3',4'-dimethylbutyrophenone, 0.080 mmol) of K_2CO_3 and 0.090 g (0.600 mmol) of NaI in 5 mL of DMF was heated at reflux temperature for 18 hours. reaction mixture was filtered, the filtrate was poured into 5 mL of water and washed with 3 X 5 mL of ethyl The combined organic extracts were dried acetate. and purified concentrated in' vacuo $(MgSO_4)$, preparative TLC (silica; 9.5 : 0.5, dichloromethane : methanol + 1% isopropyl amine) to afford 0.067 g (80.0% yield) of the desired product: ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.72 (d, 1H, J=8.0 Hz), 7.44 (s, 1H), 7.38 (d, 1H, J=8.0) Hz), 7.23-7.20 (m, 2H), 7.16 (s, 1H), 6.95 (d, 1H, J=6.8

Hz), 3.13-3.11 (m, 2H), 3.02 (t, 2H, J=7.0 Hz), 2.56-2.40 (m, 4H), 2.32 (s, 6H), 2.17-2.15 (m, 2H), 2.04-1.78 (m, 6H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=6.8 Hz); ESMS m/e: 421.3 (M + H)⁺.

5

10

Example 3

N-(3-{1-[4-(3,4-DIMETHYLPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) CYCLOHEXANECARBOXAMIDE: Using Method II, the desired compound was obtained. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.80-6.81 (m, 7H), 3.41-3.00 (m, 4H), 2.95-2.41 (m, 4H), 2.32 (s, 6H), 2.22-1.05 (m, 18H); ESMS m/e: 461.4 (M + H)⁺.

Example 4

N-(3-{1-[4-(3,4-DIMETHYLPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-PHENYLACETAMIDE: Using Method II, the desired product was obtained. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.85-7.65 (m, 2H), 7.45-6.92 (m, ·10H), 3.76 (s, 2H), 3.10-2.90 (m, 4H), 2.50-2.35 (m, 3H), 2.32 (s, 6H), 20 2.10-1.85 (m, 4H), 1.80-1.60 (m, 4H); ESMS m/e : 469.4 (M + H)⁺.

Example 5

 $N-(3-\{1-[4-(3,4-DIMETHYLPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4-$

PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) -2- (3-METHOXYPHENYL) ACETAMIDE: Using Method II, the desired product was obtained. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.76-7.65 (m, 2H), 7.38-7.12 (m, 6H), 6.95-6.80 (m, 3H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.70 (s, 2H), 3.10-2.90 (m, 4H), 2.50-2.38 (m, 3H), 2.32 (s, 6H), 2.10-1.85 (m, 4H), 30 -1.60 (m, 4H); ESMS m/e : 499.4 (M + H)⁺.

Example 6

 $N-(3-\{1-[4-(3,4-$

DIMETHYLPHENYL) - 4 -

OXOBUTYL] -4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) -2-METHOXYACETAMIDE:

Using Method II, the desired product was obtained. 1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.80-7.75 (m, 2H), 7.50-7.38 (m, 2H), 7.34-6.90 (m, 3H), 4.00 (s, 2H), 3.51 (s, 3H), 3.30-2.95 (m, 4H), 2.70-2.50 (m, 3H), 2.32 (s, 6H), 2.15 -1.80 (m, 8H); ESMS m/e : 423.3 (M + H) $^+$.

Example 7

N-(3-{1-[4-(3,4-DIMETHYLPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) METHANESULFONAMIDE: Using Method II, the desired product was obtained. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.82-7.10 (m, 7H), 3.41 (s, 3H), 3.40-2.85 (m, 4H), 2.82-2.35 (m, 5H), 2.32 (s, 6H), 2.22-1.80 (m, 6H); ESMS m/e: 429.3 (M + H)⁺.

Example 8

N-(3-{1-[4-(3,4-DIMETHYLPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) ETHANESULFONAMIDE: Using Method II, the desired product was obtained. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.75 (s, 1H), 7.71 (d, 1H, J=7.6 Hz); 7.30-7.09 (m, 4H), 7.02 (d, 1H, J=7.2 Hz), 3.36-3.05 (m, 6H), 2.77-2.52 (m, 3H), 2.32 (s, 6H), 2.15-1.82 (m, 8H), 1.37 (t, 3H, J=7.4 Hz); ESMS m/e : 443.3 (M + H)⁺

25

30

20

5

Example 9

N-(3-{1-[4-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) ACETAMIDE: Using Method III, the desired product was obtained. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.92 (d, 2H, J=8.8 Hz), 7.55-7.40 (m, 3H), 7.35 (s, 1H), 7.22 (t, 1H, J=8.0 Hz), 6.92 (d, 1H, J=8.0 Hz), 3.30-3.27 (m, 2H), 3.09 (t, 2H, J=7.0 Hz), 2.76-2.39 (m, 5H), 2.20 (s, 3H), 2.17-1.85 (m, 6H); ESMS m/e : 399.3 $(M + H)^{+}$.

Example 10

5 N-(3-{1-[4-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Using Method
II, the desired product was obtained. ¹H NMR (400 MHz,
CDCl₃) δ 7.93 (d, 2H, J=8.6 Hz), 7.45 (d, 2H, J=8.6 Hz),
7.39 (d, 1H, J=7.2 Hz), 7.32 (s, 1H), 7.24 (t, 1H, J=7.8
Hz), 6.94 (d, 1H, J=8.4 Hz), 3.21-3.18 (m, 2H), 3.05 (t,
2H, J=7.0 Hz), 2.64-2.51 (m, 4H), 2.28-1.86 (m, 8H),
1.26 (d, 6H, J=6.8 Hz); ESMS m/e : 427.3 (M + H)⁺.

Example 11

N-(3-{1-[4-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) CYCLOHEXANECARBOXAMIDE: Using Method II, the desired product was obtained. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.93 (d, 2H, J=8.4 Hz), 7.55-7.19 (m, 5H), 6.93 (d, 1H, J=7.6 Hz), 3.25-3.00 (m, 4H), 2.65-2.45 (m, 4H), 20 2.30-1.50 (m, 18H); ESMS m/e : 467.3 (M + H)⁺.

Example 12

N-(3-{1-[4-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-PHENYLACETAMIDE: Using Method II, the desired product was obtained. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.92 (d, 2H, J=8.4 Hz), 7.46-7.26 (m, 9H), 7.20 (t, 1H, J=7.6 Hz), 6.92 (d, 1H, J=7.6 Hz), 3.75 (s, 2H), 3.15-3.13 (m, 2H), 3.03 (t, 2H, J=7.0 Hz), 2.64-2.46 (m, 3H), 2.22-1.60 (m, 8H); ESMS m/e : 475.3 (M + H)⁺.

Example 13

30

N-(3-{1-[4-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-(3-METHOXYPHENYL)ACETAMIDE: Using

Method II, the desired product was obtained. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.92 (d, 2H, J=8.4 Hz), 7.44 (d, 2H, J=8.4 Hz) 7.38 (s, 1H), 7.35-7.25 (m, 3H), 7.19 (t, 1H, J=7.8 Hz), 6.94-6.86 (m, 3H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.72 (s, 2H), 3.12-3.09 (m, 2H), 3.02 (t, 2H, J=6.8 Hz), 2.57-2.44 (m, 3H), 2.20-1.60 (m, 8H); ESMS m/e : 505.3 (M + H) $^{+}$.

Example 14

N-(3-{1-[4-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHOXYACETAMIDE: Using Method II, the desired product was obtained. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.93 (d, 2H, J=8.4 Hz), 7.50-7.25 (m, 5H), 6.98 (d, 1H, J=7.8 Hz), 4.01 (s, 2H), 3.57 (s, 3H), 3.30-3.15 (m, 2H), 3.06 (t, 2H, J=6.8 Hz), 2.70-2.50 (m, 3H), 2.35-1.80 (m, 8H); ESMS m/e : 429.3 (M + H)⁺.

Example 15

 $N-(3-\{1-[4-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4-$

PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) METHANESULFONAMIDE: Using Method II, the desired product was obtained. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.95-6.96 (m, 8H), 3.48 (s, 3H), 3.28-2.90 (m, 6H), 2.80-2.57 (m, 3H), 2.38-1.86 (m, 6H); ESMS m/e: 435.2 (M + H) $^{+}$.

25

30

5

Example 16

N-(3-{1-[4-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) ETHANESULFONAMIDE: Using Method II, the desired product was obtained. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.93 (d, 2H, J=8.2 Hz), 7.45 (d, 2H, J=8.2 Hz), 7.30-7.08 (m, 3H), 6.99 (d, 1H, J=7.6 Hz), 3.26-3.02 (m, 6H), 2.69-2.45 (m, 3H), 2.32-1.75 (m, 8H), 1.36 (t, 3H), J=7.4 Hz); ESMS m/e : 449.3 (M + H)⁺. Example 17

 $N-{3-[1-(4-OXO-4-PHENYLBUTYL)-4-$

PIPERIDINYL] PHENYL ACETAMIDE: Using Method III, the desired product was obtained. 1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.10-6.80 (m, 9H), 3.40-2.95 (m, 4H), 2.85-2.20 (m, 3H), 2.19 (s, 3H), 2.15-1.70 (m, 8H); ESMS m/e : 365.3 (M + H) $^+$.

10 Example 18

5

15

25

 $2-METHYL-N-{3-[1-(4-OXO-4-PHENYLBUTYL)-4-$

PIPERIDINYL] PHENYL PROPANAMIDE: Using Method II, the desired product was obtained. 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.99 (d, 2H, J=7.4 Hz), 7.57 (t, 1H, J=7.4 Hz), 7.48 (t, 2H, J=7.4 Hz), 7.45-7.20 (m, 2H), 7.24 (t, 1H, J=8.0 Hz), 6.94 (d, 1H, 8.0 Hz), 3.24-3.21 (m, 2H), 3.09 (t, 2H, J=7.0 Hz), 2.57-2.25 (m, 4H), 2.31-1.84 (m; 8H), 1.26 (d, 6H, J=7.2 Hz); ESMS m/e : 393.3 (M + H)⁺.

20 Example 19

N-{3-[1-(4-OXO-4-PHENYLBUTYL)-4-PIPERIDINYL]PHENYL}-2-PHENYLACETAMIDE: Using Method II, the desired product was obtained. 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.98 (d, 2H, J=7.6 Hz), 7.65-7.15 (m, 11H), 6.92 (d, 2H, J=7.2 Hz), 3.74 (s, 2H), 3.20-2.95 (m, 4H), 2.65-2.40 (m, 3H), 2.25-1.70 (m, 8H); ESMS m/e : 441.3 (M + H)⁺.

Example 20

 $2-(3-METHOXYPHENYL)-N-{3-[1-(4-OXO-4-PHENYLBUTYL)-4-PHENYLBUTYL)}$

piperidinyL] phenyL} acetamide: Using Method II, the desired product was obtained. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.98 (d, 2H, J=7.6 Hz), 7.56 (t, 1H, J=7.62 Hz), 7.46 (t, 2H, J=7.6 Hz), 7.40 (s, 1H), 7.37-7.26 (m, 2H), 7.19

(t, 1H, J=7.8 Hz), 6.94- 6.86 (m, 3H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 3.12-3.03 (m, 4H), 2.57-2.44 (m, 3H), 2.16-1.77 (m, 8H); ESMS m/e : 471.3 (M + H)⁺.

5 Example 21

N-(3-{1-[4-(2,4-DIMETHOXYPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) ACETAMIDE: Using Method III, the desired product was obtained. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.82 (d, 1H, J=8.8 Hz), 7.54 (d, 1H, J=7.6 Hz), 7.33 (s, 1H), 7.22 (t, 1H, J=7.6 Hz), 6.93 (d, 1H, J=7.6 Hz), 6.53 (d, 1H, J=8.8 Hz), 6.46 (s, 1H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 3.48-3.27 (m, 2H), 3.05 (t, 2H, J=6.8 Hz), 2.90-2.68 (m, 2H), 2.65-2.38 (m, 3H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 2.18-1.80 (m, 6H); ESMS m/e : 425.3 (M + H)⁺.

15

10

Example 22

N-(3-{1-[4-(2,4-DIMETHOXYPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4
PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Using Method

II, the desired product was obtained. ¹H NMR (400 MHz,

CDCl₃) δ 7.98 (d, 1H, J=8.6 Hz), 7.41-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.24

(t, 1H, J=7.8 Hz), 6.96 (d, 1H, J=7.8 Hz), 6.54 (d, 1H,

J=8.6 Hz), 6.46 (s, 1H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.86 (s, 3H),

3.11-3.08 (m, 2H), 2.98 (t, 2H, J=7.2 Hz), 2.53-2.46 (m,

4H), 2.13-1.79 (m, 8H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=6.8 Hz); ESMS m/e

25 : 453.3 (M + H)⁺.

Example 23

N-(3-{1-[4-(2,4-DIMETHOXYPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-PHENYLACETAMIDE: Using Method II, the desired product was obtained. 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.85 (m, 12H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 3.74 (s, 2H), 3.22-2.90 (m, 4H), 2.64-2.40 (m, 3H), 2.25-1.70 (m, 8H); ESMS m/e : 501.3 (M + H)⁺.

Example 24

5

10

N-(3-{1-[4-(2,4-DIMETHOXYPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-(3-METHOXYPHENYL) ACETAMIDE: Using Method II, the desired product was obtained. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.82 (d, 1H, J=8.8 Hz), 7.48-7.15 (m, 5H), 6.95-6.80 (m, 3H), 6.58-6.45 (m, 2H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.72 (s, 2H), 3.25-2.95 (m, 4H), 2.65-2.40 (m, 3H), 2.30-1.95 (m, 4H), 1.93-1.72 (m, 4H);

Example 25

ESMS $m/e : 531.3 (M + H)^{+}$.

N-(3-{1-[4-OXO-4-(4-PHENOXYPHENYL)BUTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) ACETAMIDE: Using Method III, the desired product was obtained. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.15-6.75 (m, 13H), 3.30-2.80 (m, 4H), 2.75-2.10 (m, 5H), 2.03 (s, 3H), 2.00-1.60 (m, 6H); ESMS m/e : 457.3 (M + H)⁺. Example 26

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[4-OXO-4-(4-PHENOXYPHENYL)BUTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Using Method II, the desired product was obtained. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.96 (d, 2H, J=8.8 Hz), 7.43-7.15 (m, 6H), 7.10-6.93 (m, 5H), 3.42-2.95 (m, 4H), 2.80-2.45 (m, 4H), 2.20-1.80 (m, 8H), 1.14 (d, 6H, J=6.8 Hz); ESMS m/e : 485.4 (M + H)⁺.

Example 27

2-(3-METHOXYPHENYL)-N-(3-{1-[4-OXO-4-(4-PHENOXYPHENYL)BUTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)ACETAMIDE:

Using Method II, the desired product was obtained. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.97 (d, 2H, J=8.8 Hz), 7.41-7.18 (m, 7H), 7.08-6.99 (m, 5H), 6.94-6.87 (m, 3H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.70 (s, 2H), 3.10-2.95 (m, 4H), 2.55-2.40 (m, 3H),

2.15-1.95 (m, 4H), 1.81- 1.70 (m, 4H); ESMS m/e : 563.4 (M + H) $^{+}$.

Example 28

N'-(3-{1-[4-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-N,N-DIMETHYLSULFAMIDE: Using Method
II, the desired product was obtained. ¹H NMR (400 MHz,
CDCl₃) δ 7.93 (d, 2H, J=8.8 Hz), 7.44 (d, 2H, J=8.8 Hz),
7.27 (s, 1H), 7.25-7.10 (m, 2H), 6.94 (d, 1H, J=7.6 Hz),
3.30-3.10 (m, 2H), 3.04 (t, 2H, J=6.8 Hz), 2.83 (s, 6H),
2.68-2.45 (m, 3H), 2.30-1.75 (m, 8H); ESMS m/e : 464.3
(M + H)⁺.

Example 29

N-(3-{1-[4-OXO-4-(2-THIENYL)BUTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) ACETAMIDE: Using Method III, the desired product was obtained. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90-6.78 (m, 7H), 3.22-2.88 (m, 4H), 2.69-2.25 (m, 5H), 2.02 (s, 3H), 2.00-1.64 (m, 6H); ESMS m/e : 371.2 (M +

Example 30

N-(3-{1-[4-(4-ISOPROPYLPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)ACETAMIDE: Using Method III, the desired product was obtained. 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.00-6.78 (m, 8H), 3.15-2.98 (m, 4H), 2.77-2.15 (m, 4H), 2.03 (s, 3H), 2.00-1.62 (m, 8H), 0.927 (d, 6H, J=6.0 Hz); ESMS m/e : 407.3 (M + H)⁺.

30 Example 31

N-(3-{1-[4-(4-METHYLPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)ACETAMIDE: Using Method III, the desired product was obtained. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3) δ

7.90-6.80 (m, 8H), 3.10- 2.45 (m, 7H), 2.32 (S, 3H), 2.02 (s, 3H), 2.01-1.68 (m, 8H); ESMS m/e : 379.3 $(M + H)^{+}$.

5 Example 32

10

25

30

N-(3-{1-[4-(4-BROMOPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)ACETAMIDE: Using Method III, the desired product was obtained. 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90-6.80 (m, 8H), 3.30-3.05 (m, 4H), 2.70-2.45 (m, 3H), 2.05 (s, 3H), 1.98-1.65 (m, 8H); ESMS m/e : 444.0 (M + H) $^+$.

EXAMPLE 33

N-(3-{1-[4-(3,4-DIMETHYLPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4-

PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) - 2 - PROPANESULFONAMIDE: Using Method II, the desired product was obtained. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDC1₃) δ 7.75 (s, 1H), 7.71 (d, 1H, J=7.6 Hz), 7.27-7.00 (m, 5H), 3.32-3.24 (m, 3H), 3.10-3.02 (m, 2H), 2.78-2.50 (m, 3H), 2.32 (s, 6H), 2.19-1.84 (m, 8H), 1.39 (d, 6H, J=6.8 Hz); ESMS m/e : 457.4 (M + H)⁺.

Example 34

N-(3-{1-[4-OXO-4-(4-PHENOXYPHENYL)BUTYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-PROPANESULFONAMIDE: Using Method
II, the desired product was obtained. ¹H NMR (400 MHz,
CDCl₃) δ 7.97 (d, 2H, J=7.6 Hz), 7.44 (t, 2H, J=7.6 Hz),
7.27-7.00 (m, 9H), 3.35-2.96 (m, 5H), 2.69-2.45 (m, 3H),
2.14-1.79 (m, 8H), 1.39 (d, 6H, J=6.8 Hz); ESMS m/e:
521.4 (M + H)⁺.

Example 35

N-(3-{1-[3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-3-METHOXYPROPYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture of 3-

chlorophenyl) -1methoxy-3-(pchloropropane (27.4 mg, 0.125 mmol), 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-(28.3 mg, 0.125 mmol), piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide diisopropylethylamine (0.50 mL) and catalytic amount of (2.0 mL) was tetrabutylammonium iodide in dioxane 5 The reaction mixture was stirred at 90 °C for 72 hrs. concentrated to a small volume and chromatographed using preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH_3 (2.0 M in methanol) $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-3$ gave methoxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide 10 (39.5 mg, 73.8% yield) as a thick oil: ^1H NMR δ 7.48 (S, 1 H), 7.34-7.3 (m, 2H), 7.25 (m, 4H), 6.96 (d, 1H, J=7.4 Hz), 4.20 (apparent dd, 1H, J=5.9, 7.6 Hz), 3.2 (s, 3H), 3.04 (d, 1H, J=10.1 Hz), 2.99 (d, 1H, J=10.1 Hz), 2.49(h, 4H, J=6.6 Hz), 2.20-2.10 (m, 4H), 1.82 (m, 4H), 1.2515 (d, 6H, J=7.1 Hz); ESMS m/e: 429.4 (M + H)⁺.

Example 36

N-(3-{1-[6-(1,3-DIOXO-1,3-DIHYDRO-2H-ISOINDOL-2-

YL) HEXYL] -4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) -2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: The 20 synthetic method is the same as described for 2-[6-(4phenyl-1-piperidinyl)hexyl]-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione. $N-(3-\{1-[6-(1,3-dioxo-1,3-dihydro-2H-isoindol-2$ yl)hexyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide: mg (56% yield); 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.86-7.80 (m, 25 2H), 7.73-7.68 (m, 2H), 7.44 (s, 1H), 7.37 (d, 1H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.22 (t, 1H, J=7.7 Hz), 6.96 (d, 1H, J=7.7 Hz), 3.69 (t, 2H, J=7.2 Hz), 3.01 (apparent d, 2H, J=11.31.98 (dt, 2H) 2.58-2.40 (m, 2H), 2.33 (m, J=3.2, 11.3 Hz), 1.84-1.64 (m, 4H), 1.51 (q, 2H, J=7.130 Hz), 1.43-1.30 (m, 6H), 1.24 (d, 6H, J=6.8 Hz); ESMS $m/e: 476.4 (M + H)^{+}$.

Example 37

 $N-\{3-[1-(3-METHOXY-3-PHENYLPROPYL)-4-$ PIPERIDINYL] PHENYL} - 2 - METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture of 3methoxy-3-phenyl-1-chloropropane (23.1 mg, 0.126 mmol), 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide (28.3)5 mg, 0.126 mmol), diisopropylethylamine (0.50 mL) and catalytic amount of tetrabutylammonium iodide in dioxane (2.0 mL) was stirred at 90 °C for 72 hrs. Chromatography using silica preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH_3 (2.0 M gave $N - \{3 - [1 - (3 - methoxy - 3 - meth$ methanol) in CHCl₃] 10 phenylpropyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}-2-methylpropanamide (45.4 mg, 91.2% yield) as a thick oil: ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.45 (S, 1 H), 7.34-7.25 (m, 5H), 7.25 (m, 2H), 6.96 (d, 1H, J=7.4 Hz), 4.20 (apparent dd, 1H, J=5.9, 7.6 Hz), 3.2 (s, 3H), 3.04 (d, 1H, J=10.1 Hz), 2.99 (d, 15 J=10.1Hz), 2.49 (apparent sept, partially hidden, 4H, J=6.6 Hz), 2.3-2.1(m, 4H), 1.82 (m, 4H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=7.1 Hz); ESMS m/e: 395.4 (M + H)⁺.

20 Example 38

N-(3-{1-[4-(1,3-DIOXO-1,3-DIHYDRO-2H-ISOINDOL-2-YL)BUTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: The synthetic method is the same as described for 2-[6-(4-phenyl-1-piperidinyl)hexyl]-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione.

N-(3-{1-[4-(1,3-dioxo-1,3-dihydro-2H-isoindol-2-yl)butyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide: 664 mg (74% yield); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.87-7.78 (m, 2H), 7.76-7.64 (m, 2H), 7.47 (s, 1H), 7.39 (d, 1H, J=7.6 Hz), 7.21 (t, 1H, J=8.1 Hz), 6.94 (d, 1H, J=7.6 Hz), 3.72 (t, 2H, J=6.8 Hz), 3.37-3.22 (m, 2H), 3.0 (apparent d, 2H, J=10.7 Hz), 2.75 (q, 2H, J=7.0 Hz), 2.64-2.33 (m, 4H), 1.99 (dt, 2H, J=2.6, 11.7 Hz), 1.86-1.65 (m, 2H); 1.63-1.50 (m, 2H), 1.23 and 1,21 (two d, 6H, J=5.5 Hz);

ESMS m/e: 448.4 (M + H)⁺; Anal. Calc. for $C_{27}H_{34}N_3ClO_3+0.4H_2O$: C, 66.02; H, 7.14; N, 8.55. Found: C, 66.07; H, 6.78; N, 8.65.

5 Example 39

10

15

20

YL) BUTYL] -4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) -2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: synthetic method is the same as described for 2-[6-(4phenyl-1-piperidinyl)hexyl]-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione. $N-(3-\{1-[5-(1,3-dioxo-1,3-dihydro-2H-isoindol-2$ yl)pentyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide: 614 mg (64% yield); ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl $_{3}$) δ 7.87-7.8 (m, 2H), 7.76-7.68 (m, 2H), 7.48 (s, 1H), 7.41 (d, 1H, J=7.6 Hz), 7.21 (t, 1H, J=7.6 Hz), 6.95 (d, 1H, J=7.6Hz), 3.69 (t, 2H, J=7.2 Hz), 3.39-3.28 (m, 2H), 3.02 (apparent d, 2H, J=11.6 Hz), 2.78 (q, 2H, J=7.2 Hz), 2.64-2.52 (m, 1H), 2.52-2.40 (m, 1H), 2.40-2.31 (m, 2H), 2.01 (dt, 2H, J=3.7, 11.1 Hz), 1.85-1.64 (m, 2H), 1.58(q, 2H, J=7.6 Hz), 1.45-1.32 (m, 2H), 1.23 (d, 6H, J=6.9) $(M + H)^+$; Anal. Calc. for Hz); ESMS m/e: 462.4

 $C_{28}H_{36}N_3ClO_3$: C, 67.52; H, 7.29; N, 8.44. Found: C, 67.04;

Example 40

H, 7.06; N, 8.38.

2-METHYL-N-{3-[1-(4-PHENYLBUTYL)-4PIPERIDINYL]PHENYL}PROPANAMIDE: A mixture of 2-methylN-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide (28.3 mg, 0.100 mmol), 4-phenyl-1-chlorobutane (21.1 mg, 0.125 mmol), diisopropylethylamine (0.50 mL), catalytic amount of tetrabutylammonium iodide and dioxane (2.0 mL) was heated at reflux temperature for 3 days. The reaction mixture was concentrated and chromatographed using preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH₃ (2.0 M in methanol)

in CHCl₃] afforded the product, 2-methyl-N- $\{3-[1-(4-\text{phenylbutyl})-4-\text{piperidinyl}\}$ propanamide (9.50 mg, 25.1% yield) as a thick oil: ¹H NMR δ 7.37 (s, 1H), 7.29 (apparent d, 1H, J=7.9 Hz), 7.18 (m, 3H), 7.11 (m, 3H), 6.90 (apparent d, 1H, J=7.9 Hz), 3.02 (d, 2H, J=6.8 Hz), 2.41 (m, 4H, partially hidden), 2.01 (m, 2H), 1.78 (m, 4H), 1.57 (m, 4H), 1.18 (d, 6H, J=7.7 Hz); ESMS m/e: 379.4 (M + H)⁺.

10 Example 41

N-(3-{1-[3-(1,3-DIOXO-1,3-DIHYDRO-2H-ISOINDOL-2-YL)PROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

The synthetic method is the same as described for 2-[6-(4-phenyl-1-piperidinyl)hexyl]-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)
dione. N-(3-{1-[3-(1,3-dioxo-1,3-dihydro-2H-isoindol-2-yl)propyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide:

810 mg (93% yield); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₂) δ 7.87-7.82 (m, 2H), 7.73-7.68 (m, 2H), 7.57 (s, 1H), 7.36 (d, 1H, J=8.5 Hz), 7.18 (t, 1H, J=7.7 Hz), 6.79 (d, 1H, J=7.1 Hz), 3.78 (t, 2H, J=6.8 Hz), 3.06 (quintet, 2H, J=6 Hz), 2.95 (apparent d, 2H, J=12.2 Hz), 2.58-2.31 (m, 4H), 1.96-1.83 (m, 2H), 1.70 (apparent d, 2H, J=12.1 Hz), 1.52 (dt, 2H, J=3.5, 12.5 Hz), 1.03 (d, 6H, J=6.5 Hz);

25 Example 42

ESMS $m/e: 434.4 (M + H)^{+}$.

N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-HYDROXY-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4
PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture of (S)-(-)-3-chloro-1-phenyl-1-propanol (0.426 g, 2.50 mmol, 99%ee), 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide (0.565 g, 2.00 mmol), disopropylethylamine (1.29 g, 10.0 mmol), dioxane (5.0 mL) and catalytic amount of tetrabutylammonium iodide

was stirred at 90 °C for 72 hrs. Chromatography using silica preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH₃ (2.0 M in methanol) in CHCl₃] gave the desired product (306 mg, 39.3 % yield) as a thick oil: 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.46 (S, 1 H), 7.42 (d, 4H, J=3.1 Hz), 7.35 (m, 1 H), 7.30 (d, 1 H, J=8.0 Hz), 7.23 (t, 1H, J=8.1 Hz), 7.12 (s, 1H), 6.96 (apparent dd, 1H, J=8.0 Hz), 5.0 (apparent dd, 1H, J=4.4, 8.3 Hz), 3.18 (apparent dd, 2H, J=2.5, 12.5 Hz), 2.74 (m, 2 H), 2.50 (m, 2H), 2.3-2.1 (m, 6H), 1.8 (m, 2H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=7.1 Hz); ESMS m/e: 389.2 (M + H) $^{+}$.

Example 43

5

10

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-METHOXY-3-(4-METHYLPHENYL) PROPYL]-4-$

PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) - 2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture of 15 3-methoxy-3-(p-tolyl)-1-chloropropane (24.9) mmol), 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide (28.3 mg, 0.126 mmol), diisopropylethylamine (0.50 mL) and catalytic amount of tetrabutylammonium iodide in dioxane (2.0 mL) was stirred at 90 °C for 72 hrs. 20 Chromatography using silica preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH₃ (2.0 M in methanol) in CHCl₃] gave the desired product (10.9 mg, 21.2 % yield) as a thick oil: 1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.44 (s, 1 H), 7.38 (m, 1H), 7.3-7.1 (m, 5 H), 6.96 (d, 1H, J=7.4 Hz), 4.18 (apparent dd, 1H, 25 J=5.6, 7.9 Hz), 3.24 (d, 1H, J=8.2 Hz), 3.2 (s, 3H), 3.11 (m, 2H, J=10.1Hz), 2.49 (m, 4H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 2.3-2.1(m, 3H), 1.92 (d, 4H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=7.1 Hz); ESMS $m/e: 409.4 (M + H)^{+}$

30

Example 44

N-{3-[1-(3-ISOPROPOXY-3-PHENYLPROPYL)-4PIPERIDINYL]PHENYL}-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture of 3-

chloropropane (26.6 isopropyl-3'-phenyl-1-2-methyl-N-[3-(4mmol), 0.126 piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide (28.3 mg, 0.126 mmol), diisopropylethylamine (0.50 mL) and catalytic amount of mL) (2.0 tetrabutylammonium iodide dioxane in 5 stirred at 90 °C for 72 hrs. Chromatography using silica preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH_3 (2.0 M in methanol) in $CHCl_3$] gave the desired product (14.1 mg, 26.5% yield) as a thick oil: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl $_3)$ δ 7.46 (s, 1H), 7.43-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.33 (m, 3H), 7.23 (m, 2H), 6.95 (d, 10 lH, J=8.4 Hz), 4.46 (apparent dd, 1H, J=5.0, 8.3 Hz), 3.49 (apparent sept, 1H, J=7.1 Hz), 3.10 (s, 2H), 2.70 2H), 2.52 (apparent sept, partially hidden, 4H, J=6.6 Hz), 2.30-2.10 (m, 2H), 1.90-1.80 (d, 4H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=7.1 Hz), 1.15 (d, 3H, J=6.4 Hz), 1.08 (d, 3H, 15 J=6.4 Hz); ESMS $m/e: 423.4 (M + H)^+$.

Example 45

N- (3-{1-[4,4-BIS(4-FLUOROPHENYL)BUTYL]-4-

PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) - 2 - METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture 20 4,4-bis(4-fluoro-phenyl)-1-chloro-butane (39.0 mg, 0.126 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide (28.3 mg, 0.126 mmol), diisopropylethylamine (0.50 mL) and catalytic amount of tetrabutylammonium iodide dioxane (2.0 mL) was stirred at 90 °C for 72 hrs. 25 Chromatography using silica preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH_3 (2.0 M in methanol) in $CHCl_3$] gave the desired product (15.9 mg, 25.2 % yield) as a thick oil: ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.02 (s, 1H), 7.41 (s, 1H), 7.3-7.15 (m, 4H), 7.10 (m, 3H), 6.89 (apparent t, 5H), 3.81 (t, 30 J=7.8 Hz), 3.30 (s, 1H), 2.91 (d, 1H, J=12,5 Hz), 2.80 (m, 1H), 2.40 (m, 2H), 2.31 (t, 1H, J=8.0 Hz), 1.93 (apparent q, 3H, J=8.0 Hz), 1.72 (m, 3H), 1.40 (m, 2H),

1.20 (m, 2H), 1.15 (d, 6H, J=8.1 Hz); ESMS m/e: 491.4 (M + H)

EXAMPLE 46

N-{3-[1-(3-METHOXYBENZYL)-4-PIPERIDINYL]PHENYL}-2-5 2-methyl-N-[3-(4of METHYLPROPANAMIDE: mixture Α piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide (28.3 mg, 0.100 mmol), 3-0.125 chloride (19.6 mg, methoxybenzyl mL), catalytic amount of diisopropylethylamine (0.50 tetrabutylammonium iodide and dioxane (2.0 10 Chromatography using silica preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH_3 (2.0 M in methanol) in $CHCl_3$] afforded the desired product (10.2 mg, 27.9% yield) as a yellow solid: 1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.46 (s, 1H), 7.35 (apparent d, 1H, J=8.3~Hz), 7.27-7.21 (m, 2H), 6.95 (apparent t, 3H, 15 J=6.9 Hz), 6.82 (apparent dd, 1H, J=2.4, 8.3 Hz), 3.84 (m, 3H), 3.56 (s, 2H), 3.05 (d, 2H, J=10.5 Hz), 2.51(apparent sept, partially hidden, .4H, J=7.2 Hz), 2.13 (apparent t, 2H, J=9.7 Hz), 1.88 (m, 2H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=6.7 Hz); ESMS m/e: 367.3 (M + H)⁺. 20

Example 47

25

30

 $N-(3-\{1-[3,5-BIS(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)BENZYL]-4-$ PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) -2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture of 2methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide (28.3 mg, mmol), 3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzyl (38.4 mg, 0.125 mmol), diisopropylethylamine (0.50 mL), tetrabutylammonium · iodide amount of catalytic Chromatography using mL). (2.0 dioxane preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH₃ (2.0 M in methanol) in $CHCl_3$] gave the desired product (12.2 mg, 25.8% yield) as a thick oil: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3) δ 7.83 (s, 2H), 7.77 (s, 1H), 7.53 (s, 1H), 7.30-7.21 (m, 2H), 7.16 (s,

1H), 6.98 (apparent d, 1H, J=7.6 Hz), 3.62 (s, 2H), 2.94 (d, 2H, J=9.4 Hz), 2.51 (apparent sept, partially hidden, 2H, J=6.6 Hz), 2.14 (m, 2H), 1.82 (m, 4H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=6.6 Hz); ESMS m/e: 473.2 (M + H)⁺.

5

15

20

25

30

Example 48

N-(3-{1-[(3R)-3-(3,4-DIMETHOXYPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE

10 Method A

 $4-\{[(1R)-3-chloro-1-phenylpropyl]oxy\}-1,2-$

dimethoxybenzene: A mixture of 3,4-dimethoxyphenol (4.07 g, 26.4 mmol), (S)-(-)-3-chloro-phenyl-1-propanol (4.50 Aldrich Chemical mmol, 99%ee, 26.4 26.4 mmol) and diethyl (6.92 g, triphenylphosphine azodicarboxylate (4.59 g, 26.4 mmol) in THF (110 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 24 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo. At this point, the residue can either be washed with pentane (x3) and the concentrated were extracts combined pentane chromatographed (silica with hexanes-EtOAc 8:1 as the eluent) to give the desired product (as described as a general procedure by: Srebnik, M.; Ramachandran, P.V.; Brown, H.C. J. Org. Chem. 1988, 53, 2916-2920). procedure was performed on a smaller scale reaction and only a 40% yield of the product was realized.

Alternatively, on a larger scale (26.4 mmol), the crude product was triturated with a small amount of dichloromethane and the precipitated triphenylphosphine oxide was filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude product was chromatographed to give the desired product as a thick yellow oil (7.30 g, 88.9%

yield): ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.39-7.32 (m, 4H), 7.20 (m, 1H), 6.64 (d, 1H, J=8.7 Hz), 6.51 (d, 1H, J=2.7 Hz), 6.30 (dd, 1H, J=2.7, 8.7 Hz), 5.27 (apparent dd, 1H, J=4.5, 8.7 Hz), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.61 (m, 1H), 2.45 (m, 1 H), 2.20 (m, 1H), 1.80 (s, 1H); ESMS m/e: 307.11 (M+H)⁺.

 $N-(3-\{1-[(3R)-3-(3,4-DIMETHOXYPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-$ 4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture of potassium carbonate (321 mg, 2.32 mmol), sodium iodide 10 mmol), 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-3.48 (522 mg, piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide (570 mg, 2.32 mmol) and $4-\{[(1R)-3-chloro-1-phenylpropyl]oxy\}-1,2$ dimethoxybenzene (712 mg, 2.32 mmcl) in DMF (5.0 mL) was stirred at 100 °C for 3 hrs, at which time TLC indicated 15 that the reaction was complete. The reaction mixture was poured into water (50 mL) and the aqueous layer was extracted with methylene chloride (3x30 mL). combined organic extracts were washed with brine mL), dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated under reduced 20 pressure. The crude product was purified by Prep-TLC plates [2.5% of NH₃ (2.0 M in methanol) in CHCl₃] to afford the product (970 mg, 90.1%) as a thick oil.

25 Method B

30

5

Into a 25-mL RB-flask was added triphenylphosphine (9.80 mg, 0.0375 mmol), diethyl azodicarboxylate (5.22 mg, 0.0300 mmol), N-(3- $\{1-[(3S)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl\}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (9.53 mg, 0.0250 mmol), 3,4-dimethoxyphenol (7.70 mg, 0.050 mmol) and THF (1.0 mL) at room temperature. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight (16 hrs). The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the$

residue was purified by preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH₃ (2.0 M in methanol) in CHCl₃] to afford the desired product (4.4 mg, 34.1 % yield) as a thick oil: 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.46 (s, 1 H), 7.40-7.30 (m, 4H), 7.25 (m, 3H), 6.97 (d, 1H, J=7.8 Hz), 6.64 (d, 1H, J=9.1 Hz), 6.51 (d, 1H, J=2.6 Hz), 6.29 (d, 1H, J=2.6, 9.1 Hz), 5.20 (apparent dd, 1H, J=4.4, 8.5 Hz), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.23 (m, 2H), 2.77 (m, 2 H), 2.5 (m, 2H), 2.3-2.1 (m, 6H), 1.80 (m, 2H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=7.9 Hz); ESMS m/e: 517.4 (M + H)⁺.

Example 49

5

10

 $2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-PHENOXY-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-}$ PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) PROPANAMIDE: A mixture of N-(3-{1-[(3R)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-15 methylpropanamide (9.53 mg, 0.0250 mmol), phenol (4.70 mg, 0.050 mmol), triphenylphosphine (9.80 mg, 0.0375 mmol) and diethyl azodicarboxylate (5.22 mg, mmol) in THF (1.0 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 3 days. Chromatography using silica preparative TLC 20 plates [2.5% of NH_3 (2.0 M in methanol) in $CHCl_3$] gave the desired product (2.7 mg, 23.6 % yield) as a thick oil: ^{1}H NMR δ 7.46 (s, 2H), 7.40-7.30 (m, 4H), 7.25 (m, 3 H), 7.20 (m, 2H), 6.97 (apparent d, 1H, J=7.4 Hz), 6.89 (apparent tt, 1H, J=0.8, 7.6 Hz), 6.84 (apparent 25 dt, 1H, J=0.8, 8.0 Hz), 5.20 (apparent dd, 1H, J=4.4, 8.5 Hz), 3.35 (m, 2H), 2.91 (m, 2H), 2.60 (m, 2H), 2.30 --2.10 (m, 6H), 1.90 (m, 2H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=7.9 Hz); ESMS $m/e: 457.4 (M + H)^+;$

Example 50

30

phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (9.53 mg, 0.0250 0.050 (6.20 mq, 4-methoxyphenol triphenylphosphine (9.80 mg, 0.0375 mmol) and diethyl azodicarboxylate (5.2 mg, 0.0300 mmol) in THF (1.0 mL) room ` temperature for 3 stirred at was Chromatography using silica preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH_3 (2.0 M in methanol) in $CHCl_3$] gave the desired product (4.6 mg, 37.9 % yield) as a thick oil. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.38-7.14 (m, 8H), 6.90 (apparent d, 1H, J=7.7 Hz), 6.72-6.46 (m, 4H), 5.09 (apparent dd, 1H, J=4.8, 8.1 Hz), 3.64 (s, 3H), 3.18 (m, 2H), 2.73 (m, 2H), 2.50 (m, 2H), 2.37-1.72 (m, 8H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=7.4Hz); ESMS $m/e: 487.4 (M + H)^{+}$.

15

20

25

30

10

5

Example 51

N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-(3-CHLOROPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture of N-(3-{1-[(3R)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-4-

piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (9.53 mg, 0.0250 0.050 (6.40 mg, 3-chlorophenol mmol), triphenylphosphine (9.80 mg, 0.0375 mmol) and diethyl azodicarboxylate (5.22 mg, 0.0300 mmol) in THF (1.0 mL) room temperature for at stirred Chromatography using silica preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH_3 (2.0 M in methanol) in $CHCl_3$] gave the desired product (4.9 mg, 40.0 % yield) as a thick oil: ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.39 (s, 1H), 7.35-7.10 (m, 7H), 7.02 (t, 1H, J=8.0 Hz), 6.90 (d, 1H, J=7.6 Hz), 6.84-6.75 (m, 2H), 6.65 (m, 1H), 5.09 (apparent dd, 1H, J=4.99, 8.1 Hz), 3.10 (m, 2H), 2.60 (m, 2H), 2.50 (m, 2H), 2.30-1.70 (m, 8H), 1.18 (d, 6H, J=6.8 Hz); ESMS m/e: 491.4 (M⁻⁺+ H) +.

Example 52

 $N-(3-\{1-[(3S)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-$ PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) -2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture of N-(3-{1-[(3R)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-4-5 piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (9.53 mg, 0.0250 0.050 (6.40 ma, 4-chlorophenol mmol), triphenylphosphine (9.80 mg, 0.0375 mmol) and diethyl azodicarboxylate (5.22 mg, 0.0300 mmol) in THF (1.0 mL) days. for room temperature at stirred 10 Chromatography using silica preparative TLC plates [2.5%] of NH_3 (2.0 M in methanol) in $CHCl_3$] gave the desired product (3.3 mg, 26.9 % yield) as a thick oil: $^1\mbox{H}$ NMR δ 7.36 (s, 1H), 7.35-7.22 (m, 7H), 7.12 (m, 2H), 6.97 (apparent d, 1H, J=7.2 Hz), 6.77 (m, 2H), 5.23 (m, 1H), 15 3.18 (m, 2H), 2.70 (m, 2H), 2.50 (m, 2H), 2.40-1.80 (m, 8H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=6.8 Hz); ESMS m/e: 491.4 (M + H)⁺.

Example 53

 $2-METHYL-N-[3-(1-{(3S)-3-PHENYL-3-[4-$ 20 (TRIFLUOROMETHYL) PHENOXY] PROPYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL] PROPANAMIDE: A mixture of N-(3-{1-[(3R)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2methylpropanamide (9.53 0.0250 mmol), mq, (8.100 0.050 mg, trifluoromethylphenol 25 triphenylphosphine (9.8 mg, 0.0375 mmol) and diethyl azodicarboxylate (5.22 mg, 0.0300 mmol) in THF (1.0 mL) for rcom temperature stirred at was Chromatography using silica preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH_3 (2.0 M in methanol) in $CHCl_3$] gave the desired 30 product (5.10 mg, 38.9 % yield) as a thick oil: $^1H\ NMR\ \delta$ 8.06 (s, 1H), 7.49 (s, 1H), 7.44 (apparent d, 2H, J=.6 6.96 3H), 4H), 7.30-7.20 (m, 7.38-7.30 (m, Hz),

(apparent d, 1H, J=7.6 Hz), 6.91 (apparent d, 2H, J=8.6 Hz), 5.34 (m, 1H), 3.19 (m, 2H), 2.72 (m, 2H), 2.53 (m, 2H), 2.40-1.80 (m, 8H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=6.8 Hz); ESMS m/e: 525.4 (M + H)⁺.

5

10

15

20

Example 54

N-(3-{1-[(3R)-3-(2,5-DIFLUOROPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture of N-(3-{1-[(3R)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-4-

piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (9.53 mg, 0.0250 2,5-difluorophenol (6.50 mg, 0.050 mmol), triphenylphosphine (9.80 mg, 0.0375 mmol) and diethyl azodicarboxylate (5.22 mg, 0.0300 mmol) in THF (1.0 mL) for 3 temperature at room was stirred Chromatography using silica preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH₃ (2.0 M in methanol) in CHCl₃] gave the desired product (3.60 mg, 29.3 % yield) as a thick oil: $^1\text{H}'$ NMR δ 7.46 (s, 1H), 7.40-7.32 (m, 4H), 7.31-7.20 (m, 2H), 7.17(s, 1H), 7.01-6.92 (m, 2H), 6.65-6.42 (m, 2H), 5.27 (m, 2H)1H), 3.13 (m, 2H), 2.64 (m, 2H), 2.51 (m, 2H), 2.28-1.80 (m, 8 H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=7.1 Hz); ESMS m/e: 493.4 (M +H) ⁺.

Example 55

 $N-(3-\{1-[(3R)-3-(3,4-DICHLOROPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-$ 25 PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) - 2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture of N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-4piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (9.53 mg, 0.0250 3,4-dichlorophenol (8.20 mg, 0.050 triphenylphosphine (9.80 mg, 0.0375 mmol) and diethyl 30 azodicarboxylate (5.22 mg, 0.0300 mmol) in THF (1.0 mL) for 3 days, temperature stirred at room Chromatography using silica preparative TLC plates [2.5%

of NH₃ (2.0 M in methanol) in CHCl₃] gave the desired product (5.20 mg, 39.7 % yield) as a thick oil: 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.70-7.63 (m, 2H), 7.55 (m, 1H), 7.47-7.43 (m, 3H), 7.40-7.19 (m, 3H), 7.00-6.50 (m, 2H), 6.69 (dd, 1H, J=2.2, 8.8 Hz), 5.25 (m, 1H), 3.20 (m, 2H), 2.70 (m, 2H), 2.53 (m, 2H), 2.40-2.20 (m, 4H), 2.10-1.80 (m, 4H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=7.1 Hz); ESMS m/e: 525.4 (M + H)⁺.

Example 56

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(3R)-3-PHENOXY-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-10 PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) PROPANAMIDE: A mixture of N- (3-{1-[(3S)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2methylpropanamide (9.53 mg, 0.0250 mmol), phenol (4.70 mg, 0.050 mmol), triphenylphosphine (9.80 mg, 0.0375 mg, mmol) and diethyl azodicarboxylate (5.22 15 mmol) in THF (1.0 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 3 days. Chromatography using silica preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH_3 (2.0 M in methanol) in $CHCl_3$] gave the desired product (4.1 mg, 36.0 % yield) as a thick oil: ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.45 (s, 1H), 7.40-7.15 20 (m, 10H), 6.97 (d, 1H, J=7.6 Hz), 6.88-6.82 (m, 2H), 5.26 (m, 1H), 3.18 (m, 2H), 2.75 (m, 2H), 2.53 (m, 2H), 2.40-2.10 (m, 4H); 2.10-1.80 (m, 4H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=6.9Hz); ESMS $m/e: 457.4 (M + H)^{+}$.

25

5

Example 57

N-(3-{1-[(3R)-3-HYDROXY-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE

30 Method A

Into a 25-mL RB-flask was added (R)-(+)-3-chloro-1-phenyl-1-propanol (0.545 g, 3.19 mmol, 99%ee, Aldrich Chemical Co.), 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-

piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide (0.748 g, 3.04 mmol), potassium carbonate (0.420 g, 3.04 mmol) and sodium iodide (0.684 g, 4.56 mmol) and DMF (6.0 mL) at room temperature. After stirring at 100 °C for 3 hrs, the TLC showed the reaction was complete. The reaction mixture was poured into water (50 mL) and the aqueous layer was extracted with methylene chloride (3x20 mL). combined organic extracts were washed with brine (20 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced purified by The residue was pressure. ethyl acetate with chromatography (1:1= hexane: isopropylamine) to afford the desired product (1.09 g, 94.3 % yield) as light-yellow solid: 1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.10 (s, 1H), 7.46-7.35 (m, 6H), 7.27 (m, 2H), 6.98 (apparent d, 1H, J=7.6 Hz), 5.02 (apparent dd, 1H, J=4.4, 8.1 Hz), 3.18 (apparent dd, 2H, J=2.5, 12.5, Hz), 2.74 (m, 2 H), 2.50 (m, 2H), 2.30-2.10 (m, 6H), 1.80 (m, 2H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=7.1 Hz); ESMS m/e: 381.2 (M + H)⁺.

The hydrochloric salt was prepared by addition of a slight excess of 1 N HCl in ether (1.2 eq.) to a solution of the free base in dichloromethane. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure, the residue was washed with ether and dried under reduced pressure:

Anal. Calc. for C₂₄H₃₂N₂O₂+HCl+0.8H₂O: C, 66.82; H, 8.08; N, 6.49; Cl, 8.22. Found: C, 66.90; H, 7.78; N, 6.63; Cl, 8.52.

Method B

5

.10

15

Into a 25-mL RB-flask was added (R)-(+)-3-chloro-1-phenyl-1-propanol (0.426 g, 2.50 mmol), 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide (0.565 g, 2.00 mmol),

10.0 mmol), diisopropylethylamine (1.29 q, amount of catalytic and dioxane (5.0)mL) tetrabutylammonium iodide at room temperature. stirring at 90 °C for 72 hrs, the reaction mixture was poured into water (50 mL) and the aqueous layer was extracted with methylene chloride (3x20 mL). combined organic extracts were washed with brine (20 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced The residue was purified by preparative TLC (1:5:100=isopropylamine:methanol:ethyl acetate) plates to afford the desired product (0.260 g, 34.2 % yield) as light-yellow solid.

Example 58

. 5

10

N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-(4-CYANO-PHEONXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-15 PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) - 2 - METHYLPROPANAMIDE: $N - (3 - \{1 - [(3S) -$ 3-(4-cyanophenoxy)-3-phenylpropyl]-4piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide A mixture of N- $(3-\{1-[(3R)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropy1]-4$ piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (5.20 mg, 0.0137 20 mmol), 4-cyanophenol (100 mg), triphenylphosphine (30.0 mg, 0.115 mmol) and diethyl azodicarboxylate (7.42 mg, 0.0426 mmol) in THF (0.50 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 3 days. Chromatography using silica preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH₃ (2.0 M in methanol) 25 in CHCl₃] gave the desired product (4.70 mg, 71.3 % yield) as a thick oil: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl $_3)$ δ (m, 2H), 7.48 (d, 2H, J=8.4 Hz), 7.30-7.20 (m, 3H), 7.20 (m, 3H), 6.97 (apparent d, 1H, J=8.4 Hz), 6.92 (apparent d, 2H, J=8.4 Hz), 5.36 (apparent dd, 1H, J=3.9, 7.6 Hz), 30 2H), 2.61 (m, 2H), 2.53 (apparent sept, partially hidden, 2H, J=7.6 Hz), 2.30-2.10 (m, 6H), 1.82 (m, 2H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=6.8 Hz); ESMS m/e: 482.2 $(M + H)^{+}$.

Example 59

 $N-(3-\{1-[(3S)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-$ 5 PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) - 2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture of N-(3-{1-[(3R)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-4piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (5.20 mg, 0.0137 mmol), 4-fluorophenol (100 mg), triphenylphosphine (30.0 mg, 0.115 mmol) and diethyl azodicarboxylate (7.42 mg, 10 0.0426 mmol) in THF (0.50 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 3 days. Chromatography using silica preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH_3 (2.0 M in methanol) in CHCl₃] gave the desired product (4.20 mg, 64.7% yield) as a thick oil: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3) δ 7.40 (m, 2H), 15 7.30-7.20 (m, 5H), 7.20 (m, 3H), 6.97 (apparent d, 1H, J=7.7 Hz), 6.87 (m, 1H), 6.76 (m, 1H), 5.26 (apparent dd, 1H, J=4.0, 8.1 Hz), 3.09 (m, 2H), 2.66 (m, 2H), 2.51 (m, 2H), 2.3-2.1 (m, 6H), 1.82 (m, 2H), 1.25 (d, 6H)overlapped); ESMS m/e: 475.2 (M + H) $^{+}$. 20

Example 60

N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-(4-BROMOPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture of N-(3-{1-[(3R)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (5.20 mg, 0.0137 mmol), 4-bromophenol (100 mg), triphenylphosphine (30.0 mg, 0.115 mmol) and diethyl azodicarboxylate (7.42 mg, 0.0426 mmol) in THF (0.50 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 3 days. Chromatography using silica preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH₃ (2.0 M in methanol) in CHCl₃] the desired product (0.70 mg, 9.6% yield) as a thick oil: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) & 8.06 (s, 1H), 7.48

(m, 2H), 7.30-7.20 (m, 5H), 7.20 (m, 3H), 6.97 (apparent d, 1H, J=8.5 Hz), 6.73 (apparent d, 2H, J=8.5 Hz), 5.22 (apparent dd, 1H, J=4.9, 7.8 Hz), 3.15 (m, 2H), 2.65 (m, 2H), 2.51 (apparent sept, partially hidden, 2H, J=7.6 Hz), 2.30-2.10 (m, 6H), 1.82 (m, 2H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=6.8 Hz); ESMS m/e: 535.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 61

5

 $N-(3-\{1-[(3S)-3-(3-METHOXYPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-$

PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) - 2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture of N-10 (3-{1-[(3R)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-4piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (5.20 mg, 0.0137 mg), triphenylphosphine mmol), 3-methoxyphenol (100 (30.0 mg, 0.115 mmol) and diethyl azodicarboxylate (7.42 mg, 0.0426 mmol) in THF (0.50 mL) was stirred at room 15 temperature for 3 days. Chromatography using silica preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH₃ (2.0 M in methanol) in CHCl3] gave the desired product (3.1 mg, 46.6 % yield) as a thick oil: ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.47 (d, 1H, J=6.7 Hz), 7.42 (s, 1H), 7.3-7.20 (m, 3H), 7.20 (m, 3H), 20 7.07 (t, 1H, J=8.4 Hz), 6.97 (apparent d, 1H, J=6.7 Hz), 6.40 (m, 3H), 5.27 (apparent dd, 1H, J=5.3, 8.0 Hz), 3.74 (s, 3H), 3.38 (m, 2H), 2.93 (m, 2H), 2.61 (s, 1H), 2.53 (apparent sept, partially hidden, 1H, J=6.5 Hz), 2.30-2.10 (m, 6H), 1.82 (m, 2H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=6.9 Hz); 25 ESMS m/e: 487.3 (M + H)⁺.

Example 62

 $N-(3-\{1-[(3S)-3-(4-CYANO-2-METHOXYPHENOXY)-3-(3-\{1-[(3S)-3-(4-CYANO-2-METHOXYPHENOXY)-3-(4-CYANO-2-METHOXYPHENOXY)-3-(4-CYANO-2-METHOXYPHENOXY)-3-(4-CYANO-2-METHOXYPHENOXY)-3-(4-CYANO-2-METHOXYPHENOXY)-3-(4-CYANO-2-METHOXYPHENOXY)-3-(4-CYANO-2-METHOXYPHENOXY)-3-(4-CYANO-2-METHOXYPHENOXY)-3-(4-CYANO-2-METHOXYPHENOXY)-3-(4-CYANO-2-METHOXYPHENOXY)-3-(4-CYANO-2-METHOXYPHENOXY)-3-(4-CYANO-2-METHOXYPHENOXY)-3-(4-CYANO-2-METHOXYPHENOXY)-3-(4-CYANO-2-METHOXYPHENOXY)-3-(4-CYANO-2-METHOXYPHENOXYPHENOXY)-3-(4-CYANO-2-METHOXYPHENOX$

PHENYLPROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

A mixture of N-(3-{1-[(3R)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (5.20 mg, 0.0137 mmol), 2-methoxy-4-cyanophenol (100 mg),

mmol) and (30.0 mg, 0.115 triphenylphosphine diethyl azodicarboxylate (7.42 mg, 0.0426 mmol) in THF (0.50 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 3 days. Chromatography using silica preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH₃ (2.0 M in methanol) in CHCl₃] gave the desired product (5.50 mg, 76.5 % yield) as a thick oil: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.51 (s, 1H), 7.38 (s, 1H), 7.37 (d, 2H, J=2.4 Hz), 7.20 (m, 4H), 7.10 (d, 1H, J=2.4 Hz), 7.08 (s, 1H), 6.99 (apparent d, 1H, J=8.3 Hz), (apparent d, 1H, J=8.3 Hz), 5.43 (apparent dd, J=5.1, 8.0 Hz), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.34 (m, 2H), 2.63 (m, 2.53 (apparent sept, partially (s, 1H), 2.63 hidden, 1H, J=7.7 Hz), 2.30-2.10 (m, 6H), 1.82 (m, 2H), 1.28 (d, 6H, J=6.8 Hz); ESMS m/e: 512.2 (M + H)⁺.

15

20

25

30

10

5

Example 63

N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-(5-ACETYL-2-METHOXYPHENOXY)-3PHENYLPROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

A mixture of N- $(3-\{1-[(3R)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-4$ piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (5.20 mg, 0.0137 2-methoxy-5-acetylphenol (100 mg), mmol), triphenylphosphine (30.0 mg, 0.115 mmol) and diethyl azodicarboxylate (7.42 mg, 0.0426 mmol) in THF (0.50 mL) temperature for room at stirred Chromatography using silica preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH_3 (2.0 M in methanol) in $CHCl_3$] gave the desired product (1.60 mg, 22.2 % yield) as a thick oil: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.52 (d, 2H, J=2.4 Hz), 7.3-7.2 (m, 5H), 7.20 (m, 3H), 6.97 (apparent d, 1H, J=6.7 Hz), 6.69 1H, J=8.0 Hz), 5.47 (apparent dd, (apparent d, J=4.3, 7.8 Hz), 3.95 (s, 3H), 3.38 (m, 2H), 2.93 (m, partially. 2.53 (apparent sept, (s, 1H), 2.61 hidden, 1H, J=7.6 Hz), 2.50 (s, 3H), 2.30-2.10 (m, 6H),

1.82 (m, 2H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=6.8 Hz); ESMS m/e: 529.6 (M + H)⁺.

Example 64

 $N-(3-\{1-[(3R)-3-(2-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-$ 5 PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) -2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture of N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-4piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (5.2 mg, 0.0137 mmol), 2-acetylphenol (100 mg), triphenylphosphine (30.0 mg, 0.115 mmol) and diethyl azodicarboxylate (7.42 mg, 10 0.0426 mmol) in THF (0.50 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 3 days. Chromatography using silica preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH_3 (2.0 M in methanol) in CHCl₃] gave the desired product (1.70 mg, yield) as a thick oil: ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.65 (m, 15 1H), 7.55 (s, 1H), 7.30-7.20 (m, 5H), 7.20 (m, 3H), 6.97 (m, 2H), 6.76 (apparent d, 1H), 5.49 (apparent dd, 1H, J=4.3, 8.0 Hz), 3.38 (m, 2H), 2.93 (m, 2H), 2.71 (s, 2.53 (apparent sept, partially 3H), 2.60 (s, 1H), hidden, 1H, J=7.6 Hz), 2.30-2.10 (m, 6H), 1.82 (m, 2H), 20 1.25 (d, 6H, J=6.9 Hz); ESMS m/e: 498.8 (M^+).

Example 65

N-[3-(1-{(3R)-3-[2-FLUORO-5-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)PHENOXY]-3
PHENYLPROPYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

A mixture of N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (5.20 mg, 0.0137 mmol), 2-fluoro-5-trifluoromethylphenol (100 mg), triphenylphosphine (30.0 mg, 0.115 mmol) and diethyl azodicarboxylate (7.42 mg, 0.0426 mmol) in THF (0.50 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 3 days. Chromatography using silica preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH₃ (2.0 M in methanol) in CHCl₃] gave the desired

product (2.50 mg, 33.7 % yield) as a thick oil: ¹H NMR $(400 \text{ MHz}, \text{CDCl}_3)$ δ 8.07 (s, 1H), 7.67 (m, 1H), 7.54 (m, 1H), 7.45 (m, 2H), 7.30-7.10 (m, 6H), 7.14 (d, 1H, J=7.4 Hz), 6.97 (apparent d, 1H, J=7.7 Hz), 5.37 (apparent dd, 1H, J=5.0, 8.5 Hz), 3.4 (m, 2H), 2.8 (m, 2H), 2.6 (s, 1H), 2.53 (apparent sept, partially hidden, 1H, J=7.4 Hz), 2.30-2.10 (m, 6H), 1.80 (m, 2H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=7.1 Hz, overlapped); ESMS m/e: 542.6 (M^+) , 543.54 $(\text{M} + \text{H})^+$.

10

5

Example 66

 $N-[3-(1-{(3s)-3-[2-FLUORO-5-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)PHENOXY}]-3-$ PHENYLPROPYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture of N-(3-{1-[(3R)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-4piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (5.20 mg, 0.0137 15 2-fluoro-5-trifluoromethylphenol $(100 \cdot mq)$, triphenylphosphine (30.0 mg, 0.115 mmol) and diethyl azodicarboxylate (7.42 mg, 0.0426 mmol) in THF (0.50 mL) temperature for 3 days. room stirred at Chromatography using silica preparative TLC plates [2.5% 20 of NH₃ (2.0 M in methanol) in CHCl₃] gave the desired product (3.00 mg, 40.4% yield) as a thick oil: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.06 (s, 1H), 7.67 (m, 2H), 7.55 (m, 2H), 7.50-7.40 (m, 3H), 7.30-7.10 (m, 3H), 7.17 (d, 1H, J=6.7 Hz), J=8.9 Hz), 7.07 (apparent d, 1H, 25 (apparent d, 1H, J=7.8 Hz), 5.37 (apparent dd, J=4.2, 8.1 Hz), 3.37 (m, 2H), 2.93 (m, 2H), 2.63 (s, 1H), 2.50 (apparent sept, partially hidden, 1H, J=7.9 Hz), 2.30-2.10 (m, 6H), 1.85 (m, 2H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=6.9Hz); ESMS m/e: 542.7 $(M + H)^{+}$. 30

Example 67

N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-(2,5-

DIFLUOROPHENOXY) - 3 -

PHENYLPROPYL] - 4 - PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) - 2 - METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

A mixture of N- $(3-\{1-[(3R)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-4$ piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (5.20 mg, 0.0137 mmol), 2,5-difluorophenol (100 mg), triphenylphosphine (30.0 mg, 0.115 mmol) and diethyl azodicarboxylate (7.42 mg, 0.0426 mmol) in THF (0.50 mL) was stirred at room Chromatography using silica temperature for 3 days. preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH₃ (2.0 M in methanol) in CHCl₃] gave the desired product (2.70 mg, 40.1 % yield) as a thick oil: ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl $_{3}$) δ 7.46 (s, 1H), 7.40-7.30 (m, 4H), 7.20 (m, 2H), 7.17 (s, 1H), 6.97 (m, 2H), 6.58 (m, 1H), 6.51 (m, 1H), 5.27 (apparent dd, 1H, J=5.1, 8.2 Hz), 3.13 (apparent d, J=9.7 Hz, 2H), 2H), 2.34 (apparent 2.51 (m, 2.64 (m, 2H), partially hidden, J=7.1 Hz, 1H), 2.17 (m, 3H), 1.90-1.80 (m, 4H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=7.1 Hz); ESMS m/e: 493.1: (M + H) +.

20 Example 68

5

10

15

25

30

 $N-(3-\{1-[(3R)-3-(3-CHLOROPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-$ PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) - 2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture of N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-4piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (5.20 mg, 0.0137 mmol), 3-chlorophenol (100 mg), triphenylphosphine (30.0 mg, 0.115 mmol) and diethyl azodicarboxylate (7.42 mg, 0.0426 mmol) in THF (0.50 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 3 days. Chromatography using silica preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH₃ (2.0 M in methanol) in CHCl₃] gave the desired product (2.4 mg, 35.8% yield) as a thick oil: ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.30 (m, 2H), 7.30-7.20 (m, 3H), 7.20 (m, 3H), 6.90 (apparent d, 1H, J=7.7 Hz), 6.71 (apparent d, 1H, J=2.9 Hz), 6.69 (apparent t, 1H, J=2.9 Hz), 6.67 (apparent t, 1H, J=2.9 Hz), 6.65 (apparent d, 1H, J=2.9 Hz), 5.09 (apparent dd, 1H, J=4.8, 8.1 Hz), 3.18 (m, 2H), 2.73 (m, 2H), 2.50 (apparent sept, partially hidden, 2H, J=7.1 Hz), 2.30-2.10 (m, 6H), 1.89 (m, 2H), 1.25 (d, 6H, overlapped); ESMS m/e: 491.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 69

5

(1S) -3-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}-1-PHENYLPROPYL 1-NAPHTHOATE: Into a 25-mL RB-flask was 10 $N-(3-\{1-[(3S)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-4$ added piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (5.20 mg, 0.0137 (100 1-naphthalenecarbonyl chloride mg), mmol), diisopropylethylamine (0.30 mL) in THF (0.50 mL) at room After stirring for 16 hrs temperature. 15 temperature, the reaction mixture was concentrated under residue was purified using reduced pressure. The preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH₃ (2.0 M in methanol) in CHCl₃] gave the desired product (4.70 mg, 71.3 % yield) as a thick oil: ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl $_{3}$) δ 8.90 (d, 20 1H, J=8.9 Hz), 8.28 (apparent dd, 1H, J=1.5, 7.2 Hz), 8.03 (d, 1H, J=8.7 Hz), 7.88 (dm, 2H, J=8.7 Hz), 7.60-7.48 (m, 7H), 7.40-7.32 (m, 3H), 7.25 (m, 1H), 6.90 (apparent d, 1H, J=7.4 Hz), 6.18 (apparent dd, 2H), 2.53 (m, J=5.7, 7.8 Hz), 3.42 (m, 2H), 2.84 (m, 25 2H), 2.44 (apparent sept, partially hidden, 4H, J=7.5 Hz), 2.30-2.10 (m, 2H), 1.82 (m, 2H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=6.8 Hz); ESMS m/e: 535.6 $(M + H)^+$.

30 Example 70

N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture of N(3-{1-[(3R)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-4-

(5.20 methylpropanamide piperidinyl}phenyl)-2mg), 2-acetylphenol (100 mmol), 0.0137 triphenylphosphine (30.0 mg, 0.115 mmol) and diethyl azodicarboxylate (7.42 mg, 0.0426 mmol) in THF (0.50 mL) for temperature stirred room was Chromatography using silica preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH_3 (2.0 M in methanol) in $CHCl_3$] gave the desired product (1.50 mg, 22.0% yield) as a thick oil: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.65 (m, 1H), 7.55 (s, 1H), 7.30-7.20 (m, 5H), 7.20 (m, 3H), 6.97 (m, 2H), 6.76 (apparent d, 1H), 5.49 (apparent dd, 1H, J=4.3, 8.0 Hz), 3.38 (m, 2.93 (m, 2H), 2.75 (s, 3H), 2.53 (apparent sept, partially hidden, 2H, J=7.6 Hz), 2.30-2.10 (m, 6H), 1.92 (m, 2H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=6.9 Hz); ESMS m/e: 498.81 (M⁺), $499.6 (M + H)^{+}$.

Example 71

5

10

15

 $N-(3-\{1-[(3S)-3-(2-FLUOROPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-$ PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) - 2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture of N-(3-{1-[(3R)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-4-20 piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (5.20 mg, 0.0137 mmol), 2-fluorophenol (100 mg), triphenylphosphine (30.0 mg, 0.115 mmol) and diethyl azodicarboxylate (7.42 mg, 0.0426 mmol) in THF (0.50 mL) was stirred at room Chromatography using silica temperature for 3 days. 25 preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH_3 (2.0 M in methanol) in CHCl₃] gave the desired product (3.5 mg, 53.9% yield) as a thick oil: ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3) δ 8.07 (s, 1H), 7.65 (m, 1H), 7.41 (s, 1H), 7.40-7.10 (m, 5H), 7.05 (m, 2H), 6.97 (apparent d, 1H, J=8.7 Hz), 6.86 (m, 2H), 6.79 30 (apparent dt, 1H, J=2.4, 7.9 Hz), 5.31 (apparent dd, 1H, 2H), 2.97 (m, 2H), J=4.5, 8.0 Hz), 3.39 (m, (apparent sept, partially hidden, 2H, J=7.5 Hz), 2.3-2.1 (m, 6H), 1.92 (m, 2H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=6.7 Hz); ESMS m/e: 475.7 (M + H)⁺.

Example 72

5 (4s)-N-(3-{4-[3-(ACETYLAMINO)PHENYL]-1PIPERIDINYL}PROPYL)-4-(3,5-DIFLUOROPHENYL)-2-OXO-1,3OXAZOLIDINE-3-CARBOXAMIDE

ml vial was added $N1 - \{3 - [1 - (3 -$ Into a 20 aminopropyl)-4-piperidyl]phenyl}acetamide (15 mg, 0.054 10 (4S)-4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-2-oxo-oxazolidine-3carboxylic acid-4-nitro-phenyl ester (39.3 mg, mmol, 2 eq) and dichloromethane with 0.6% of methanol (3 at stirring temperature. After ml) room reaction mixture 3 hrs, the temperature for 15 filtered, and purified by preparative silica TLC (19:1 = chloroform : methanol) to afford the desired product (18.3 mg, 68% yield); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3) δ 8.09 (br s, 1H), 7.40 (d, 1H, J=8.0 Hz), 7.36-7.28 (m, 2H), 7.24 (t, 1H, J=8.0 Hz), 6.99 (d, 1H, J=8.0 Hz), 6.86-6.82 (m,20 2H), 5.41 (dd, 1H, J=4.1, 9.0 Hz), 4.72 (t, 1H, J=9.0 .Hz), 4.22 (dd, 1H, J=3.9, 9.1 Hz), 3.42-3.29 (m, 2H), 3.02 (d, 2H J=11.1 Hz), 2.52-2.38 (m, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 2.08-1.98 (m, 2H), 1.86-1.70 (m, 6H); ESMS m/e: 501.2 (M + H) $^{+}$; Anal. Calc. for $C_{26}H_{30}F_{2}N_{4}O_{4}+0.5H_{2}O$: C, 60.64; H, 25 6.18; N, 10.88. Found: C, 60.67; H, 5.79; N, 10.86.

Example 73

The synthetic method is the same as described for the synthesis of $(4S)-N-(3-\{4-[3-(acetylamino)phenyl]-1-piperidinyl\}propyl)-4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-2-oxo-1,3-cxazolidine-3-carboxamide.$

 $(4s) - N - (3 - {4 - [3 -$

(ACETYLAMINO) PHENYL] -1-

PIPERIDINYL PROPYL) -2-OXO-4-(3,4,5-TRIFLUOROPHENYL) -1,3-OXAZOLIDINE-3-CARBOXAMIDE: 18.8 mg (67% yield); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.09 (br s, 1H), 7.41-7.20 (m, 3H), 7.02-6.91 (m, 3H), 5.37 (dd, 1H, J=3.8, 8.9 Hz), 4.71 (t, 1H, J=9 Hz), 4.21 (dd, 1H, J=4, 9.3 Hz), 3.43-3.27 (m, 2H), 3.02 (d, 2H, J=11.0 Hz), 2.53-2.37 (m, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 2.08-1.97 (m, 2H), 1.85-1.69 (m, 6H); ESMS m/e: 519.2 (M + H)⁺; Anal. Calc. for C₂₆H₂₉F₃N₄O₄+0.5H₂O: C, 59.20; H, 5.73; N, 10.62. Found: C, 59.40; H, 5.35; N, 10.65.

Example 74

5

10

15

The synthetic method is the same as described for the synthesis of $(4S)-N-(3-\{4-[3-(acetylamino)phenyl\}-1-piperidinyl\}propyl)-4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-2-oxo-1,3-oxazolidine-3-carboxamide.$

N-(3-{4-[3-(ACETYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}PROPYL)-420 (3,4-DIFLUOROPHENYL)-5,5-DIMETHYL-2-OXO-1,3-OXAZOLIDINE3-CARBOXAMIDE: 19.6 mg (68% yield); ¹H NMR (400 MHz,
CDCl₃) & 8.18 (t, 1H, J=5.9 Hz), 7.41 (d, 1H, J=8.8 Hz),
7.33 (s, 1H), 7.27-7.14 (m, 2H), 7.02-6.88 (m, 3H), 5.04
(s, 1H), 3.34 (qm, 2H, J=6.3 Hz), 3.02 (dm, 2H, J=10.9
Hz), 2.53-2.38 (m, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 2.07-1.96 (m, 2H),
1.87-1.59 (m, 6H), 1.62 (s, 3H), 1.02 (s, 3H); ESMS m/e:
529.3 (M + H)⁺; Anal. Calc. for C₂₈H₃₄F₂N₄O₄: C, 63.62; H,
6.48; N, 10.60. Found: C, 63.15; H, 6.27; N, 10.48.

30 Example 75

The synthetic method is the same as described for the synthesis of $(4S)-N-(3-\{4-[3-(acetylamino)phenyl]-1-$

piperidinyl}propyl) -4- (3,5-difluorophenyl) -2oxo-1,3-oxazolidine-3-carboxamide.

(4S,5R)-N-(3-{4-[3-(ACETYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1
PIPERIDINYL}PROPYL)-4-(3,4-DIFLUOROPHENYL)-5-METHYL-2
OXO-1,3-OXAZOLIDINE-3-CARBOXAMIDE: 20.5 mg (74% yield);

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.14 (t, 1H, J=5.5 Hz), 7.40 (d, 1H, J=7.8 Hz), 7.37-6.89 (m, 6H), 5.35 (d, 1H, J=7.5 Hz), 5.02-4.93 (m, 1H), 3.41-3.25 (m, 2H), 3.02 (d, 2H, J=10.8 Hz), 2.53-2.37 (m, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 2.07 (m, 2H), 1.89-1.68 (m, 6H), 1.04 (d, 3H, J=6.4 Hz); ESMS m/e: 515.3 (M + H)⁺; Anal. Calc. for C₂₇H₃₂F₂N₄O₄+0.5H₂O: C, 61.94; H, 6.35; N, 10.70. Found: C, 61.90; H, 6.13; N, 10.54.

15

20

25

30

Example 76

The synthetic method is the same as described for the synthesis of $(4S)-N-(3-\{4-[3-(acetylamino)phenyl\}-1-piperidinyl\}propyl)-4-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-2-oxo-1,3-oxazolidine-3-carboxamide.$

N-(3-{4-[3-(ACETYLAMINO)PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}PROPYL)-4-(4-FLUOROBENZYL)-2-OXO-1,3-OXAZOLIDINE-3-CARBOXAMIDE:

17.4 mg (65% yield); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) & 8.08 (t, 1H, J=5.6 Hz), 7.4 (d, 1H, J=7.2 Hz), 7.34 (s, 1H), 7.28-7.14 (m, 3H), 7.05-6.95 (m, 3H), 4.69-4.60 (m, 1H), 4.26 (t, 1H, J=8.8 Hz), 4.15 (dd, 1H, J=3.2, 9 Hz), 3.43 (q, 2H, J=6.2 Hz), 3.3 (dm 1H, J=13.6 Hz), 3.04 (dm, 2H, J=11 Hz), 2.87 (dd, 1H, J=9.3, 14.4 Hz), 2.53-2.42 (m, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 2.09-1.99 (m, 2H), 1.87-1.65 (m, 6H); ESMS m/e: 497.3 (M + H)⁺; Anal. Calc. for C₂₇H₃₃FN₄O₄+0.5H₂O: C, 64.14; H, 6.78; N, 11.08. Found: C, 64.26; H, 6.39; N, 11.12.

Example 77

 $2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(3R)-3-(2-NITROPHENOXY)-3-}$

PHENYLPROPYL] -4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) PROPANAMIDE:

Α

N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-4mixture 5 piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (5.20 mg, 0.0137 mmol), 2-nitrophenol (100 mg), triphenylphosphine (30.0 mg, 0.115 mmol) and diethyl azodicarboxylate (7.42 mg, 0.0426 mmol) in THF (0.50 mL) was stirred at room Chromatography using silica temperature for 3 days. 10 preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH_3 (2.0 M in methanol) in $CHCl_3$] gave the desired product (2.37 mg, 34.5% yield) as a thick oil: ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.84 (d, 1H), 7.90 (m, 1H), 7.45 (m 1H), 7.30-7.20 (m, 5H), 7.20 (m, 2H), 6.98 (m, 2H), 6.89 (apparent d, 1H, J=7.7 Hz), 5.62 15 (apparent dd, 1H, J=4.1, 8.9 Hz), 3.10 (m, 2H), 2.60 (m, 2H), 2.53 (m, 2H), 2.30-2.10 (m, 6H), 1.90 (m, 2H), 1.25 (d, 6H, overlapped); ESMS m/e: 502.3 (M + H)⁺.

20 Example 78

25

30

 $N-(3-\{1-[(3S)-3-([1,1'-BIPHENYL]-4-YLOXY)-3-([1,1'-BIPHENYL], -4-YLOXY)-3-([1,1'-BIPHENYL], -4$

PHENYLPROPYL] -4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) -2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

A mixture of N-(3- $\{1-[(3R)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl\}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (5.20 mg, 0.0137 mmol), 4-phenylphenol (100 mg), triphenylphosphine (30.0 mg, 0.115 mmol) and diethyl azodicarboxylate (7.42 mg, 0.0426 mmol) in THF (0.50 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 3 days. Chromatography using silica preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH₃ (2.0 M in methanol) in CHCl₃] gave the desired product (3.00 mg, 41.2% yield) as a thick oil: <math>^1$ H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.06 (s, 1H), 7.48 (m, 2H), 7.40-7.30 (m, 8H), 7.30-7.25 (m, 4H), 6.97 (apparent d, 1H, J=7.6 Hz), 6.91 (apparent d, 2H, J=8.7

Hz), 5.34 (apparent dd, 1H, J=4.4, 8.0 Hz), 3.40 (m, 2H), 2.98 (m, 2H), 2.53 (apparent sept, partially hidden, 1H, J=8.1 Hz), 2.44 (m, 1H), 2.30-2.10 (m, 6H), 1.93 (d, 2H), 1.26 (d, 6H, J=6.9 Hz); ESMS m/e: 533.4 (M+H)⁺.

Example 79

5

 $2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(3R)-3-(3-NITROPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]}$

4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) PROPANAMIDE: A mixture of N-(3-{1-10 [(3S)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2methylpropanamide (5.20 mg, 0.0137 mmol), 3-nitrophenol (100 mg), triphenylphosphine (30.0 mg, 0.115 mmol) and diethyl azodicarboxylate (7.42 mg, 0.0426 mmol) in THF (0.50 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 3 days. 15 Chromatography using silica preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH_3 (2.0 M in methanol) in $CHCl_3$] gave the desired product (2.80 mg, 40.8 % yield) as a thick oil: 1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.76 (dm, 1H), 7.71 (t, 1H, J=1.8 Hz), 7.50-7.40 (m, 2H), 7.40-7.25 (m, 7H), 7.17 (apparent dd, 20 1H, J=2.4, 8.2), 6.97 (apparent d, 1H, J=7.7 Hz), 5.45 (apparent dd, 1H, J=5.0, 8.1 Hz), 3.45 (m, 2H), 2.89 (m, 2H), 2.53 (apparent sept, partially hidden, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 2.30-2.10 (m, 6H), 1.92 (m, 2H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=6.8 Hz); ESMS m/e: 502.3 (M + H)⁺. 25

Example 80

N-(3-{1-[(3s)-3-(2-ETHOXYPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture of N
(3-{1-[(3R)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-4piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (5.20 mg, 0.0137
mmol), 2-ethoxyphenol (100 mg), triphenylphosphine (30.0
mg, 0.115 mmol) and diethyl azodicarboxylate (7.42 mg,

0.0426 mmol) in THF (0.50 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 3 days. Chromatography using silical preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH₃ (2.0 M in methanol) in CHCl₃] gave the desired product (1.16 mg, 15.5% yield) as a thick oil: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.06 (s, 1H), 7.52 (s, 1H), 7.40-7.33 (m, 4H), 7.30-7.20 (m, 3H), 6.97 (apparent d, 1H, J=7.7 Hz), 6.88 (m, 2H), 6.68 (m, 2H), 5.21 (m, 1H), 4.11 (q, 2H, J=7.3 Hz), 3.37 (m, 2H), 2.71 (m, 2H), 2.53 (apparent sept, partially hidden, 2H, J=7.6 Hz), 2.30-2.10 (m, 6H), 1.89 (m, 2H), 1.49 (t, 3H, J=7.3 Hz), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=6.8 Hz); ESMS m/e: 501.4 (M + H)⁺.

Example 81

5

10

20

25

30

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-(1-NAPHTHYLOXY)-3-

PHENYLPROPYL] -4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) PROPANAMIDE: N-(3-{1-[(3R)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-4of piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (5.20 mg, 0.0137 mmol), 1-naphthol (100 mg), triphenylphosphine (30.0 mg, and diethyl azodicarboxylate (7.42 0.115 mmol) 0.0426 mmol) in THF (0.50 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 3 days. Chromatography using silica preparative TLC plates $[2.5\% \text{ of } NH_3 \text{ (2.0 M in methanol)}]$ in CHCl₃] gave the desired product (4.30 mg, 66.2% yield) as a thick oil: ${}^{1}H$ NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.06 (s, 1H), 7.72 (d, 1H, J=8.5 Hz), 7.59 (d, 1H, J=8.5 Hz), 7.5 (m, 2H), 7.45-7.30 (m, 6H), 7.25 (m, 3H), 7.17 (apparent dd, 1H, J=2.6, 9.0 Hz), 7.01 (apparent d, 1H, J=2.6 Hz), 6.97 (apparent d, 1H, J=7.9 Hz), 5.46 (apparent dd, 1H, J=4.5, 8.1 Hz), 3.12 (m, 2H), 2.61 (m, 2H), (apparent sept, partially hidden, 2H, J=7.9 Hz), 2.30-2.10 (m, 6H), 1.90 (m, 2H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=7.3 Hz, overlapped); ESMS m/e: 507.2 (M + H) $^+$.

Example 82

N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-(1,3-DIOXO-1,3-DIHYDRO-2H-ISOINDOL-2-YL)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-

5 METHYLPROPANAMIDE

Step 1:

2-[(1S)-3-CHLORO-1-PHENYLPROPYL]-1H-ISOINDOLE-1,3(2H)-10 DIONE: According to the general procedure descibed in Srebnik, M.; Ramachandran, P.V.; Brown, H.C. J. Org. Chem. 1988, 53, 2916-2920, a mixture of phthalimide (0.147 g, 1.0 mmol), (R)-(+)-3-chloro-phenyl-1-propanol (0.171 g, 1.0 mmol), triphenylphosphine (0.262 g, 1.0 15 mmol) and diethyl azodicarboxylate (0.174 g, 1.0 mmol) in 5.0 mL of THF was stirred at room temperature for 24 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo. residue was washed with pentane (x3) and the combined pentane extracts were concentrated and chromatographed 20 (silica with hexanes-EtOAc 8:1 as the eluent) to give the desired product (0.121 g, 50.2 %) as a yellow solid: ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.82 (apparent dd, 2H, J=2.9 Hz), 7.70 (apparent dd, 2H, J=2.9 Hz), 7.56 (m, 2H), 7.39-7.27 (m, 3H), 5.64 (apparent dd, 1H, J=7.0, 9.2 25 Hz), 3.57 (m, 2H), 3.05 (m, 1H), 2.82 (apparent sept, 1H, J=7.0 Hz); ESMS $m/e: 300.13 \text{ (M+H)}^{+}$.

Step 2:

30

N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-(1,3-DIOXO-1,3-DIHYDRO-2H-ISOINDOL-2-YL)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture of potassium carbonate

mmol), sodium iodide (47.5 0.211 (29.2 mg, 2-methyl-N-[3-(4mmol), 0.317 piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide (51.8 mg, 0.211 mmol) 2-[(1S)-3-chloro-1-phenylpropyl]-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)dione (63.1 mg, 0.211 mmol) in DMF (5.0 mL) was stirred 5 at 100 °C for 3 hrs, at which time TLC indicated that the reaction was complete. The reaction mixture was poured into water (50 mL) and the aqueous layer was extracted with methylene chloride (3x30 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (30 mL), dried over MgSO₄ 10 and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by Prep-TLC plates [2.5% of NH_3 (2.0 M in methanol) in $CHCl_3$] to give the desired product (74.1 mg, 77.1 %) as a thick oil: ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl $_3$) δ 7.83 (apparent dd, 2H, J=2.9 Hz), 7.69 (apparent 15 dd, 2H, J=2.9 Hz), 7.56 (apparent dt, 3H, J=2.9, 7.3 Hz), 7.33 (m, 4H), 7.21 (t, 1H, J=7.8 Hz), 7.09 (s, 1H), 6.81 (apparent d, 1H, J=7.8 Hz), 5:49 (apparent dd, 1H, J=5.5, 9.5 Hz), 2.98 (d, 1H, J=9.5 Hz), 2.87 (m, 2H), 2.50 (apparent sept, 1H, J=6.7 Hz), 2.40-2.35 (m, 4H), 20 1.94 (m, 2H), 1.70-1.50 (m, 4H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=7.9 Hz); ESMS m/e: 510.37 $(M+H)^{+}$.

Example 83

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-(4-PHENOXYPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) PROPANAMIDE

STEP 1:

4-{[(1s)-3-CHLORO-1-PHENYLPROPYL]OXY}-(4-PHENOXY)BENZENE: A mixture of 4-phenoxyphenol (1.86 g, 10.0 mmol), (R)-(-)-3-chloro-phenyl-1-propanol (1.70 g, 10.0 mmol), triphenylphosphine (2.62 g, 10.0 mmol),

(1.57 mL, 10.0 mmol) azodicarboxylate diethyl 5.0 mL of THF was stirred at room temperature for 24 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo. residue was washed with pentane (x3) and the combined pentane extracts were concentrated and chromatographed (silica with hexanes-EtOAc 97:3 as the eluent) to give the desired product as a thick oil which solidified on standing (2.51 g, 75.7 %): ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.4-7.23 (m, 7H), 7.03 (apparent t, 1H, J=7.3 Hz), 6.91 (apparent dm, 2H, J=7.8 Hz), 6.93 (apparent q, 4H, J=7.8 Hz), 5.31 (apparent dd, 1H, J=4.5, 8.6 Hz), 3.82 (m, 1H), 3.62 (apparent quintet, 1H, J=5.6 Hz), 2.47 (m, 1H), 2.20 (m, 1H).

Step 2: 15

5

10

20

25

 $2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-(4-PHENOXYPHENOXY)-3-$ PHENYLPROPYL] -4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) PROPANAMIDE: 2-methyl-N-[3-(4mixture piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide (65.5 mg, 0.266 mmol), 4-{ [(1S)-3-chloro-1-phenylpropyl] oxy}-(4-phenoxy) benzene (0.100 mg, 0.296 mmol), potassium carbonate (40.9 mg, 0.296 mmol) and sodium iodide (67.0 mg, 0.444 mmol) in DMF (1.0 mL) at 100 °C for 3 hours. The reaction mixture was poured into water (50 mL) and the aqueous layer was extracted with methylene chloride (3x30 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine mL), dried over MqSO₄ and concentrated under reduced The crude product was purified by Prep-TLC pressure. plates [2.5% of NH₃ (2.0 M in methanol) in CHCl₃] to give 30 the desired product (0.109 g, 74.6 %) as a thick oil: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.48 (s, 1H), 7.40-7.30 (m, 4H); 7.20-7.10 (m, 6 H), 7.09 (s; 1H), 6.99 (apparent d, 1H,

J=7.8 Hz), 6.98 (apparent t, 1H, J=7.8 Hz), 6.93 (apparent d, 2H, J=8.4 Hz), 6.84 (m, 2H), 5.20 (apparent dd, 1H, J=4.4, 8.5 Hz), 3.03 (m, 2H), 2.51 (m, 4H), 2.24 (apparent sept, 1H, J=7.8 Hz), 2.20-2.10 (m, 3H), 1.90 (m, 4H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=7.9 Hz); ESMS m/e: 549.41 (M+H)⁺; Anal. Calc. for $C_{36}H_{40}N_2O_3$: C, 78.80; H, 7.35; N, 5.11. Found: C, 78.58; H, 7.48; N, 5.09.

Example 84

5

N-(4-{1-[(3R)-3-(3,4-DIMETHOXYPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE

Step 1:

1-[(3R)-3-(3,4-DIMETHOXYPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-(4-15 NITROPHENYL) - 1, 2, 3, 6-TETRAHYDROPYRIDINE: A mixture of potassium carbonate (24.0 mg, 0.174 mmol), sodium iodide mmol), 4-(4-nitrophenyl)-1,2,3,6-0.260 (39.0 mg, tetrahydropyridine (35.4 mg, 0.174 mmol) and $4-\{[(1R)-3-1]\}$ chloro-1-phenylpropyl]oxy}-1,2-dimethoxybenzene (53.4)20 mg, 0.174 mmol) in DMF (0.5 mL) was stirred at 100 °C for 3 hrs, at which time TLC indicated that the reaction was The reaction mixture was poured into water complete. (5.0 mL) and the aqueous layer was extracted with The combined organic methylene chloride (3x30 mL). 25 extracts were washed with brine (30 mL), dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude purified by Prep-TLC plates product · was [1:1=hexane:ethyl acetate with 1% NH_3] afforded the product (63.1 mg, 76.6 %) as a yellow oil. The product 30 was used in next reaction without further purification.

Step 2:

 $4-\{1-[(3R)-3-(3,4-DIMETHOXYPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-$ PIPERIDINYL ANILINE: A 25-mL RB flask, equipped with a hydrogen-filled balloon, was charged with 1-[(3R)-3-(3,4-dimethoxyphenoxy)-3-phenylpropyl]-4-(4nitrophenyl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine (63.0 mg, 0.133 mmol), palladium on carbon (5.0 mol-eq%, 0.00665 mmol, 7.04 mg) and ethanol (2.0 mL) at room temperature. After 1 hr the reaction mixture was filtered through a Celite 545 and concentrated under The crude product (54.1 mg, 89.4%) was used pressure. in next reaction without further purification.

STEP 3:

15

20

25

10

5

 $N-(4-\{1-[(3R)-3-(3,4-DIMETHOXYPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-$ 4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture of 4-{1-[(3R)-3-(3,4-dimethoxyphenoxy)-3-phenylpropyl]-4piperidinyl}aniline (5.31 mg, 0.0119 mmol), isobutyryl mmol), N,N-0.019 (2.08 mq, chloride 0.0650 mmol) in (8.40 diisopropylethylamine mg, chloride (1.0 mL) was stirred at room methylene The reaction mixture was temperature for 24 hours. concentrated and chromatographed using a preparative TLC plate [2.5% of NH₃ (2.0 M in methanol) in CHCl₃] to give the product (3.5 mg, 56.5 %) as a thick oil: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.38 (d, 1H, J=8.6 Hz), 7.30-7.20 (m, 4H), 7.20(m, 1H), 7.11(d, 2H, J=8.6 Hz), 7.04(s, 1H), 6.57(d, 1H, J=8.3 Hz), 6.44 (d, 1H, J=2.6 Hz), 6.22 (dd, 1H,J=2.6, 8.3 Hz), 5.09 (apparent dd, 1H, J=4.4, 8.1 Hz), 30 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 3.08 (m, 2H), 2.57 (m, 2H), 2.43 (apparent sept, partially hidden, 2H, J=6.8 Hz), 2.30-2.10 (m, 6H), 1.80 (m, 2H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=7.9 Hz); ESMS m/e: 517.3 (M+H)⁺.

Example 85

5

 $N-(3-\{1-[(3S)-3-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-(3-\{1-[(3S)-3-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-(3-ACETYLP$ PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) -2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Into a 25-mL RB-flask was added triphenylphosphine (9.80 mg, 0.0375 mmol), diethyl azodicarboxylate (5.22 mg, 0.0300 mmol), $N-(3-\{1-[(3R)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropy1]-4-$ 10 piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (9.53 mg, 0.0250 mmol), 3-hydroxyacetophenone (100 mg) and THF (1.0 mL) The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature. at room temperature overnight (16 hrs). The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was 15 purified by preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH_3 (2.0 M in methanol) in CHCl₃] to afford the desired product: (2.73 mg, 39.9%) as a thick oil: ${}^{1}H$ NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.70-7.64 (m, 2H), 7.54 (m, 2H), 7.49-7.44 (m, 6H), 7.25 (m, 1H), 7.05 (d, 1H, J=8.3 Hz), 6.96 (apparent d, 1H, J=7.7 Hz), 5.34 20 (apparent dd, 1H, J=4.8, 8.2 Hz), 3.15 (m, 2H), 2.67 (m, 3H), 2.53 (apparent sept, partially 2.52 (s, 2H), hidden, 2H, J=7.6 Hz), 2.30-2.10 (m, 6H), 1.89 (m, 2H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=6.9 Hz); ESMS m/e: 499.4 (M + H)⁺.

Scheme A. Synthesis of tert-Butyl 4-(3-aminophenyl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate

- a. n-BuLi, diisopropylamine, THF, PhN(Tf)₂, -78 °C to room temperature, 81%
- b. 3-aminopnenylboronic acid hemisulfate, LiCl, tetrakis-triphenylphosphine
 -palladium (0), Na₂CO₃, DME-H₂O, reflux, 81%
- c. 10% Pd/C, ethanol, H₂, room temperature, balloon method, 84%

Scheme B1. A General Synthesis of the MCH Antagonists

Scheme B2. A General Synthesis of the MCH Antagonists

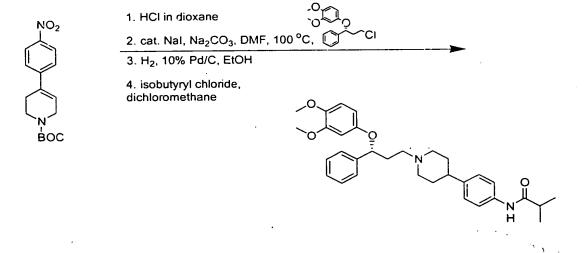
X = C, S(=O) halide = CI, βr

Scheme C1. Specific Examples of the Syntheses of the MCH Antagonists

Scheme C2. Specific Examples of the Syntheses of the MCH Antagonists

Scheme D1. Specific Examples of the Syntheses of the MCH Antagonists

Scheme D2. Specific Examples of the Syntheses of the MCH Antagonists



Scheme E: General Synthesis of the MCH Antagonists

- a. dioxane, diisopropylethylamine, Bu₄NI, reflux or DMF, Ki, Na₂CO₃, 90-100 ^oC or toluene, 110 ^oC, 18-crown-6
- b. diisopyropylethylamine, dichloromethane

X = S(=0), C $R_1 =$ Aromatic, substituted aromatic or heterocyclic $R_2 =$ aliphatic oraromatic

Scheme F. General Synthesis of the MCH Antagonists

If $R = (CH_2)_nCHOH-Ar$, then,

Sch m G. General Synthesis of the MCH Antagonists

Schem H: Synthesis of Oxazolidinones

- c. LAH, THF, reflux; d. (BOC)₂O, chloroform; e. NaH, THF; f. Chiralcel OD column
- g. NaH. p-nitrophenyl chloroformate, THF;
- h. an amine such as N-{3-[1-(3-aminopropyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}acetamide

Ar = 3,4-difluorophenyl, 3,5-difluorophenyl or 3,4,5-trifluorophenyl

Scheme I: Synthesis of gem-Dialkyl Substituted Oxazolidinones

a. methyl magnesium bromide, THF; b. N,N-carbonyldiimidazole, DCM; c. NaH, THF, p-nitrophenylchloroformate; d. an amine such as N-{3-[1-(3-aminopropyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}acetamide

Scheme J: Synthesis and Chiral Resolution of Oxazolidinones

5

a (a) t-BuLi, THF, RCHO (b) CH₃ONH₂.HCl, MeOH, 50-68% over 2 steps (c) Boc₂O, CHCl₃, >90% (d) NaH,THF, 76-92% (e) separate diastereomers by column chromatography and separate enantiomers by chiral phase HPLC, 10-16% (f) n-BuLi, THF, 4-nitrophenylchloroformate, ~75%
 (g) THF, >80%, an amine such as N-{3-[1-(3-aminopropyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}acetamide

Scheme K: Synthesis Oxazolidinones from Amino Acids

a. LAH, THF; b. $(BOC)_2O$, CHCl $_3$; c. NaH, THF; d. p-nitrophenylchloroformate, NaH, THF; h. an amine such as N-{3-[1-(3-aminopropyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}acetamide

Ar = aromatic such as 4-fluorophenyl or 3,4-difluorophenyl

Scheme L: Determination of the Absolute Stereochemistry of the Di-Substituted Oxazolidinones Using Lactic Acid Derivatives

a. pyrrolidine, methanol, heat; b. t-butyldimethylsilyl chloride; c. LAH, ether, reflux d. (BOC)₂O, chloroform; e. NaH, THF; h. silica gel chromatography

For more details, See: Lagu, B.; Wetzel, J. M.; Forray, C.; Patane, M. A.; Bock, M. G. "Determination of the Relative and Absolute Stereochemistry of a Potent α 1A Selective Adrenoceptor Antagonist" Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett. 2000, 10, 2705.

Sch me M

Example

n=2, R1=H, R2=Ph, R3=H n=5, R1=H, R2=H, R3=5-OMe n=1, R1=H, R2=Ph, R3=H n=4, R1=H, R2=H, R3=5-OMe

Schem N

Example

5

10

Scheme P

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{R}_{1} & \text{I. NaH. DMF} \\ \text{N}_{1} & \text{I. NaH. DMF} \\ \text{2. BrCH}_{2}(\text{CH}_{2})\text{3CH}_{2}\text{CI} \\ \text{2a: } n = 3 \\ \text{2b: } n = 4 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{K}_{2}\text{CO}_{3}. \text{ NaI, 3} \\ \text{DMF. } 90 \, ^{\circ}\text{C. } 12 \text{ h} \\ \text{3: } \text{H} - \text{N} \\ \text{O} = \text{N} \\ \text{O} = \text{N} \\ \text{Aa: } n = 3 \\ \text{4b: } n = 4 \end{array}$$

Sch m O

R1=H, R2=4'-Me

Scheme Q

$$\begin{array}{c} H \\ N \\ N \\ N \end{array} \xrightarrow[]{R_2} \begin{array}{c} K_2\text{CO}_3, \text{CuBr. 6}, \\ NMP, 150 \,^{\circ}\text{C. 12 h} \\ \hline I - \bigcirc - R_1 \end{array} \xrightarrow[]{R_1} \begin{array}{c} N \\ N \\ R_2 \end{array}$$

Scheme R

EXPERIMENTAL SECTION

The following additional abbreviations are used: HOAc, acetic acid; DMF, N, N-dimethylformamide; EtOAc, ethyl acetate; MeOH, methanol; NMP, 1-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone; TEA, triethylamine; THF, tetrahydrofuran; All solvent ratios are volume/volume unless stated otherwise.

mixture of 1-H-indole 1-(4-METHYLPHENYL)1H-INDOLE: A (58.5 mg, 0.500 mmol), 1-(iodo)-4-methylbenzene (0.218 10 g, 1.00 mmol), copper powder (32.0 mg, 0.500 mmol), and K_2CO_3 (0.138 g, 1.00 mmol) in 1-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone (1 mL) was heated at 150 °C for 12 h under argon. resulting mixture was diluted with H_2O (6 mL). aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 X 10 mL). The 15 combined organic extracts were washed with brine mL), dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated in vacuo. The purified by preparative residue was EtOAc/hexane (1:4) to give the desired product (82 mg, δ 7.67 (d, 1H, J = ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 20 7.7 Hz), 7.52 (d, 1H, J = 7.4 Hz), 7.38 (d, 2H, J = 8.4Hz), 7.34-7.29 (m, 3H), 7.21 (t, 1H, J = 7.0 Hz), 7.15(t, 1H, J = 7.0 Hz), 6.66 (d, 1H, 3.3 Hz), 2.43 (s. 3H);ESMS m/e: 208.0 (M + H)⁺.

25

30

5

Example 86

N-(3-{1-[(6-CHLORO-1H-INDOL-3-YL) METHYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A solution of
2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl) phenyl] propanamide (0.369
g, 1.50 mmol) and 37 wt % aqueous formaldehyde (30.0
mg, 1.50 mmol) in 1 mL of HOAc:dioxane (1:4) was added
to 6-chloro-1-H-indole (0.152 g, 1.00 mmol) and the
reaction mixture was stirred for 12 h at room

mixture was diluted with temperature. The resulting $\rm H_2O$ (10 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with $\rm CH_2Cl_2$ (3 X 100 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (10 mL), dried over $MgSO_4$, and concentrated in The residue was purified by preparative TLC on vacuo. silica using 5% of NH_3 (2.0 M in methanol) in CH_2Cl_2 to give the desired product (79 mg, 42%). ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 9.14 (s, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.52 (t, 2H, J = 8.1 Hz), 7.35 (d, 2H, J = 13.3 Hz), 7.18 (t, 1H, J = 7.9Hz), 7.09 (dd, 1H, J = 1.9, 8.5 Hz), 6.85 (d, 1H, J =7.4 Hz), 5.18 (s, 1H), 4.01 (s, 2H), 2.55 (septet, 1H, J= 6.8 Hz), 2.48-2.34 (m, 3H), 2.08-1.95 (m, 4H), 1.78(d, 2H, J = 12.8 Hz), 1.22 (d, 6H, J = 6.8 Hz); ESMS $m/e: 410.1 (M + H)^{+}$.

15

10

5

Example 87

 $466.2 (M + H)^{+}$.

 $2-METHYL-N-[3-(1-{[1-(4-METHYLPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-$ YL] METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL] PROPANAMIDE: According to the procedure used for the synthesis of $N-(3-\{1-[(6$ chloro-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-20 1-(4-methylphenyl)-1H-indole methylpropanamide, $2-methyl-N-[3-(1-{[1-(4$ provided 1.00 mmol) g, methylphenyl)-1H-indol-3-yl]methyl}-4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide (0.441 g, 78%). (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90 (s, 1H), 7.73 (d, 1H, J = 7.2 25 Hz), 7.58-7.51 (m, 2H), 7.43-7.36 (m, 3H), 7.35-7.29 (m, 3H), 7.26-7.15 (m, 3H), 6.89 (d, 1H, J = 7.7 Hz), 4.07(s, 2H), 3.36 (d, 2H, J = 11.6 Hz), 2.59-2.39 (m, 6H),2.55 (sept, 1H, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.10-1.98 (m, 2H), 1.83 (d, 2H, J = 12.9 Hz), 1.23 (d, 6H, J = 6.9 Hz); ESMS m/e: 30

PHENYLPROPYL] - 1H-

2-[(1S)-3-CHLORO-1-

5

10

15

ISOINDOLE-1,3(2H)-DIONE: Triphenylphosphine (5.25 g, 20.0 mmol) and diethyl azodicarboxylate (3.58 g, 20.0 mmol) were added to a solution of (1R)-3-chloro-1-phenyl-1-propanol (3.42 g, 20.0 mmol) and phthalimide (2.94 g, 20.0 mmol) in THF (100 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred for 4 h at room temperature. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was triturated with pentane (3 X 50 mL). The combined pentane fractions were concentrated in vacuo and the crude product was purified by chromatography on silica using EtOAc/hexane (3:97) to give the desired product (4.40 g, 74%). 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.82 (d, 1H, J = 5.4 Hz), 7.69 (d, 1H, J = 5.8 Hz), 7.55 (d, 2H, 1H, J = 5.4 Hz), 7.69 (d, 1H, J = 5.8 Hz), 7.55 (d, 2H,

J = 7.2 Hz), 7.38-7.28 (m, 3H), 5.64 (dd, 1H, J = 6.8, 9.2 Hz), 3.56 (t, 2H, J = 6.4 Hz), 3.11-3.02 (m; 1H),

2.85-2.75 (m, 1H); ESMS m/e: 300.1 (M + H)⁺.

20 YL) -3-PHENYLPROPYL] -4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) -2-2-[(1S)-3-chloro-1-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture of phenylpropyl]-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione (4.50 g, 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide (4.26 g, 15.0 mmol), K_2CO_3 (4.16 g, 30.0 mmol), and NaI 25 (3.40 g, 20.0 mmol) in DMF (40 mL) was stirred at 90 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 12 hrs. The reaction mixture was diluted with water (50 mL), extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 X 50 mL), and the combined organic extracts were washed with brine (50 mL), dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated under reduced 30 pressure. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica using 5% of NH_3 (2.0 M in methanol) in CH_2Cl_2 to give the desired product (5.10 g, 74%). ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz,

CDCl₃) δ 7.83 (d, 1H, J = 5.5 Hz), 7.82 (d, 1H, J = 5.5 Hz), 7.71 (d, 1H, J = 5.5 Hz), 7.70 (d, 1H, J = 5.4 Hz), 7.56 (d, 2H, J = 7.1 Hz), 7.35-7.27 (m, 5H), 7.22 (t, 1H, J = 7.5 Hz), 7.09 (s, 1H), 6.81 (d, 1H, J = 7.8 Hz), 5.49 (dd, 1H, J = 5.5, 9.6 Hz), 2.97 (d, 1H, J = 10.1 Hz), 2.92-2.82 (m, 2H), 2.44 (sept, 1H, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.40-2.29 (m, 3H), 2.00-1.83 (m, 2H), 1.79-1.39 (m, 5H), 1.26 (d, 6H, J = 6.9 Hz); ESMS m/e: 510.4 (M + H)⁺.

 $N-(3-\{1-[(3S)-3-AMINO-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-$ 10 PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) - 2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture of N- $(3-\{1-[(3S)-3-(1,3-\text{diox}o-1,3-\text{dihydro}-2H-\text{isoindol}-2-yl)-$ 3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2methylpropanamide (4.60 g, 9.06 mmol) and hydrazine (3.62 g, 72.4 mmol) in ethanol (150 mL) was refluxed for 15 12 h. The resulting white precipitate was filtered out and the filtrate was concentrated under vacuum. residue was washed with CH2Cl2/EtOAc. (1:1, 3 X 50 mL) and the combined organic fractions were concentrated in vacuo to give the desired product (2.90 g, 95%). ^{1}H NMR 20 (400 MHz, CDCl $_3$) δ 7.45 (s, 1H), 7.39-7.30 (m, 6H), 7.29-7.19 (m, 2H), 6.95 (d, 1H, J = 7.2), 4.01 (t, 1H, J =6.8 Hz), 3.04 (t, 2H, J = 10.6 Hz), 2.62-2.30 (m, 6H), 2.05-1.70 (m, 8H), 1.24 (d, 6H, J = 6.8 Hz); ESMS m/e: 25 $380.4 (M + H)^{+}$.

Example 88

5

PHENYL-3-

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(3s)-3-(PROPIONYLAMINO) PROPYL]-4-

the to PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) PROPANAMIDE: According (acetylamino) -3-phenylpropyl] -4-piperidinyl}phenyl) -2methylpropanamide, $N-(3-\{1-[(3S)-3-amino-3$ phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (11.0 mg, 0.0280 mmol) and propionyl chloride (3.80 mg, 0.0420 mmol) provided 2-methyl-N-(3- $\{1-[(3S)-3-phenyl$ (propionylamino)propyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)propanamide (12 mg, 97% yield). ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.05 (s, 1H), 7.59 (s, 1H), 7.40-7.20 (m, 7H), 6.96 (s, 1H), $5.19-5.12 \, (m, 1H)$, $3.18 \, (d, 1 H, J = 12.0 Hz)$, $2.99 \, (d, 1 Hz)$ 1H, J = 10.4 Hz), 2.93-2.86 (m, 1H), 2.61-2.40 (m, 3H), 2.38-2.23 (m, 3H), 2.19-1.75 (m, 8H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=6.9 Hz), 1.22-1.08 (m, 3H); ESMS m/e: 436.4 (M + H)⁺.

Example 89

5

10

15

 $N - \{3 - [1 - ((3S) - 3 - \{[(4 - FLUOROPHENYL) ACETYL] AMINO\} - 3 - [(4 - FLUOROPHENYL) ACETYL] AMINO\} - 3 - [(4 - FLUOROPHENYL) ACETYL] AMINO\} - 3 - [(4 - FLUOROPHENYL) ACETYL] AMINO] - 3 - [(4 - FLUOROPHENYL) ACETYL] - [(4 - FLUOROPHENYL] - [(4 -$

PHENYLPROPYL) -4-PIPERIDINYL] PHENYL}-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: 20 mixture of $N-(3-\{1-[(3S)-3-amino-3-phenylpropy1]-4$ piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (11.0 mg, 0.0280 (4-fluorophenyl)acetyl chloride (7.20 mg, mmol) and 0.0420 mmol) mL) was stirred at in THF (5 The solvent was removed under temperature for 4 h. 25 the residue was purified reduced pressure and preparative TLC using Hexane: EtOAc (2:1) to give the desired product (13 mg, 90% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 7.89 (d, 1H, J = 8.4 Hz), 7.59 (s, 1H), 7.31-6.93 (m, 13H), 5.13 (q, 1H, J = 6.0 Hz), 3.56 (s, 2H), 30 3.07 (d, 1H, J = 11.7 Hz)., 2.91 (d, 1H, J = 11.0 Hz), 2.62-2.42 (m, 2H), 2.40-2.30 (m, 1H), 2.12-1.54 (m, 9H), 1.24 (d, 6H, J = 6.7 Hz); ESMS $m/e: 515.3 \text{ (M + H)}^+$.

Example 90

N-(3-{1-[3-(1,2-DIPHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL) PROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) - 2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: mixture of Α 1,1-diphenylhydrazine hydrochloride (10.3 mq, 5 2-methyl-*N*-{3-[1-(5-oxo-5-phenylpentyl)-4mmol), piperidinyl]phenyl}propanamide (14.7 mg, 0.0362 mmol), ZnCl₂ (14.85 mg, 0.109 mmol), and HOAc (0.5 mL) was heated for 4 h at 80 °C. The resulting crude mixture was diluted with water (10 mL), the aqueous layer was 10 neutralized with saturated K_2CO_3 and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 combined organic layers The Х 20 (3 concentrated in vacuo and the residue was purified by preparative TLC using 5% of NH₃ (2.0 M in methanol) in CH_2Cl_2 to give the desired product N-(3-{1-[3-(1,2-15 diphenyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2methylpropanamide (4.1 mg, 37%). ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.71-7.65 (m, 1H), 7.42 (d, 1H, J = 7.4 Hz), 7.39 (s, 1H), 7.36-7.15 (m, 15H), 6.94 (d, 1H, J = 7.8 Hz), 3.12(d, 2H, J = 11.2 Hz), 2.90 (t, 2H, J = 7.8 Hz),20 2.59-2.45 (m, 3H), 2.19-1.91 (m, 7H), 1.82 (d, 2H, J=13.5 Hz), 1.24 (d, 6H, J = 6.9 Hz); ESMS m/e: 555.3 (M + H) [†].

25 Example 91

N-(3-{1-[3-(5-METHOXY-2-PHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)PROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: According to the procedure used for the synthesis of N-(3-{1-[3-(1,2-diphenyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide, 2-methyl-N-{3-[1-(5-oxo-5-phenylpentyl)-4-

piperidinyl)phenyl)propanamide (15.6 mg, 38.2 mmol), and
1-(4-methoxyphenyl)hydrazine hydrochloride (8.00 mg,

0.0458 mmol) provided N- (3-{1-[3-(5-methoxy-2-phenyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (3.9 mg, 20%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 8 8.06 (s, 1H), 7.55 (d, 2H, J = 7.4 Hz), 7.43-7.39 (m, 3H), 7.38-7.35 (m, 2H), 7.27-7.19 (m, 3H), 7.08 (d, 1H, J = 7.4 Hz), 6.94 (d, 1H, J = 7.6 Hz), 6.87 (dd, 1H, J = 4.0, 6.6 Hz), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.80-3.69 (m, 1H), 2.99 (d, 2H, J = 11.7 Hz), 2.89 (t, 2H, J = 7.3), 2.55-2.39 (m, 4H), 2.02-1.88 (m, 3H), 1.82-1.68 (m, 4H), 1.24 (d, 6H, J = 6.9 Hz); ESMS m/e: 510.3 (M + H)⁺.

Example 92

 $N-(3-\{1-[4-(5-METHOXY-2-PHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL) BUTYL]-4-$ PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) -2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: According the procedure used for the synthesis of N-(3- $\{1-[3-(1,2-$ 15 diphenyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2- $2-methyl-N-{3-[1-(6-\sigma xo-6$ methylpropanamide, phenylhexyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}propanamide (14.3 mg, 1-(4-methoxyphenyl)hydrazine and 0.0339 hydrochloride (7.10 mg, 0.0407 mmol) provided N-(3-{1-20 [4-(5-methoxy-2-phenyl-1H-indol-3-yl)butyl]-4piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (5.8 mg, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.95 (d, 2H, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.61-7.15 (m, 11H), 6.97 (d, 1H, J = 7.0 Hz), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.09 (d, 2H, J = 11.3 Hz), 2.99 (t, 2H, J = 7.0 Hz), 25 2.55-2.35 (m, 4H), 2.12-1.70 (m, 6H), 1.68-1.52 (m, 2H), 1.48-1.34 (m, 2H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J = 6.7 Hz); ESMS m/e: $524.3 (M + H)^{+}$.

30 Example 93

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(1-PHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: According to the procedure used for the synthesis of N-(3-{1-[3-(1,2-1)]-1-[3-(1,2-1)]

yl)propyl]-4diphenyl-1H-indol-3piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide, $N - \{3 - [1 - (3, 3$ dimethoxypropyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}-2-0.0436 mmol) 1,1methylpropanamide (15.2 mg, and diphenylhydrazine hydrochloride (11.6 mg, 0.0524 mmol) 5 2-methyl-N-(3-{1-[(1-phenyl-1H-indol-3provided yl)methyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)propanamide ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.79 (d, 1H, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.57 (d, 1H, J = 7.7 Hz), 7.54-7.47 (m, 4H), 7.43-7.32 (m, 4H), 7.25-7.16 (m, 4H), 6.95 (d, 1H, J = 7.810 Hz), 3.87 (s, 2H), 2.53-2.47 (m, 2H), 2.21 (dt, 2H, J = 3.0, 10.5 Hz), 2.12-1.77 (m, 6H), 1.24 (d, 6H, J = 6.9Hz); ESMS m/e: 451.3 (M + H)⁺.

Example 94 15

 $2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(4E)-4-PHENYL-4-(2-FHE$ PYRIDINYLHYDRAZONO) BUTYL] -4-

PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) PROPANAMIDE: procedure used for the synthesis of $N-(3-\{1-[3-(1,2$ diphenyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-20 $2-\text{methyl}-N-\{3-[1-(4-0x0-4$ methylpropanamide, phenylbutyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}propanamide (8.70 mg, 0.0223 mmol) and 2-hydrazinopyridine (2.92 mg, 0.0268 $2-\text{methyl}-N-(3-\{1-[(4E)-4-\text{phenyl}-4-(2$ provided mmol) pyridinylhydrazono)butyl]-4-25 piperidinyl}phenyl)propanamide (2.5 mg, 24%). ¹H NMR $(400 \text{ MHz}, \text{CDCl}_3) \delta 7.97 \text{ (d, 1H, } J = 8.6 \text{ Hz}), 7.85 \text{ (d, 1H, }$ J = 7.3 Hz), 7.64-7.27 (m, 9H), 7.09 (d, 1H, J = 8.0Hz), 6.97 (d, 1H, J = 8.4 Hz), 6.73 (q, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 3.52-3.48 (m, 2H), 3.20-3.10 (m, 2H), 2.85-1.75 (m, 30 13H), 1.26 (d, 6H, J = 6.8 Hz); ESMS $m/e: 484.4 \text{ (M + H)}^{+}$.

According

the

Example 95

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(5-METHOXY-1H-INDOL-3-YL) PROPYL]-4-$

PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) - 2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: According the procedure used for the synthesis of N-(3- $\{1-[3-(1,2-$ 5 diphenyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2methylpropanamide, $N-(3-\{1-[4-(1,3-\text{dioxolan-2-yl})\text{butyl}]-$ 4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (23.5 1-(4-methoxyphenyl)hydrazine and mmol) hydrochloride (13.2 mg, 0.0774 mmol) provided N-(3- $\{1$ -10 [3-(5-methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)propyl]-4piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (11 mg, 42%). 1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.86 (s, 1H), 7.45 (s, 1H), 7.32 (d, 1H, J = 8.4 Hz), 7.28-7.21 (m, 2H), 7.10 (s, 1H),7.05 (d, 1H, J = 2.3 Hz), 7.00-6.91 (m, 2H), 6.85 (dd, 15 1H, J = 2.7, 9.0 Hz), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.06 (d, 2H, J =11.6 Hz), 2.75 (t, 2H, J = 7.2 Hz), 2.55-2.42 (m; 4H), 2.08-1.90 (m, 4H), 1.88-1.74 (m, 4H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=6.9 Hz); ESMS m/e: 434.2 (M + H) $^{+}$.

20

25

30

4-[3-(PROPIONYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1-TERT-BUTYL Propionyl chloride (5.53 PIPERIDINECARBOXYLATE: 0.0597 mol) was added dropwise to a solution of tertbutyl 4-(3-aminophenyl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate (15.0 g, 0.0543 mol) and TEA (16.5 g, 0.163 mol) in THF (200 mL) and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 h. Water (50 mL) was added to the reaction mixture, the aqueous layer was extracted with CH2Cl2 (3 X 100 mL), and the combined organic extracts were washed with brine (50 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica using hexane/EtOAc (10:1) to afford the product (18.8 g, 99%). 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.48 (s, 1H),

6.93 (d, 1H, J = 7.4 Hz), 2.77 3H), (m, (t, 2H, J = 11.5 Hz), 2.68-2.58 (m, 1H), 2.38 (q, 2H, J= 7.6 Hz, 1.87-1.67 (m, 4H), 1.67-1.54 (m, 2H), 1.48(s, 9H), 1.25 (t, 3H, J = 7.5 Hz); ESMS m/e: 333.4 (M + H) +.

5

10

N-[3-(4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]PROPANAMIDE: Into a stirred solution of tert-butyl 4-[3-(propionylamino)phenyl]-1piperidinecarboxylate (18.8 g, 0.0543 mmol) in dioxane (100 mL) at 5 $^{\circ}$ C was bubbled HCl gas for 2 h. solvent was removed in vacuo, the residue was dissolved in water (100 mL) and neutralized by adding 10% KOH aqueous solution. The aqueous layer was extracted (3 X 200 mL) with a mixture of $CHCl_3/isopropyl$ alcohol (3:1), and the combined organic layers were washed with brine 15 (100 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in by purified residue was The chromatography on silica using 5% of NH_3 (2.0 M in methanol) in CH_2Cl_2 to afford the desired product (12.6 q, 99%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.44 (s, 1H), 7.32 (d, 20 1H, J = 7.2 Hz), 7.28-7.21 (m, 1H), 7.09 (s, 1H), 6.97(d, 1H, J = 7.6 Hz), 3.18 (d, 2H, J = 12.6 Hz), 2.73(dt, 2H, J = 2.2, 11.2 Hz), 2.65-2.57 (m, 1H), 2.38 (q, 1H)2H, J = 7.4 Hz), 1.83 (d, 2H, J = 12.1 Hz), 1.70-1.61 (m, 3H), 1.25 (t, 3H, J = 7.5 Hz); ESMS m/e: 233.1 (M + 25 H) +.

4-{3-[(CYCLOPROPYLCARBONYL)AMINO]PHENYL}-1-TERT-BUTYL PIPERIDINECARBOXYLATE: According to the procedure used 4 - [3 tert-butyl synthesis of 30 for the (propionylamino)phenyl]-1-piperidinecarboxylate, butyl 4-(3-aminophenyl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate (16.47.g 0.0596 mol) and cyclopropanecarbonyl chloride (6.27 g,

0.0597 mol) provided the tert-butyl 4-{3-[(cyclopropylcarbonyl)amino]phenyl}-1-piperidinecarboxylate (18.1 g, 100%). 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.55-7.46 (m, 2H), 7.29-7.21 (m, 2H), 6.96-6.89 (m, 1H), 2.79 (t, 2H, J = 12.1 Hz), 2.68-2.58(m, 1H), 1.84 (d, 2H, J = 12.6 Hz), 1.83-1.76 (m, 4H), 1.48 (s, 9H), 1.19-1.12 (m, 1H), 1.09-1.05 (m, 2H), 0.89-0.75 (m, 2H); ESMS m/e: 345.5 (M + H)⁺.

5

N-[3-(4-PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL] CYCLOPROPANECARBOXAMIDE:

According to the procedure used for the synthesis of N[3-(4-piperidinyl) phenyl] propanamide, tert-butyl 4-{3[(cyclopropylcarbonyl) amino] phenyl}-1piperidinecarboxylate (18.9 g, 0.0543 mol) provided N[3-(4-piperidinyl) phenyl] cyclopropanecarboxamide (13.2 g, 100 %). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.46 (s, 1H), 7.367.22 (m, 3H), 7.23 (d, 1H, J = 6.9 Hz), 3.17 (d, 2H, J = 11.9 Hz), 2.72 (dt, 2H, J = 2.6, 12·2 Hz), 2.65-2.55 (m, 1H), 1.82 (d, 2H, J = 13.9 Hz), 1.63 (dt, 3H, J = 4.1, 12.5 Hz), 1.53-1.45 (m, 1H), 1.11-1.06 (m, 2H), 0.870.81 (m, 2H); ESMS m/e: 245.03 (M + H)*

1-(6-CHLOROHEXYL)-1H-INDOLE: To a mixture of NaH (0.249 g, 10.0 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) at 0 °C was added a solution of 1-H-indole (0.585 g, 5.00 mmol) in DMF (2 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred for 30 minutes and warmed up to room temperature. Then 1-bromo-6-chlorohexane (0.998 g, 5.00 mmol) was added dropwise by syringe and the reaction mixture was stirred overnight. The reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc (30 mL), washed with water (3 X 10 mL), dried over MgSO₄, concentrated in vacuo and purified by chromatography using hexane/EtOAc (97.5:2.5) to give the desired product (0.900 g, 76 %).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.76-7.54 (m, 1H), 7.47-6.96 (m, 4H), 6.60-6.34 (m, 1H), 4.13 (t, 2H, J = 6.8 Hz), 3.50 (t, 2H, J = 5.6 Hz), 1.98-1.79 (m, 2H), 1.79-1.64 (m, 2H), 1.54-1.17 (m, 4H).

5

10

1-(5-CHLOROPENTYL)-1H-INDOLE: According to the procedure used for the synthesis of 1-(6-chlorohexyl)-1H-indole, 1-H-indole (0.585 g, 5.00 mmol) and 1-bromo-5-chloropentane (0.928 g, 5.00 mmol) gave the desired product (0.890 g, 80%). 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.76-7.51 (m, 1H), 7.44-6.96 (m, 4H), 6.60-6.38 (m, 1H), 4.11 (t, 2H, J = 6.8 Hz), 3.47 (t, 2H, J = 6.4 Hz), 1.97-1.79 (m, 2H), 1.79-1.61 (m, 2H), 1.58-1.32 (m, 2H).

15 Example 96

 $N-(3-\{1-[6-(1H-INDOL-1-YL)HEXYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL\}PHENYL)-$ 1-(6-Chlorohexyl)-1H-indole' (23.6 2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-0.100 mmol), piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide (24.6 mg, 0.100 mmol), K_2CO_3 (27.6 mg, 0.200 mmol), NaI (22.5 mg, 0.150 mmol) 20 and DMF (1.00 mL) were combined and stirred overnight at cooled The reaction mixture was to °C. 100 temperature and the crude material was purified by preparative TLC using 5 % of NH_3 (2.0 M in methanol) in $\mathrm{CH_{2}Cl_{2}}$ to give the desired product as a yellow solid (40 25 mg, 90%). ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.08-6.52 (m, 11H), 4.17 (t, 2H, J = 7.2 Hz), 3.26 (d, 2H, J = 11.6 Hz), 2.74-2.52 (m, 4H), 2.44-2.28 (m, 2H), 2.20-2.02 (m, 2H), 1.98-1.82 (m,4H), 1.78-1.62 (m, 2H), 1.43-1.28 (m, 4H), 1.28 (d, 6H, J = 6.8 Hz); ESMS $m/e: 446.5 \text{ (M + H)}^+$. 30

Example 97

15 Example 98

N-(4-{1-[(9-ETHYL-9H-CARBAZOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: According to
the procedure used for the synthesis of N-(3-{1-[4-(4CHLOROPHENOXY)BENZYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(1,2-$ METHYLPROPANAMIDE (Example 108) 20 diphenyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-9-ethyl-9H-carbazole-3-carbaldehyde methylpropanamide, 2-methyl-N-[4-(4and mmol) 0.100 (22.3 0.100 mmol) piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide (24.6 mq, $N-(4-\{1-[(9-\text{ethyl}-9H-\text{carbazol}-3-\text{yl})\,\text{methyl}]-4-$ 25 piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide. The product was obtained as a white crystalline solid (20 mg, 44%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.21-7.09 (m, 12H), 4.38 (q, 2H, J= 7.2 Hz), 3.81 (s, 2H), 3.25-3.03 (m, 2H), 2.60-2.38 (m, 2H), 2.31-2.09 (m, 2H), 1.98-1.69 (m, 4H), 1.44 (t, 30 3H, J = 7.2 Hz), 1.23 (d, 6H, J = 6.8 Hz); ESMS m/e: $454.3 (M + H)^{+}$

Example 99

 $N-(3-\{1-[(9-ETHYL-9H-CARBAZOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4-$ PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) - 2 - METHYLPROPANAMIDE: According the procedure used for the synthesis of N-(3- $\{1-[4-(4-$ CHLOROPHENOXY) BENZYL] -4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) -2-5 $N-(4-{1}-[(9-\text{ethyl}-9H-$ (Example 108) METHYLPROPANAMIDE carbazol-3-yl).methyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-9-ethyl-9H-carbazole-3-carbaldehyde methylpropanamide, 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamideafforded $N-(3-\{1-[(9-\text{ethyl}-9H-\text{carbazol}-3-\text{yl})\text{methyl}]-4-$ 10 piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (37 mg, 95%). ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.24-6.29 (m, 12H), 4.37 (q, 2H, J = 7.2 Hz), 3.82 (s, 2H), 3.23-3.06 (m, 2H), 2.65-2.38 (m, 2H), 2.31-2.11 (m, 2H), 2.01-1.73 (m, 4H), 1.43 (t, 3H, J = 7.2 Hz), 1.25 (d, 6H, J = 4.0 Hz); ESMS m/e: 15 $454.3 (M + H)^{+}$.

Example 100

N-[3-(1-{[1-(4-METHOXYPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-5-YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL] - 2 - METHYLPROPANAMIDE: According 20 synthesis 1-(4the the procedure used for methylphenyl)1H -indole, $N-\{3-[1-(1H-indol-5-ylmethyl)-$ 4-piperidinyl]phenyl}-2-methylpropanamide (37.5)0.100 mmol) and 1-iodo-4-methoxybenzene (46.8 mg, 0.200 mmol) gave the desired product (27 mg, 5.6%). ^{1}H NMR (400 25 MHz, CDCl $_3$) δ 7.70-6.58 (m, 14H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.67 (s, 2H), 3.14-3.01 (m, 2H), 2.57-2.41 (m, 2H), 2.25-2.01 (m, 2H), 1.93-1.69 (m, 4H), 1.24 (d, 6H, J = 7.2 Hz); ESMS $m/e: 482.2 (M + H)^{+}$.

Example 101

30

N-[3-(1-{[1-(4-FLUOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-5-YL]METHYL}-4PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: According to

the procedure used for the synthesis of 1-(4-methylphenyl)1H-indole, $N-\{3-[1-(1H-indol-5-ylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl\}-2-methylpropanamide (37.5 mg, 0.100 mmol) and 1-fluoro-4-iodobenzene (44.4 mg, 0.200 mmol) gave the desired product (21 mg, 45%). <math>^1H$ NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.71-6.60 (m, 14H), 3.69 (s, 2H), 3.19-2.99 (m, 2H), 2.62-2.41 (m, 2H), 2.22-2.07 (m, 2H), 1.94-1.70 (m, 4H), 1.24 (d, 6H, J=6.8 Hz); ESMS m/e: 470.2 (M + H) $^+$.

10 Example 102

5

METHYL-4-[5-({4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1IPERIDINYL}METHYL)-1H-INDOL-1-YL]BENZOATE: According to the procedure used for the synthesis of 1-(4methylphenyl)1H-indole, N-{3-[1-(1H-indol-5-ylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}-2-methylpropanamide (37.5 mg, 0.100 mmol) and methyl 4-iodobenzoate (52.4 mg, 0.200 mmol) gave the desired product (11 mg, 22%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.31-6.64 (m, 14H), 3:96 (s, 3H), 3.67 (s, 2H), 3.16-2.96 (m, 2H), 2.57-2.41 (m, 2H), 2.18-2.02 (m, 2H), 1.91-1.73 (m, 4H), 1.24 (d, 6H, J = 6.8 Hz); ESMS m/e: 510.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 103

 $2-METHYL-N-[3-(1-{[1-(3-METHYLPHENYL)-1}H-INDOL-5-$

YL] METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL] PROPANAMIDE: According to the procedure used for the synthesis of 1-(4-methylphenyl)1H-indole, N-{3-[1-(1H-indol-5-ylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}-2-methylpropanamide (37.5 mg, 0.100 mmol) and 1-iodo-3-methylbenzene (43.6 mg, 0.200 mmol) gave the desired product (28 mg, 60%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.68-6.60 (m, 14H), 3.66 (s, 2H), 3.16-2.96 (m, 2H), 2.59-2.44 (m, 2H), 2.44 (s, 3H), 2.18-2.01 (m, 2H),

1.91-1.68 (m, 4H), 1.24 (d, 6H, J = 6.8 Hz); ESMS $m/e: 466.2 (M + H)^{+}$.

Example 104

10

5 $N-{3-[1-(3-{[(4-CHLORO-3-$

NITROPHENYL) SULFONYL] AMINO PROPYL) -4-

PIPERIDINYL] PHENYL}-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture of N-{3[1-(2-aminopropyl)-4-piperidinyl] phenyl}-2-methylpropanamide (10.0 mg, 0.0350 mmol), 4-chloro-3-nitrobenzenesulfonyl chloride (9.90 mg, 0.0380 mmol),

nitrobenzenesulfonyl chloride (9.90 mg, 0.0380 mmol), and TEA (7.00 mg, 0.0700 mmol) in THF (2 mL) was stirred for 12 h at room temperature. The crude product was purified by preparative TLC ($CH_2Cl_2/MeOH/isopropyl$ amine = 19:1:0.2) to give the desired product (16 mg, 86%). ¹H

NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.45-8.38 (m, 1H), 8.02 (d, 1H, J = 8.4 Hz), 7.72 (d, 1H, J = 8.8 Hz), 7.48-7.40 (m, 3H), 7.29-7.24 (m, 2H), 6.96 (d, 1H, J = 7.5 Hz), 3.17-3.09 (m, 4H), 2.63-2.48 (m, 4H), 2.15 (t, 2H, J = 11.8 Hz), 1.96-1.72 (m, 6H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J = 6.9 Hz); ESMS m/e:

20 $523.2 (M + H)^{+}$.

Example 105

N-[3-(1-{5-[4-(3,4-DIFLUOROPHENYL)-2-OXO-1,3-OXAZOLIDIN-3-YL] PENTYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

A mixture of 3-(5-bromopentyl)-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)1,3-oxazolidin-2-one (38.0 mg, 0.110 mmol), 2-methyl-N[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide (26.0 mg, 0.100 mmol), NaI (23.0 mg, 0.150 mmol), and K₂CO₃ (14.0 mg, 0.100 mmol) in DMF (2 mL) was heated for 1 h at 50°C.

The crude product was purified by preparative TLC using CH₂Cl₂/MeOH/isopropyl amine (19:1:0.2) to give the desired product (21 mg, 41%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.49 (s, 1H), 7.39-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.26-7.20 (m, 2H),

7.18-7.11 (m, 1H), 7.10- 7.03 (m, 1H), 6.96 (d, 1H, J = 7.6 Hz), 4.80-4.73 (m, 1H), 4.62 (t, 1H, J = 7.9 Hz), 4.09-4.04 (m, 1H), 3.51-3.42 (m, 1H), 3.03 (d, 2H, J = 11.7 Hz), 2.82-2.72 (m, 1H), 2.51-2.42 (m, 2H), 2.32 (t, 2H, J = 7.9 Hz), 2.11 (s, 1H), 2.03-1.97 (m, 2H), 1.85-1.70 (m, 4H), 1.49 (m, 4H), 1.31-1.27 (m, 1H), 1.24 (d, 6H, J = 6.9 Hz); ESMS m/e: 514.4 (M + H)⁺.

Example 106

5

 $3-(2,6-DICHLOROPHENYL)-N-(5-{4-[3-$ 10 (ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL] -1-PIPERIDINYL}PENTYL) -5-METHYL-3-(2,6of 4-ISOXAZOLECARBOXAMIDE: Α mixture dichlorophenyl)-4-formyl-5-isoxazolecarbonyl chloride mmol), $N = \{3 - [1 - (5 - aminopentyl) - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4]\}$ 0.250 (69.0 mg, piperidinyl]phenyl}-2-ethylpropanamide (44.0 mg, 0.150 15 mmol), TEA (30.0 mg, 0.300 mmol) in THF (2 mL) was stirred for 12 h at room temperature. The crude product purified by preparative TLC using CH₂Cl₂/MeOH/ isopropyl amine (19:1:0.2) to give the desired product (52 mg, 67%). 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.52-7.49 (m, 20 2H), 7.49-7.41 (m, 2H), 7.39-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.29-7.21 (m, 2H), 6.92 (d, 1H, J = 7.6 Hz), 3.25-3.11 (m, 5H), 2.81-2.74 (m, 4H), 2.58-2.44 (m, 4H), 2.30-2.19 (m, 2H), 1.93- 1.78 (m, 4H), 1.56-1.44 (m, 2H), 1.31-1.28 (m, 2H), 1.24 (d, 6H, J = 6.6 Hz); ESMS m/e: 585.2 (M + H)⁺. 25

Example 107

N-[3-(1-{2-[(DIPHENYLACETYL) AMINO] ETHYL}-4PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture of N
{3[1-(2-aminoethyl)-4-piperidinyl] phenyl}-2methylpropanamide (20.0 mg, 0.0700 mmol), diphenylacetyl
chloride (23.0 mg, 0.110 mmol), and TEA (20.0 mg, 0.140
mmol) in THF (2 mL) was stirred overnight at 23 °C. The

crude product was purified by preparative TLC using $CH_2Cl_2/MeOH/isopropyl$ amine (19:1:0.2) to give the desired product (8.0 mg, 47%). 1H NMR $(400 \text{ MHz}, CDCl_3)$ δ 7.53 (s, 1H), 7.37-7.20 (m, 13H), 6.97-6.92 (m, 1H), 6.67 (s, 1H), 4.98 (s, 1H), 3.43 (q, 2H, J=5.9 Hz), 2.90 (d, 2H, J=11.6 Hz), 2.57-2.42 (m, 4H), 2.11 (t, 2H, J=10.4 Hz), 1.75 (d, 2H, J=12.4 Hz), 1.70-1.58 (m, 2H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=6.7 Hz); ESMS m/e: 484.2 (M + H) $^+$.

10

15

20

25

30

5

Example 108

N-(3-{1-[4-(4-CHLOROPHENOXY)BENZYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

chlorophenoxy) benzaldehyde (0.119 g, 0.510 mmol) and 2methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide (0.126 g, 0.510 mmol) were mixed in 1,2-dichloroethane (5 mL) and then treated with sodium triacetoxyborohydride (0.424 g, 2.00 mmol) and HOAc (0.03 mL, 0.5 mmol). The mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature. The reaction mixture was neutralized with saturated NaHCO3 aqueous solution and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH2Cl2 (3 X 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over $MgSO_4$, concentrated in vacuo, and purified by preparative TLC using 5% of NH_3 (2.0 M in methanol) in CH_2Cl_2 to give the desired product (53 mg, 23%). ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.50 (s, 1H), 7.34-7.19 (m, 7H), 6.98-6.87 (m, 5H), 3.50 (s, 2H), 2.98 (d, 2H)= 11.8 Hz), 2.58-2.44 (m, 2H), 2.10-1.98 (m, 2H), 1.83-1.76 (m, 4H), 1.24 (d, 6H, J = 6.8 Hz); ESMS m/e: 463.2 $(M + H)^+$.

Example 110

 $N-(3-\{1-[4-(3,4-DIFLUOROPHENOXY)BENZYL]-4-$

PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) - 2-METHYL PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by the procedure described in example 108, substituting 4-(3,4-difluorophenoxy) benzaldehyde (0.119 g, 0.510 mmol) 'for 4-(4-chlorophenoxy) benzaldehyde. ¹H. NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.52 (s, 1H), 7.32 (d, 2H, J = 8.4 Hz), 7.28-7.21 (m, 2H), 7.14-7.06 (m, 2H), 6.98-6.94 (m, 3H), 6.86-6.79 (m, 1H), 6.76-6.69 (m, 1H), 3.51 (s, 2H), 2.99 (d, 2H, J = 11.7 Hz), 2.55-2.44 (m, 2H), 2.12-2.02 (m, 2H), 1.86-1.74 (m, 4H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J = 7.0 Hz); ESMS m/e: 465.2 (M + H)⁺.

25

30

Example 111

N-(3-{1-[(5-CHLORO-3-METHYL-1-PHENYL-1H-PYRAZOL-4-YL)METHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

Prepared by the procedure described in example 108,
substituting 5-chloro-3-methyl-1-phenyl-1H-pyrazole-4carbaldehyde (0.113 g, 0.510 mmol) for 4-(4chlorophenoxy)benzaldehyde. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ
7.62-7.19 (m, 9H), 6.97 (s, 1H), 3.43 (s, 2H), 3.08-2.98

(m, 2H), 2.58-2.43 (m, 2H), 2.39-2.32 (m, 3H), 2.18-1.71 (m, 6H), 1.24 (d, 6H, J=6.9 Hz); ESMS m/e: 451.2 (M + H) $^+$.

5 Example 112

10

15

N-(3-{1-[4-(3,4-DICHLOROPHENOXY)BENZYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by the procedure described in example 108, substituting 4-(3,4-dichlorophenoxy)benzaldehyde (0.136 g, 0.510 mmol) for 4-(4-chlorophenoxy)benzaldehyde. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 8 7.53 (s, 1H), 7.36-7.18 (m, 6H), 7.08 (d, 1H, J = 1.8 Hz), 6.96 (d, 3H, J = 6.8 Hz), 6.84 (dd, 1H, J = 2.8, 8.9 Hz), 3.51 (s, 2H), 2.99 (d, 2H, J = 11.5 Hz), 2.55-2.42 (m, 2H), 2.12-2.02 (m, 2H), 1.84-1.73 (m, 4H), 1.24 (d, 6H, J = 7.0 Hz); ESMS m/e: 497.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 113

 $2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(2-PHENYL-1H-IMIDAZOL-4-YL)METHYL]-4-}$ PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by the procedure described in example 108, substituting 2-20 phenyl-1H-imidazole-4-carbaldehyde (88.0 mg, 0.510 mmol) for 4-(4-chlorophenoxy)benzaldehyde. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 7.92 (d, 2H, J = 7.4 Hz), 7.65-7.31 (m, 6H), 7.28-7.18 (m, 2H), 7.12-7.05 (m, 1H), 6.95-6.88 (m, 1H), 3.69 (s, 2H), 3.17-3.05 (m, 2H), 2.62-2.45 (m, 2H), 25 2.28-2.18 (m, 2H), 1.88-1.70 (m, 4H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J=6.8 Hz); ESMS m/e: 403.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 114

N-(3-{1-[4-(DIPHENYLAMINO)BENZYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by the procedure described in example 108, substituting 4(diphenylamino)benzaldehyde (0.139 g, 0.510 mmol) for 4-

(4-

5

25

30

chlorophenoxy) benzaldehyde. 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.49 (s, 1H), 7.39-6.92 (m, 18H), 3.49 (s, 2H), 3.02-2.99 (m, 2H), 2.59-2.43 (m, 2H), 2.15-2.03 (m, 2H), 1.92-1.76 (m, 4H), 1.23 (d, 6H, J = 6.8 Hz); ESMS m/e: 504.2 (M + H) $^{+}$.

Example 115

 $N-[3-(1-\{[4-BROMO-1-(4-CHLOROBENZYL)-1H-PYRAZOL-5-$

YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: 10 Prepared by the procedure described in example 108, 4-bromo-1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-1H-pyrazole-5substituting for 0.510 mmol) q, carbaldehyde (0.153 chlorophenoxy)benzaldehyde. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl $_{3}$) δ 7.41 (s, 1H), 7.36 (d, 1H, J = 8.8 Hz), 7.34-7.30 (m, 15 3H), 7.29-7.26 (m, 1H), 7.22 (t, 1H, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.16(d, 2H, J = 8.6 Hz), 6.95 (d, 1H, J = 7.5 Hz), 5.24 (s, 2H), 3.61 (s, 2H), 3.09 (d, 2H, J = 11.9 Hz), 2.55-2.42 (m, 2H), 2.19 (dt, 2H, J = 4.4, 11.4 Hz), 1.89-1.76 (m, 2H)4H), 1.24 (d, 6H, J = 6.7 Hz); ESMS m/e: 529.1 (M + H)⁺. 20

1-(3-[{(1R)-3-CHLORO-PHENYLPROPYL]OXY}PHENYL)ETHANONE:

Azodicarboxylate (5.37 g, 0.0310 mol) was added to a solution of triphenylphosphine (8.09 g, 0.0308 mol), 1S-3-chloro-1-phenyl-1-propanol (4.20 g, 0.031 mol) and, 1-(3-hydroxyphenyl)ethanone in THF (150 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred for 4 days at 23 °C. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was triturated with ether/hexane (1:2, (3 X 100 mL). The combined organic fractions were concentrated in vacuo and the crude product was purified by chromatography using EtOAc/hexane (1:14) to give the desired product (6.55 g, 74%). 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.48-7.31 (m,

6H), 7.26 (t, 2H, J = 8.2 Hz), 7.04 (d, 1H, J = 8.1 Hz), 5.44 (dd, 1H, J = 4.4, 8.1 Hz), 3.83-3.74 (m, 1H), 3.63-3.56 (m, 1H), 2.51 (s, 3H), 2.51-2.45 (m, 1H), 2.29-2.17 (m, 1H); ESMS m/e: 289.0 (M + H)⁺.

5

Example 116

 $N-(3-\{1-[(3R)-3-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-$ PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) - 2 - METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture of 1-(3-{[(1R)-3-chloro-1-phenylpropyl]oxy}phenyl)ethanone (58.5 mg, 0.200 mmol), 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-10 piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide (56.8 mg, 0.200 mmol), NaI (34.0 mg, 0.200 mmol) and K_2CO_3 (55.5 mg, 0.400 mmol)in DMF (1 mL) was stirred at 100 °C for 3 h. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by chromatography on silica using 5 15 % of NH_3 (2.0 M in methanol) in CH_2Cl_2 to give the desired product (98 mg, 98%). 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.01 (s, 1H), 7.49-7.21 (m, 11H), 7.09-7.03 (m, 1H), 6.96 (d, 1H, J = 7.9 Hz), 5.32 (dd, 1H, J = 5.0, 7.9 Hz), 3.08-2.98 (m, 2H), 2.57-2.43 (m, 6H), 2.11-1.72 (m, 9H), 1.25 (d, 20 6H, J = 6.8 Hz); ESMS $m/e: 499.4 \text{ (M + H)}^+$.

Procedures:

Procedure A (see also example 48)

N-(3-{1-[(3R)-3-(3,4-DIMETHOXYPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

Method A

4-{ [(lr)-3-CHLORO-1-PHENYLPROPYL]OXY}-1,2-

DIMETHOXYBENZENE: A mixture of 3,4-dimethoxyphenol (4.07 g, 26.4 mmol), (S)-(-)-3-chloro-phenyl-1-propanol (4.50 5 Chemical Aldrich ee, mmol, 99% 26.4 q, triphenylphosphine (6.92 g, 26.4 mmol) and diethyl azodicarboxylate (4.59 g, 26.4 mmol) in THF (110 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 24 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo. At this point, the 10 residue can either be washed with pentane and the concentrated were pentane extracts combined chromatographed with hexane: EtOAc (8:1) as the eluent to give the desired product (as described as a general procedure by: Srebnik, M.; Ramachandran, P.V.; Brown, 15 H.C. J. Org. Chem. 1988, 53, 2916-2920). This procedure was performed on a smaller scale reaction and only, a 40% yield of the product was realized. .

Alternatively, on a larger scale (26.4 mmol), the crude 20 amount with a small triturated product was dichloromethane and the precipitated triphenylphosphine oxide was filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude product was chromatographed to give the desired product as a thick yellow oil (7.30 g, 88.9% 25 yield): ${}^{1}H$ NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.39-7.32 (m, 4H), 7.20 (m, 1H), 6.64 (d, 1H, J = 8.7 Hz), 6.51 (d, 1H, J = 2.7)Hz), 6.30 (dd, 1H, J = 2.7, 8.7 Hz), 5.27 (apparent dd, 1H, J = 4.5, 8.7 Hz), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.61(m, 1H), 2.45 (m, 1 H), 2.20 (m, 1H), 1.80 (s, 1H); ESMS 30 $m/e: 307.1 (M + H)^{+}$.

 $N-(3-\{1-[(3R)-3-(3,4-$

DIMETHOXYPHENOXY) - 3 -

PHENYLPROPYL] -4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) -2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

A mixture of potassium carbonate (321 mg, 2.32 mmol), sodium iodide. (522 mg, 3.48 mmol), 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide (570 mg, 2.32 mmol) and 4-{[(1R)-3-chloro-1-phenylpropyl]oxy}-1,2dimethoxybenzene (712 mg, 2.32 mmol) in DMF (5.00 mL) was stirred at 100 °C for 3 h, at which time indicated that the reaction was complete. The reaction mixture was poured into water (50 mL) and the aqueous 10 ' layer was extracted with methylene chloride (3 \times 30 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (30 mL), dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by Preparatory TLC [2.5% of NH_3 (2.0 M in methanol) in $CHCl_3$] to afford

the product (970 mg, 90.1%) as a thick oil.

Method B

5

15

20

25

30

Into a 25-mL RB-flask was added triphenylphosphine (9.80 mg, 0.0375 mmol), diethyl azodicarboxylate (5.22 mg, 0.0300 mmol), $N-(3-\{1-[(3S)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-4$ piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (9.53 mg, 0.0250 mmol), 3,4-dimethoxyphenol (7.70 mg, 0.0500 mmol) and THF (1.00 mL) at room temperature. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight (16 h). The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and residue was purified by preparative TLC plates [2.5% of $\mathrm{NH_3}$ (2.0 M in methanol) in $\mathrm{CHCl_3}$] to afford the desired product (4.40 mg, 34.1 % yield) as a thick oil: 1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.46 (s, 1 H), 7.40-7.30 (m, 4H), 7.25 (m, 3H), 6.97 (d, 1H, J = .7.8 Hz), 6.64 (d, 1H, J = 9.1)Hz), 6.51 (d, 1H, J = 2.6 Hz), 6.29 (d, 1H, J = 2.6, 9.1 Hz), 5.20 (apparent dd, 1H, J = 4.4, 8.5 Hz), 3.80

(s, 3H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.23 (m, 2H), 2.77 (m, 2H), 2.5 (m, 2H), 2.3-2.1 (m, 6H), 1.80 (m, 2H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J = 7.9 Hz); ESMS m/e: 517.4 (M + H)⁺.

5 Procedure B (see also example 49)

 $2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(3s)-3-PHENOXY-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-}$ PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) PROPANAMIDE: A mixture of N-(3-{1-[(3R)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2methylpropanamide (9.53 mg, 0.0250 mmol), phenol (4.70 10 mg, 0.050 mmol), triphenylphosphine (9.80 mg, 0.0375 and diethyl azodicarboxylate (5.22 mg, mmol) mmol) in THF (1.00 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 3 days. Chromatography using silica preparative TLC plates [2.5% of NH₃ (2.0 M in methanol) in CHCl₃] gave 15 the desired product (2.70 mg, 23.6 % yield) as a thick oil: ^{1}H NMR δ 7.46 (s, 2H), 7.40-7.30 (m, 4H), 7.25 (m, 3H), 7.20 (m, 2H), 6.97 (apparent d, 1H, J = 7.4 Hz), 6.89 (apparent tt, 1H, J = 0.8, 7.6 Hz), 6.84 (apparent dt, 1H, J = 0.8, 8.0 Hz), 5.20 (apparent dd, 1H, J =20 4.4, 8.5 Hz), 3.35 (m, 2H), 2.91 (m, 2H), 2.60 (m, 2H), 2.30-2.10 (m, 6H), 1.90 (m, 2H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J = 7.9Hz); ESMS $m/e: 457.4 (M + H)^{+}$;

25 Procedure C

Sch me O

$$R_1 \xrightarrow{\text{II}} R_2 \xrightarrow{\text{Cu, K}_2\text{CO}_3, \text{NMP}} R_1 \xrightarrow{\text{N}} R_2$$

R₁=H, R₂=4'-Me

1-(4-METHYLPHENYL)1H-INDOLE: A mixture of (58.5 mg, 0.500 mmol), 1-iodo-4-methylbenzene (0.218 g, 1.00 mmol), copper powder (32.0 mg, 0.500 mmol), and K_2CO_3 (0.138 g, 1.00 mmol) in 1-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone (1.00 mL) was heated at 150 °C for 12 h under argon. resulting mixture was diluted with H2O (6 mL). aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 X 10 mL). combined organic extracts were washed with brine (10 mL), dried over MgSO4, and concentrated in vacuo. The purified by preparative TLC using was residue EtOAc:hexane (1:4) to give the desired product (82.0 mg, 79.0 %): ${}^{1}H$ NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.67 (d, 1H, J = 7.7) Hz), 7.52 (d, 1H, J = 7.4 Hz), 7.38 (d, 2H, J = 8.4 Hz), 7.34-7.29 (m, 3H), 7.21 (t, 1H, J = 7.0 Hz), 7.15 (t, 1H, J = 7.0 Hz), 6.66 (d, 1H, J = 3.3 Hz), <math>2.43 (s, 3H); ESMS m/e: 208.0 (M + H)⁺.

Procedure D (see also example 86)

20

15

5

10

Example

R₁=6-Cl, R₂=H R₁=H, R₂=4'-tolyl

 $N-(3-\{1-[(6-CHLORO-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4-$

5

10

15

PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) - 2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A solution of 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide37 wt % aqueous formaldehyde (30.0 g, 1.50 mmol) and 1.50 mmol) in 1.00 mL of HOAc:dioxane (1:4) was added to 6-chloro-1-H-indole (0.152 g, 1.00 mmol) and the reaction mixture was stirred for 12 h at The resulting mixture was diluted with ${\rm H}_2{\rm O}$ temperature. (10 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 The combined organic extracts were washed X 100 mL). with brine (10 mL), dried over $MgSO_4$, and concentrated in The residue was purified by preparative TLC plates using 5% of NH_3 (2.0 M in methanol) in CH_2Cl_2 to give the desired product (79.0 mg, 42.0 %): ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.14 (s, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.52 (t, 2H, J = 8.1 Hz), 7.35 (d, 2H, J = 13.3 Hz), 7.18 (t, 1H, J = 13.3 Hz) 7.9 Hz), 7.09 (dd, 1H, J = 1.9, 8.5 Hz), 6.85 (d, 1H, J) = 7.4 Hz), 5.18 (s, 1H), 4.01 (s, 2H), 2.55 (septet, 1H, J = 6.8 Hz), 2.48-2.34 (m, 3H), 2.08-1.95 (m, 4H), 1.78 (d, 2H, J = 12.8 Hz), 1.22 (d, 6H, J = 6.8 Hz); ESMS m/e: 410.1 (M + H)⁺.

5

15

20

Procedure E (see also example 90)

Scheme M

Example

n=2, R₁=H, R₂=Ph, R₃=H n=5, R₁=H, R₂=H, R₃=5-OMe n=1, R₁=H, R₂=Ph, R₃=H n=4, R₁=H, R₂=H, R₃=5-OMe

N-(3-{1-[3-(1,2-DIPHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)PROPYL]-4-

PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture of 1,1-diphenylhydrazine hydrochloride (10.3 mg, 0.0470 mmol), 2-methyl-N- $\{3$ - $\{1$ - $\{5$ -oxo-5-phenylpentyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl $\{paramath{n}\}$ propanamide (14.7 mg, 0.0362 mmol), 2-mcl $_2$ (14.8 mg, 0.109 mmol), and HOAc (0.500 mL) was heated for 4 h at 80 °C. The resulting crude mixture was diluted with water (10 mL), the aqueous layer was neutralized with saturated K_2 CO $_3$ (10 mL) and extracted with CH_2 Cl $_2$ (3 X 20 mL). The combined organic layers were concentrated in vacuo and the residue was purified

by preparative TLC plates using 5% of NH₃ (2.0 M in methanol) in CH_2Cl_2 to give the desired product N-(3-{1-[3-(1,2-diphenyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (4.10 mg, 37.0%): 1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) & 7.71-7.65 (m, 1H), 7.42 (d, 1H, J = 7.4 Hz), 7.39 (s, 1H), 7.36-7.15 (m, 15H), 6.94 (d, 1H, J = 7.8 Hz), 3.12 (d, 2H, J = 11.2 Hz), 2.90 (t, 2H, J = 7.8 Hz), 2.59-2.45 (m, 3H), 2.19-1.91 (m, 7H), 1.82 (d, 2H, J = 13.5 Hz), 1.24 (d, 6H, J = 6.9 Hz); ESMS m/e: 555.3 (M + H)⁺.

Procedure F (see also example 108)

5

10

20

Scheme R

Example

15 N-(3-{1-[4-(4-CHLOROPHENOXY) BENZYL]-4-

PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) - 2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A solution of 4-(4-chlorophenoxy) benzaldehyde (0.119 g, 0.510 mmol) and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl) phenyl] propanamide (0.126 g, 0.510 mmol) in 1,2-dichloroethane (5.00 mL)

triacetoxyborohydride treated sodium with (0.424 g, 2.00 mmol) and HOAc (0.0300 mL, 0.500 mmol) at The mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature. The reaction mixture was neutralized room temperature. with saturated $NaHCO_3$ aqueous solution (10 mL) and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 x 10 mL). combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried concentrated in vacuo and purified over MgSO4, preparative TLC plates using 5% of NH3 (2.0 M)in methanol) in CH_2Cl_2 to give the desired product (53.0 mg, 23.0 %): ${}^{1}H$ NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.50 (s, 1H), 7.34-7.19 (m, 7H), 6.98-6.87 (m, 5H), 3.50 (s, 2H), 2.98 (d, 2H, J = 11.8 Hz), 2.58-2.44 (m, 2H), 2.10-1.98 (m, 2H), 1.83-1.76 (m, 4H), 1.24 (d, 6H, J = 6.8 Hz); ESMS m/e: $463.2 (M + H)^{+}$.

Procedure G (see also example 116) Scheme F

20

25

5

10

15

N-(3- $\{1-[(3R)-3-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL\}$ PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture of 1-(3- $\{[(1R)-3-chloro-1-phenylpropyl]oxy\}$ phenyl)ethanone (58.5 mg, 0.200 mmol), 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide (56.8 mg, 0.200 mmol), NaI (34.0 mg, 0.200 mmol) and K_2CO_3 (55.5 mg, 0.400 mmol) in DMF (1.00 mL) was stirred at 100 °C for 3 h. The

solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by chromatography on silica using 5 % of NH $_3$ (2.0 M in methanol) in CH $_2$ Cl $_2$ to give the desired product (98.0 mg, 98.0 %): 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl $_3$) δ 8.01 (s, 1H), 7.49-7.21 (m, 11H), 7.09-7.03 (m, 1H), 6.96 (d, 1H, J = 7.9 Hz), 5.32 (dd, 1H, J = 5.0, 7.9 Hz), 3.08-2.98 (m, 2H), 2.57-2.43 (m, 6H), 2.11-1.72 (m, 9H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J = 6.8 Hz); ESMS m/e: 499.4 (M + H) $^+$.

Scheme S

$$R_1$$
 R_2
 R_2
 R_1
 R_2
 R_3
 R_4
 R_4
 R_5
 R_6
 R_7
 R_8
 R_8
 R_8
 R_8
 R_8
 R_8
 R_8
 R_8
 R_9
 R_9

10 Procedure H

5

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[3-(1-METHYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)PROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: A mixture of N-(3-{1-[4-

4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)butyl]methylpropanamide (100 mg, 0.270 mmol), 1-methyl-1phenylhydrazine (106 mg, 0.870 mmol), ZnCl₂ (119 mg, 0.870 mmol), and HOAc (1.00 mL) was heated for 12 h at The resulting crude mixture was diluted with 80 °C. water (20 mL), the aqueous layer was neutralized with saturated K_2CO_3 solotion (10 mL) and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 layers were The combined organic mL). Х concentrated in vacuo and the residue was purified by preparative TLC using 3 % of NH_3 (2.0 M in methanol) in (1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propyl]-4piperidinyl}phenyl)propanamide (20.7 mg, 18.7 %): 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.60 (d, 1H, J = 8.1 Hz), 7.45

 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.60 (d, 1H, J = 8.1 Hz), 7.45 (s, 1H), 7.35 (d, 1H, J = 7.4 Hz), 7.26-7.24 (m, 4H), 7.09 (t, 1H, J = 7.3 Hz), 6.97 (d, 1H, J = 7.3 Hz), 6.86 (s, 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.11 (d, 2H, J = 11.6 Hz), 2.79 (t, 2H, J = 7.3 Hz), 2.51-2.50 (m, 4H), 2.12-1.81 (m, 8H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J = 7.1 Hz); Anal. Calcd for $C_{27}H_{35}N_{3}O+0.225CHCl_{3}$: C, 73.57; H, 7.99; N, 9.45. Found: C, 73.93; H, 7.90; N, 9.23; ESMS m/e: 418.2 (M + H)⁺.

Procedure I

Scheme T

5

10

15

20

of mixture 7-(2-FLUOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOLE: Α fluorophenylboronic acid (83.4 mg, 0.600 mmol), 7-bromo-1H-indole (98.0 mg, 0.500 mmol), LiCl (42.0 mg, 1.00 mmol), Na_2CO_3 (2.0 M, 0.100 mL), $Pd(PPh_3)_4$ (115 mg, 0.100 mmol) and DME (2.00 mL) was heated at 75 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 12 h The resulting crude mixture was diluted under Argon. with water (40 mL), the aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 X 20 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (30 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by preparative TLC using hexane:EtOAc (8:1) to give the desired product 7-(2-fluorophenyl):-1H-indole (108 mg, 100 %): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 8.21 (br s, 1H), 7.71 (dm, 1H, J = 7.3), 7.55 (dt, 1H, J = 7.3, 1.6 Hz), 7.39(m, 1 H), 7.30-7.19 (m, 5H), 6.62 (dd, 1H, J = 2.1-3.3)Hz); ESMS m/e: 211.9 $(M + H)^+$.

Procedure J

20

15

5

10

Scheme U

5-(4-METHYLPHENOXY)-1H-INDOLE: A mixture of 5-bromo-1H-indole (98.0 mg, 0.500 mmol), p-cresol (108 mg, 1.00 mmol), Cu (32.0 mg, 0.500 mmol), K_2CO_3 (138 mg, 1.00 mL) and DMF (1.00 mL) was heated at 160 °C for 12 h. The resulting crude mixture was diluted with water (40 mL), the aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 X 20 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (30 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by preparative TLC using hexane:EtOAc (4:1) to give the desired product 5-(4-methylphenoxy)-1H-indole (57.5 mg, 51.5 %): ESMS m/e: 224.0 (M + H) $^+$.

.Procedure K

Scheme AN

5

10

15

 $N-(3-\{1-[7-(2-FLUOROPHENYL)-7-OXOHEPTYL]-4-$ PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) - 2 - METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A 50 - mL roundbottom flask was charged with a solution of 7-chloro-1-oxo-1(2-fluorophenyl)heptane (2.42 g, 10.0 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidyl)phenyl] propanamide (2.46 g, 10.0 mmol), K_2CO_3 (2.76 g, 20.0 mmol) and NaI (2.25 g, 15.0 mmol) in DMF (25.0 mL). The mixture was stirred for 10 min at 25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ and then heated at 100 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 12 h, cooled to 25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ and diluted with EtOAc (100 mL). The reaction mixture was washed with water (4 X 50 mL) and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (100 \mbox{mL}). The organic layers were washed with brine (50 mL), dried over MgSO4, concentrated in vacuo and the crude product was purified by chromatography (EtOAc:MeOH 97:3) to give the desired product (3.70 g, 82.0 %).

Procedure L

Scheme AN

 $N-(3-\{1-[7-(2-FLUOROPHENYL)-7-HYDROXYHEPTYL]-4-$ 5 PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) - 2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: То with $N-(3-\{1-[7-(2$ round-bottomed flask charged fluorophenyl) -7-oxoheptyl] -4-piperidinyl}phenyl) -2methylpropanamide (5.0 mmol) and methanol (20 mL) was added NaBH4 (7.5 mmol) at 0 °C in an ice-bath. The 10 reaction mixture was warmed to 25 °C and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC (EtOAc:MeOH 95:5). necessary, another 5.0 mmol of NaBH4 was added to the reaction mixture and the reaction mixture was refluxed The reaction was quenched with water (5.0 mL) 15 and diluted with EtOAc (10 mL). The organic layer was separated, washed with saturated NaHCO3 solution (10 mL), dried over MgSO4 and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by chromatography (EtOAc:MeOH 97:3) to give the desired product (90%).

Procedure M

Scheme A

5

10

Step 1: If reacted individually, a solution of the amine or aniline (1.00 eq), diisopropylethylamine or TEA (2.00 eq) and an electrophile (1.50 eq) in CH_2Cl_2 was stirred for 24 h at 23 °C. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the crude product was chromatographed (silica) to give the final product.

15 TERT-BUTYL 4-{3-[(4-CHLOROBUTANOYL) AMINO] PHENYL}-1-PIPERIDINECARBOXYLATE (3.32 g, 87.4 %) was synthesized according to Scheme A and Procedure M: 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.55 (s, 1H), 7.47 (s, 1H), 7.37 (m, 1H), 7.28 (m, 1H), 6.97 (d, 1H, J = 7.6 Hz), 3.89 (t, 1H, J = 6.4

Hz), 3.74 (m, 2H), 2.79- 2.75 (m, 4H), 2.64 (m, 2H), 1.88-1.77 (m, 4H), 1.60-1.59 (m, 4H), 1.48 (s, 9H).

Step B:

5

4-[3-(2-OXO-1-PYRROLIDINYL) PHENYL]-1-TERT-BUTYL PIPERIDINECARBOXYLATE: To a solution of tert-butyl 4-[3-(2-oxo-1-pyrrolidinyl)phenyl]-1-piperidinecarboxylate (0.429 g, 16.9 mmol) in dioxane (100 mL) was bubbled HCl gas for 1 h at 25 °C. The resulting crude mixture was 10 basified with 10% KOH solution (100 mL), the aqueous layer was extracted with 3:1 CHCl $_3:iso$ -propyl alcohol (3 X 150 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and brine (100 mL), The residue was purified by concentrated in vacuo. 15 preparative TLC using 20% NH_3 (2.0 M in MeOH) in CH_2Cl_2 solution to give the desired product tert-butyl 4-[3-(2oxo-1-pyrrolidinyl)phenyl]-1-piperidinecarboxylate mg, 78.7 %): ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.52 (t, 1H, J = 1.8 Hz), 7.41 (ddd, 1H, J = 8.1, 2.3, 0.9 Hz), 7.30 (t,20 1H, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.02 (d, 1H, J = 7.9 Hz), 3.86 (t, 2H, J = 7.3 Hz), 3.21 (dt, 2H, J = 11.9, 2.9 Hz), 2.76 (dt, 2H, J = 12.1, 2.4 Hz), 2.65 (tt, 1H, J = 11.9, 3.5 Hz), 2.61 (t, 2H, J = 8.3 Hz), 2.22 (br s, 1H), 2.16 (qt, 2H, J = 7.5 Hz), 1.85 (d, 2H, J = 12.4 Hz), 1.67 (dq, 2H, J25 = 12.5, 4.0 Hz).

TERT-BUTYL 4-(4-AMINOPHENYL)-1-PIPERIDINECARBOXYLATE:

5 Available from Arch Chemical Company, NJ.

10

15

20

25

2-METHYL-N-[4-(4-PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL] PROPANAMIDE: 4-(4-aminophenyl)-1tert-butyl solution of piperidinecarboxylate (8.20 29.7 mmol): g, triethylamine (8.4 mL, 60 mmol) in dry THF (100 mL) at 0 °C was slowly added a solution of 2-methylpropancyl chloride (3.84 g, 36.0 mmol) in THF (50 mL). reaction mixture was then warmed up to room temperature and stirred for 2 h. After removing the solvent was purified by product crude vacuo, the recrystallization (hexane/THF), affording the desired 4-[4-(isobutyrylamino)phenyl]-1tert-butyl piperidinecarboxylate, as a white solid (8.60 g, 84%). tert-butyl 4-[4-(isobutyrylamino)phenyl]-1-The piperidinecarboxylate was dissolved in CH2Cl2 (50 mL) at room temperature, TFA (13.68 g, 120 mmol, 5 equiv.) was added by syringe. The reaction mixture was stirred for 3 or 4 h and another 5 equivalents of TFA was added and the mixture was stirred for 2 or 3 more hours. The reaction solution was then basified to pH > 14 by KOH

was extracted with CH2Cl2 solution M). The (8 \times 200 mL). The combined organic layer was dried over K2CO3. Removal of solvent under reduced pressure gave the 2-methyl-N-[4-(4amine, free a brownish solid piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide, as 5 (5.99 g, 98%). ¹H NMR $(400 \text{ MHz, CDCl}_3)$ δ 7.55-7.35 (m, 2H), 7.35-6.9 (m, 3H), 3.26-2.98 (m, 2H), 2.84-2.64 (m, 2H), 2.64-2.53 (m, 1H), 2.53-2.32 (m, 1H), 1.90-1.68 (m, 2H), 1.68-1.36 (m, 3H), 1.22 (d, 6H, J = 6.0 Hz); ESMS $m/e: 247.1 (M + H)^{+}$. 10

N-[4-(4-PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL] PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by the procedure for 2-methyl-N-[4-(4-piperidinyl) phenyl] propanamide using tert-butyl 4-(4-aminophenyl) -1-piperidinecarboxylate and propanoyl chloride: ESMS m/e: 233.1 (M + H)⁺.

N-[4-(4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]BUTANAMIDE: Prepared by the procedure for 2-methyl-N-[4-(4-20 piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide using tert-butyl 4-(4-aminophenyl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate and butanoyl chloride: ESMS m/e: 247.2 (M + H)⁺.

15

N-[3-(4-PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL] CYCLOPROPANECARBOXAMIDE: 25 2-methyl-N-[4-(4for procedure Prepared by the piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide using tert-butyl aminophenyl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate and Calcd for cyclopropanecarbonyl chloride: Anal. $C_{15}H_{20}N_2O+0.15CH_2Cl_2$: C, 70.8; H, 7.87; N, 10.9. found: C, 30 70.9; H, 7.68; N, 11.1; ESMS m/e: 245.0 (M + H)⁺.

N-[3-(4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by the procedure for 2-methyl-N-[4-(4-piperidinyl)Phenyl]propanamide using tert-butyl 4-(3-aminophenyl)-1-piperidinecarboxylate and propanoyl chloride: Anal. Calcd for $C_{14}H_{20}N_2O$: C, 72.2; H, 8.63; N, 12.1. found: C, 72.4; H, 8.68; N, 12.1; ESMS m/e: 233.1.

10 Procedure N

5

15

20

25

Scheme AV

The library was constructed in polypropylene Robbins 46 In the initial incubation well plates Reactor Blocks. period, each well was charged with PS-TBD resin (from Argonaut Technologies, 0.280 mmol, 2.50 eq, 200 mg) and piperidine (0.120 mmol, 1.10 eq) in acetonitrile (0.500 mL) and agitated for 1 h. A solution of benzyl iodide or bromide (0.110 mmol, 1.00 eq) in acetonitrile (0.500 mL) was added to each well followed by additional acetonitrile (1.00 mL) to make a total volume of 2.00 mL and the mixture was rotated in a Robbins rotating oven at room temperature for 16 h. Then AP-Isocyanate resin (Argonaut Technologies, 250 mg, 0.430 mmol, 4.00 eq) was each well and reacted further added to temperature for another 12 h. The mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to obtain the desired product that was characterized via LC-MS.

5 Procedure O

10

15

20

25

30

Alkylation of Piperidines Using Alcohols and PS-TSC1 Resin in Robbins 48 well "Reactor Blocks"

Scheme W

$$P-SO_2CI$$
 $R-OH$ $P-SO_3R$ HN $R2$ $R-N$ $R2$ $R1$

The library was constructed in polypropylene Robbins "Reactor Blocks", 46 well plates. PS-TSCl resin (100 mg, 1.00 eq, purchased from Argonaut Technologies) was placed in each well of the "Reactor Blocks" 46 well plates. To each well was added an alcohol (1.50 mmol) in 3.00 mL of CH_2Cl_2 and pyridine (1:1). The mixture was stirred for 5 h and the resin was washed with CH2Cl2 (3 x 4mL), DMF (5 x 4.0 mL), DMF/ H_2O (3:1, 5 x 4.0 mL), THF (3 \times 4.0 mL), CH₂Cl₂ (3 \times 4.0 mL), acetonitrile (2 \times 4.0 mL) and dried under reduced pressure. A solution of an amine (0.0750 mmol, 0.500 eq) and N,N-diisopropylethyl amine (19.0 mg, 0.150 mmol, 1.00 eq) in acetonitrile was added to the well containing the mL) (3.00 derivatized resin and the mixture was reacted at 70 °C Finally, AP-Isocyanate resin (120 mg, 0.150 mmol, 1.00 eq) and THF (2.00 mL) was added to the reaction vessel and reacted at room temperature for another 3 h. The solution was filtered into the Robbins receiving plates and concentrated in vacuo to give the desired tertiary amine, which was analyzed via LC-MS.

Procedure P

Scheme AB

$$\begin{array}{c}
R_1 \\
N=C=X \\
X=O \text{ or } S
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
H \\
N \\
R_2
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
THF, RT, 12 h \\
R_2
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
X \\
H \\
N \\
R_2
\end{array}$$

5

10

15

20

PIPERIDINYL] PHENYL} - 2 - METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A solution of $N-\{3-[1-(3-aminopropyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl\}-2-$ (26.4 mg, 0.0870 mol), 1-fluoro-4methylpropanamide isocyanatobenzene (11.9 mg, 0.0870 mmol), in THF (1.00 mL) was stirred for 12 h at 25 °C. The resulting crude mixture was diluted with water (10 mL), the aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 X 20 mL). combined organic layers were concentrated in vacuo and the residue was purified by preparative TLC using 2.5 % of NH_3 (2.0 M in methanol) in CH_2Cl_2 to give the desired $N-\{3-[1-(3-\{[(4-fluoroanilino)carbonyl]amino\}\}$ product propyl) -4-piperidinyl]phenyl}-2-methylpropanamide mg, 10.9 %): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 7.45 (q, 2H, J =4.7 Hz), 7.23-7.21 (m, 4H), 7.05 (t, 4H, J = 7.8 Hz), 6.75 (m, 1H), 4.05 (m, 1H), 3.19 (s, 1H), 2.71 (m, 1H),

2.53 (m, 1H), 2.26-2.21 (m, 3H), 1.80-1.60 (m, 9H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J = 6.4 Hz); ESMS m/e: 439.4 (M + H)⁺.

Procedure Q1

5

Scheme AT

$$R_1$$
 electrophile, base $R_3 \cdot NH$ R_2 $R_3 \cdot NH$ R_2

If reacted individually, a solution of the amine $(1.0 \, \text{eq})$, an electrophile $(1.5 \, \text{eq})$, diisopropylethylamine $(2.0 \, \text{eq})$ in CH_2Cl_2 was stirred for 1 day. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the crude product was chromatographed to give the final product.

15

$2-METHYL-N-{3-[1-(3-{[4-$

METHYLPHENYL) SULFONYL] AMINO PROPYL) - 4 - PIPERIDINYL]

phenyl}propanamide: A solution of 420 methylbenzenesulfonyl chloride (16.6 mg, 0.0870 mmol),
N-{3-[1-(3-aminopropyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}-2methylpropanamide (26.4 mg, 0.0870 mmol), TEA (10.0 mg,
0.174 mmol) in THF (1.00 mL) was stirred for 12 h at 25

°C. The resulting crude mixture was diluted with water
25 (20 mL), the aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 X
20 mL). The combined organic layers were concentrated

purified in vacuo and the residue was preparative TLC using 2.5 % of NH₃ (2.0 M in methanol) in CH_2Cl_2 to give the desired product 2-methyl-N- ${3-[1-(3-$ { [(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]amino} propyl) -4piperidinyl]phenyl}propanamide (17.3 mg, 43.6 %): 1H NMR 5 (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.19 (s, 1H), 7.53 (s, 1H), 7.41 (s, 1H), 7.32-7.21 (m, 4H), 7.16 (s, 1H), 6.97 (d, 1H, J = 7.9 Hz), 3.44 (t, 2H, J = 6.3 Hz), 3.15 (d, 2H, J = 9.8)Hz), 2.62-2.45 (m, 4H), 2.15 (m, 3H), 2.05 (s, 3H), 1.95-1.71 (m, 5H), 1.26 (d, 6H, J = 6.6 Hz); ESMS m/e: 10 $458.2 (M + H)^{+}$.

Procedure Q2

15

25

The Capture and Release Method for the Synthesis and Purification of the Piperidine Library

The commercially obtained Amberlyst 15 exchange resin (Aldrich) was activated using the following procedure:

- 1. The resin was shaken in methanol for 24 hr.
- 2. The resin was filtered and washed with methanol on a fritted funnel.
 - 3. The resin was neutralized with $2N\ NH_3$ in MeOH (pH checked) shaken for $1\ hr$.
 - 4. The neutralized resin was acidified with 3M HCl in MeOH (pH checked) shaken for 1 hr.
 - 5. The resin was captured on a fritted funnel and washed with MeOH.
 - 6. The resin was dried in vacuo and stored.
- 30 Synthesis (Acylation of the Amines):

 The library was constructed in polypropylene Robbins
 "Reactor Blocks", 46 well plates. In each plate an
 array of 5 amines (0.10 mmol) and 8 electrophiles (acid

chlorides, sulfonyl chlorides, 1.5 eq.) in the presence of triethylamine (2.0 eq) in THF/DCM 3:1 (2.0 mL) were reacted overnight to give 40 compounds/plate. The reactions were rigorously monitored via TLC to the depletion of the starting amine due to the ensuing purification methodology via the acidic Amberlyst 15 resin. Following the disappearance of the starting amine, the desired products were captured and then released using the process outlined below.

10

15

20

5

Piperidine Products: Activated Purification of the Amberlyst 15 ion-exchange resin (0.90 g, Aldrich) was added to each well, and the plates were rotated for 2 hours in a Robbins rotating oven to capture the desired final product from the reaction mixture. The solvent was filtered and the resin was washed with CH3OH and CH2Cl2 (x 3) alternately with each of the solvents (for 10 minutes each time). After the last filtration, ammonia in methanol was added to the resin (2 mL to each well) and the reaction blocks were rotated for 2 hours to release the desired compounds from the resin. The final compounds were filtered into Robbins' "Receiving Blocks", the solvent was removed and the compounds were analyzed via LC-MS.

25

Procedure R

X
$$+ Br Cl$$

$$n = 1-4$$

$$TEA, THF$$

$$12 h, RT$$

$$n = 1-4$$

X = F, Cl, Br, I

5

10

[(3-CHLOROPROPYL)SULFANYL]BENZENE: Α mixture mmol), 1-bromo-3-(0.550 g, 5.00 benzenethiol chloropropane (106 mg, 5.50 mmol), TEA (1.01 g, 10.0 mmol) and THF (10.0 mL) was stirred for 12 h at 25 °C. The resulting crude mixture was diluted with water (40 mL), the aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 X 30 mL). The combined organic layers were concentrated in vacuo and the residue was purified by preparative TLC using hexane:EtOAc (10:1) to give the desired product [(3-chloropropyl)sulfanyl]benzene (1.05 g, 100 %).

Scheme AA

$$m$$
-CPBA, CH_2CI_2
 $n = 1-4$
 m -CPBA, CH_2CI_2
 $n = 1-4$

X = F, Cl, Br, I Procedure S

3-CHLOROPROPYL 4-FLUOROPHENYL SULFOXIDE: A solution of 3-chloropropyl 4-fluorophenyl sulfide (77.5 mg, 0.380 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (2.00 mL) was cooled to 0 °C. To this solution m-CPBA (78.7 mg, 0.460 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 30 min, then at

23 °C for 4 h. The resulting crude mixture was diluted with 10% aqueous Na_2SO_3 (10 mL), the aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (2 X 15 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (10 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by preparative TLC using 2.5 % of NH_3 (2.0 M in methanol) in CH_2Cl_2 to give the desired product 3-chloropropyl 4-fluorophenyl sulfoxide (47.8 mg, 57.0 %).

10

5

Procedure T

Scheme AD

15

20

25

$N-(3-\{1-[4-(3,4-DIMETHYLPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4-$

PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL) -N, 2-DIMETHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture of $N-(3-\{1-[4-(3,4-\operatorname{dimethylphenyl})-4-\operatorname{oxobutyl}]-4-\operatorname{piperidinyl}\}$ phenyl) -2-methylpropanamide (15.0 mg, 0.0357 mmol), MeI (5.07 mg, 0.0357 mmol), NaOtBu (6.86 mg, 0.0714 mmol) and THF (1.00 mL) was stirred for 5 h at 25 °C. The resulting crude mixture was diluted with water (10 mL), the aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 X 20 mL). The combined organic layers were concentrated in vacuo and the residue was purified by preparative TLC using 4.0 % of NH₃ (2.0 M in methanol) in CH_2Cl_2 to afford the desired product $N-(3-\{1-[4-(3,4-1)])$

dimethylphenyl) -4 - oxobutyl] -4 - piperidinyl phenyl) - N, 2-dimethylpropanamide (13.8 mg, 89.1 %): ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 7.76 (s, 1H), 7.72 (dd, 1H, J = 1.8, 7.7 Hz), 7.33(t, 1H, J = 8.8 Hz), 7.22 (d, 1H, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.18(d, 1H, J = 8.8 Hz), 7.01 (m, 2H), 3.24 (s, 3H), 3.10 (d, 1H, J = 10.6 Hz), 3.00 (t, 1H, J = 7.6 Hz), 2.49-2.44 (m, 4H), 2.33 (s, 6H), 2.112.10 (m, 2H), 1.99 (m, 1H), 1.79-1.77 (m, 4H), 1.26 (t, 2H, J = 7.6 Hz), 1.02 (d, 6H, J = 7.6 Hz); ESMS m/e: 435.2 (M + H)⁺.

Procedure U

Scheme AK

15

20

25

5

10

1-[3-(3-CHLOROPROPOXY)PHENYL]ETHANONE: To a suspension of NaH (50.5 mg, 2.00 mmol) in DMF (1.00 mL) was added 1-(3-hydroxyphenyl)ethanone (136 mg, 1.00 mmol) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. To this mixture was added a solution of 1-bromo-3-chloropropane (188 mg, 1.20 mmol) in DMF (0.500 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 h. The resulting crude mixture was diluted with water (20 mL), the aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 x

20 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (20 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by preparative TLC using hexane:EtOAc (4:1) to afford the desired product 1-[3-(3-chloropropoxy)phenyl]ethanone (235 mg, 55.2 %): 1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.7 (d, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 7.52(s, 1H), 7.25 (t, 1H, J = 6.6 Hz), 7.01 (m, 1H), 4.11 (t, 2H, J = 7.9 Hz), 3.69 (t, 2H, J = 7.9 Hz), 2.61 (s, 3H), 1.95-1.92 (m, 2H).

10

15

20

25

5

Procedure V

Scheme AE

1-[(2,2-DIMETHYLPROPANOYL)OXY]-4-(4,4,5,5-TETRAMETHYL-1,3,2-DIOXABOROLAN-2-YL)-1,2,3,6-TETRAHYDROPYRIDINE:

To a 50-mL RB-flask, charged with bis(pinacolato)diboron (422 mg, 1.66 mmol), KOAc (444 mg, 4.53 mmol) PdCl₂dppf (37.0 mg, 3.00 mol%), dppf (25.0 mg, 1-[(2,2solution of added a mol%), was dimethylpropanoyl)oxy]-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-4-pyridinyl trifluoromethanesulfonate (500 mg, 1.51 mmol) in 1,4dioxane (10.0 mL) at room temperature under argon. mixture was heated at 80 °C overnight. After cooled to room temperature, the mixture was filtered through celite and the celite was washed with EtOAc (3 \times 20 mL). The filtrates were concentrated in vacuo. The resulting residue was dissolved in EtOAc and washed with H_2O and

brine, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography (1:9 EtOAc:hexane) to give 1-[(2,2-dimethylpropanoyl)oxy]-4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine (355 mg, 76.0 %).

Procedure W

Scheme AF

10

15

20

5

4-[5-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO)-2-METHYLPHENYL]-3,6-TERT-BUTYL DIHYDRO-1(2H)-PYRIDINECARBOXYLATE: To a 50-mL RB flask 1-[(2,2-dimethylpropanoyl)oxy]-4-(4,4,5,5containing tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-1,2,3,6tetrahydropyridine (500 mg, 1.62 mmol), K₂CO₃ (670 mg, 4.86 mmol) and PdCl2dppf (155 mg) was added a solution of N-(3-bromo-4-methylphenyl)-2-methylpropanamide 1.62 mmol) in DMF (10.0 mL) at room temperature under The mixture was heated to 80 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ under argon argon. After cooled to room temperature, the overnight. mixture was filtered through celite and the celite was

washed with EtOAc (3 \times 20 mL). The filtrates were washed with H_2O (20 mL), brine (20 mL), dried over MgSO₄, The crude material filtered and concentrated in vacuo. was purified flash chromatography (20% EtOAc/ hexane) to give tert-butyl 4-[5-(isobutyrylamino)-2-methylphenyl]-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinecarboxylate (360 mg, 62.0 %).

Scheme AG

Procedure X

5

20

- 4-[5-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO)-2-METHYLPHENYL]-1-TERT-BUTYL 10 PIPERIDINECARBOXYLATE: A solution of tert-butyl 4-[5-(isobutyrylamino)-2-methylphenyl]-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)pyridinecarboxylate (335 mg, 0.93 mmol) and 10% Pd/C (35.0 mg) in EtOH (20.0 mL) was hydrogenated at room temperature overnight using the hydrogen balloon method. 15 The reaction mixture was filtered through celite and washed with ethanol (3 \times 10 mL). The combined extracts were concentrated in vacuo to afford tert-butyl 4-[5-(isobutyrylamino) -2-methylphenyl] -1piperidinecarboxylate (335 mg, 100 %).
 - Procedure Y

Schem AH

2-METHYL-N-[4-METHYL-3-(4-PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL]

PROPANAMIDE: Into a solution of tert-butyl 4-[5(isobutyrylamino)-2-methylphenyl]-1-

piperidinecarboxylate (335 mg, 0.930 mmol) CH_2Cl_2 (10.0 mL) was added TFA (10.0 mL) at room temperature. stirred for 2 mixture was The reaction concentrated in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in 20 mL of $CHCl_3/i-PrOH$ (3:1) and was basified with 5% KOH solution (10 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with $CHCl_3/i-PrOH$ (3:1, 3 x 10 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over MgSO4, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to give 2-methyl-N-[4-methyl-3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide 78.0 %).

Procedure Z

5

10

15

Scheme Al

N- $(3-\{1-[4,4-BIS(4-FLUOROPHENYL)BUTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL\}-4-$ METHYLPHENYL) - 2 - METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A solution of methyl-N-[4-methyl-3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide 1-[4-chloro-1-(4mmol), 0.190 (49.0 mq, fluorophenyl)butyl]-4-fluorobenzene (58.0 0.210 mg, mmol), NaI (42.0 mg, 0.280 mmol) and K_2CO_3 (52.0 mg, 0.380 mmol) in DMF (10.0 mL) was heated at 95 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ The mixture was diluted with water (20 mL) overnight. and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3 \times 20 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over MgSO4 and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography [5% NH_3 (2.0 M in MeOH) in CH_2Cl_2] to afford N-(3-{1-[4,4bis(4-fluorophenyl)butyl]-4-piperidinyl}-4methylphenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (37.0 mg, 38.0 %).

Procedure AA

5

10

15

246 Scheme AJ

 $N-(3-\{1-[4-(3,4-DIFLUOROPHENOXY)BENZYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL\}-$ 4-METHYLPHENYL) - 2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: To a solution of 4-(3,4-Difluorophenoxy)benzaldehyde (41.0 mg, 2-methyl-N-[4-methyl-3-(4and mmol) piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide (45.0 mg, 0.170 mmol) in sodium added 1,2-dichloroethane (5.00 mL) was triacetoxyborohydride (110 0.520 mmol) and AcOH mg, (10.0 μ L, 0.170 mmol) at room temperature. The mixture stirred overnight. The reaction mixture was quenched by saturated NaHCO3 solution (10 extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by preparative TLC using 5% NH₃ {2.0 M in MeOH) in CH₂Cl₂ \dot{N} -(3-{1-[4-(3,4product give the desired to difluorophenoxy)benzyl]-4-piperidinyl}-4-methylphenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (44.0 mg, 54.0 %).

20

15

5

10

Procedure AC

using

PS-

Carbodiimide Resin

$$\begin{array}{c} O \\ R_1 \\ CI \\ H_2N \\ \end{array} \\ N \\ N \\ H \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} PS\text{-Carbodiimide} \\ DCM/DMF \ 10/1 \\ 25 \ ^{\circ}C, \ 12 \ h \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} PS\text{-Carbodiimide} \\ R_1 \\ \hline \\ N \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} PS\text{-Carbodiimide} \\ PS\text{-Carbodiimide} \\ \hline \\ DCM/DMF \ 10/1 \\ \hline \\ 25 \ ^{\circ}C, \ 12 \ h \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} F \\ N \\ N \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} F \\ N \\ N \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} PS\text{-Carbodiimide} \\ \hline \\ DCM/DMF \ 10/1 \\ \hline \\ 25 \ ^{\circ}C, \ 12 \ h \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} PS\text{-Carbodiimide} \\ \hline \\ DCM/DMF \ 10/1 \\ \hline \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} PS\text{-Carbodiimide} \\ \hline \\ DCM/DMF \ 10/1 \\ \hline \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} PS\text{-Carbodiimide} \\ \hline \\ DCM/DMF \ 10/1 \\ \hline \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} PS\text{-Carbodiimide} \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} PS\text{-Carbodiimide} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} PS\text{-Carbodiimide} \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} PS\text{-Carbodiimide} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} PS\text{-Carbodiimid$$

A mixture of a carboxylic acid (0.0800 mmol) and PS-Carbodiimide Resin (2.00 eq, 80.0 mg, 1.34 mmol/g) in DCM:DMF (10:1, 3.00 mL) was shaken for 30 min. To the reaction mixture was added amine (0.0540 mmol) and the resulting mixture was shaken for 12 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was filtered and the resin was washed with CH_2Cl_2 . The combined organic extracts were concentrated to a small volume, applied to a preparative TLC plate and eluted with 6 % NH₃ (2.0 M in MeOH) in CH_2Cl_2 to give the desired product.

15

10

5

Procedure AD

Scheme X

5

bromopropylamine.HBr
$$+ (BOC)_2O + base$$
 $+ (BOC)_2O + base$ $+ ($

TERT-BUTYL N-(3-BROMOPROPYL) CARBAMATE: Prepared from 3-bromopropylamine hydrobromide and BOC₂O in the presence of base in CH_2Cl_2 : ¹H NMR (300 MHz) δ 5.07 (br, 1 H), 3.31 (t, 2 H, J = 6.6 Hz), 3.12 (apparent br q, 2 H, J = 6.0 Hz), 1.92 (p, 2 H, J = 6.6 Hz), 1.30 (s, 9H).

To a solution of piperidine (19.3 mmol) in 10 N-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-3mL) was (20.0 dioxane bromopropylamine (21.2 mmol) and potassium carbonate (38.7 mmol) at room temperature and the mixture was heated at reflux temperature for 24 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, concentrated in 15 vacuo and partitioned between CHCl3 (40 mL) and water (5 The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (ethyl acetate: methanol 9:1) to yield the required 20 3-{4-[3-(acetylamino)phenyl]-1tert-butyl product

piperidinyl}propylcarbamate as a colorless oil: ESMS $m/e: 376.2 [M+H]^+$.

Step 2. HCl gas was bubbled into a solution of the bocprotected amine (12.1 mmol) in dioxane (5.00 mL) for 10-20 minutes at 0-5 °C. The resulting solution was stirred at 0-5 °C for 1 h, concentrated, neutralized with 10 % KOH solution (10 mL) and extracted into CH_2Cl_2 (25 mL). The organic extract was washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was chromatographed to give the desired product $N-\{3-[1-(3-aminopropyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl\}$ acetamide: ESMS m/e: 276.1 $[M+H]^+$.

15 Procedure AE

5

10

20

Scheme Y

HN
$$R_2$$
 THF, DIPEA R_1 R_2 R_1 $R_$

Step 1: A mixture of piperidine (1.00 eq, 0.0226 mmol), N-(bromoalkyl)phthalimide (1.50 eq, 0.0338 mmol), Bu_4NI (200 mg) and diisopropylethylamine (5.00 eq, 0.113 mmol)

in dioxane (200 mL) was heated at 99 °C for 24 h. The reaction was followed by TLC analysis (95:5 $\mathrm{CH_2Cl_2}$:methanol). If necessary additional 0.0113 mmol of the appropriate bromoalkylphthalimides was added to each reaction mixture and the heating was continued for additional 48 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, the ammonium salts were filtered out and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The crude product was chromatographed to give the desired product.

ON NO

ESMS m/e: 420.2 $[M+H]^+$

5

10

ESMS m/e: 434.4 $[M+H]^+$

ESMS m/e: 448.4 $[M+H]^+$

ESMS m/e: 462.4

ESMS m/e: 476.4 $[M+H]^+$

Step 2: Deprotection of the resulting phthalimides was conducted by heating a solution of phthaliamide-protected amines with excess hydrazine hydrate (10 eq) in ethanol (0.5-1.0 M) at 90 °C for 4 h. The reaction mixture was monitored by TLC to completion. Upon the reaction was completed, the mixture was cooled to room temperature, the insoluble by-products were filtered out through celite and the solvent was removed *in vacuo*. The crude product was chromatographed (dichloromethanemethanol-isoprpylamine) to give the desired products.

5

10

ESMS $m/e: 290.2 [M+H]^+$

ESMS $m/e: 304.1 [M+H]^+$

$$H_2N$$
 $O = N$

ESMS $m/e: 318.2 [M+H]^+$

$$H_2N$$

ESMS $m/e: 332.2 [M+H]^{+}$

$$H_2N$$

ESMS m/e: 346.3 [M+H] +

Procedure AF

Scheme H

5

10

15

(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL] -1-PIPERIDINYL}PROPYL) -2-OXO-

1,3-OXAZOLIDINE-3-CARBOXAMIDE was synthesized according To a solution of (4R)-4to Scheme H and Procedure AF: (3,4-difluorophenyl)-1,3-oxazolidin-2-one (this compound and analogs were prepared according to $J.\ Med.\ Chem$ 2000, 43, 2775) (0.300 mol, 60.0 mg) in THF (5.00 mL) was added LDA (2.0 M in THF, 0.390 mmol, 0.200 mL) at -After 30 min at -78 °C, to the 78 °C under argon. a . solution of 4-nitrophenyl was added mixture chloroformate (0.330 mmol, 51.2 mg) in THF (0.500 mL) at -78 °C. After stirring for 30 min at -78 °C the reaction mixture was diluted with a saturated Na_2CO_3 solution (5.0 mL) and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (10 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by preparative TLC plates (10:1 hexane:ethyl acetate) to afford 4-nitrophenyl (4R)-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-2-oxo-1,3-oxazolidine-3-carboxylate (51.5 mg, 54.0 %).

(4R)-4-(3,4-difluorophenyl)-2-oxo-4-Nitrophenyl 1,3-oxazolidine-3-carboxylate (169 mg, 0.465 mmol), N-10 {3-[1-(3-aminopropyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}-2methylpropanamide (141 mg, 0.465 mmol), K_2CO_3 (0.193 g, 1.39 mmol), CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL), and methanol (0.1 mL) were combined in a flask. The mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature, the solvent was removed in vacuo, 15 and the residue was purified by chromatography [2.5% of $\mathrm{NH_3}$ (2.0 M in methanol) in $\mathrm{CH_2Cl_2}$] to afford the desired product (26.1 mg, 10.6 %): ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.08 (t, 1H, J = 5.5 Hz), 7.45 (S, 2H), 7.38 (d, 1H, J =8.6 Hz), 7.24-7.12 (m, 3H), 7.06 (m, 1H), 6.97 (d, 1H, J 20 = 8.6 Hz), 5.40 (dd, 1H, J = 3.9-8.8 Hz), 4.71 (t, 1H, J)= 8.8 Hz), 4.23 (dd, 1H, J = 4.4, 9.1 Hz), 3.32 (qt, 2H,J = 6.1 Hz), 2.99 (d, 2H, J = 11.0 Hz), 2.49 (qt, 2H, J= 7.0 Hz), 2.41(t, 2H, J = 7.0 Hz), 1.99-1.97 (m, 2H), 1.82-1.68 (m, 6H), 1.23 (d, 6H, J = 7.3 Hz); Anal. 25 Calcd. for $C_{28}H_{34}F_2N_4O_4+HCl+0.185CHCl_3$: C, 57.6; H, 6.04; Found: C, 58.5; H, 6.08; N, 9.47; ESMS m/e: N, 9.54. $529.1 (M + H)^{+}$.

Procedure AG

30

5

Schem AR:

Step 1: A solution of ketoester (10 mmol), Meldrum's acid (10 mmol), aldehyde (10 mmol) and an ammonium acetate (11 mmol) in HOAc (10 mL) was heated at reflux temperature for 18 h. The cooled reaction mixture was poured over ice (100 g). The precipitated oils were collected and dried under reduced pressure. The benzyl ester protected analogs solidified upon trituration with a mixture of ether/hexane.

10

1.05 g, 29.0 %

523 mg, 15.0%

MORALES, A.; OCHOA, E.; SUAREZ, M.; VERDECIA, Y.;
GONZALEZ, L.; MARTIN, N.; QUINTEIRO, M.; SEOANE, C.;
SOTO, J. L.; J. Heterocycl. Chem. [JHTCAD] 1996, 33 (1),
103-107.

Step 2: A mixture of a benzyl ester and 10% Pd/C in methanol was hydrogenated using the balloon method at room temperature. The reaction mixture was monitored (TLC) to completion, filtered through Celite 545 and the Celite filter cake was washed with methanol (3 x 10 mL). The combined methanol extracts were concentrated in vacuo to give the desired carboxylic acid that was used in the next step without any further purification.

5

10

15

4-(2,4-DIFLUOROPHENYL)-2-METHYL-6-OXO-1,4,5,6-

TETRAHYDRO-3-PYRIDINECARBOXYLIC ACID was synthesized according to Procedure AG and Scheme AR: ^{1}H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 7.82 (s, 1H), 7.00-6.72 (m, 3H), 4.51 (d, 1H, J = 8.4 Hz), 2.90 (dd, 1H, J = 8.4, 16.3 Hz), 2.68 (d, 1H, J = 16.3 Hz), 2.46 (s, 3H).

4-(3,4-DIFLUOROPHENYL)-2-METHYL-6-OXO-1,4,5,6-

TETRAHYDRO-3-PYRIDINECARBOXYLIC ACID was synthesized according to Procedure AG and Scheme AR: 1 H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.40-6.80 (m, 4 H), 4.23 (d, 1 H, J = 7.5 avg. Hz), 2.93 (dd, 1 H, J = 16.8, 7.5 avg. Hz), 2.68 (d, 1 H, J = 16.5 avg. Hz), 2.45 (s, 3 H).

25

20

Procedure AH

5

10 -

15

1-(6-CHLOROHEXYL)-1H-IND LE: To a mixture of NaH (0.249 g, 10.0 mmol) in DMF (5.00 mL) was added a solution of 1-H-indole (0.585 g, 5.00 mmol) in DMF (2.00 mL) at 0 $^{\circ}$ C. The reaction mixture was stirred for 30 minutes at 0 °C and warmed up to room temperature. To the reaction mixture 1-bromo-6-chlorohexane (0.998 g, 5.00 mmol) was added dropwise via syringe and the reaction mixture was The reaction mixture was diluted stirred overnight. with EtOAc (30 mL), washed with water (3 X 10 mL); brine (10 mL), dried over $MgSO_4$, concentrated in vacuo and purified by chromatography using hexane: EtOAc (97.5:2.5) to give the desired product (0.900 g, 76.0 %): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.76-7.54 (m, 1H), 7.47-6.96 (m, 4H), 6.60-6.34 (m, 1H), 4.13 (t, 2H, J = 6.8 Hz), 3.50 (t, 2H, J = 5.6 Hz), 1.98-1.79 (m, 2H), 1.79-1.64 (m, 2H), 1.54-1.17 (m, 4H).

N-(3-{1-[6-(1H-INDOL-1-YL)HEXYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: A mixture of 1-(6-Chlorohexyl)-1Hindole (23.6 mg, 0.100 mmol), 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide (24.6 mg, 0.100 mmol),
K2CO3 (27.6 mg, 0.200 mmol), NaI (22.5 mg, 0.150 mmol)
and DMF (1.00 mL) was feated at 100 °C for 12 h. The
reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and the
crude material was purified by preparative TLC using 5 %

of NH₃ (2.0 M in methanol) in CH_2Cl_2 to give the desired product as a yellow solid (40 mg, 90 %): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.08-6.52 (m, 11H), 4.17 (t, 2H, J=7.2 Hz), 3.26 (d, 2H, J=11.6 Hz), 2.74-2.52 (m, 4H), 2.44-2.28 (m, 2H), 2.20-2.02 (m, 2H), 1.98-1.82 (m, 4H), 1.78-1.62 (m, 2H), 1.43-1.28 (m, 4H), 1.28 (d, 6H, J=6.8 Hz); ESMS m/e: 446.5 (M + H)⁺.

Procedure AI:

10

15

20

5

Scheme AU: Preparation of tert-Piperdines Usingd PS-SO2Cl Resin

$$P-SO_2CI$$
 $R-OH$ $P-SO_3R$ HN R_2 R_1

$$R-N$$
 R_2
 R_1

The library was constructed in polypropylene Robbins "Reactor Blocks", 48 well plates. PS-TSCl resin (100 mg, 1.00 eq. purchased from Argonaut Technologies) was placed in each well of the "Reactor Blocks" 48 well plates. To each well was added 2-10 eq of an alcohol in dichloromethane:pyridine (1:1, 3.00 mL). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 h and the resin was washed with dichloromethane (3 x 4.00 mL), DMF (5 x 4.00 mL), DMF/H₂O (3:1, 5 x 4.00 mL), THF (3 x 4.00 mL), dichloromethane (3 x 4.00 mL), acetonitrile (2 x 4.00 mL) and dried under reduced pressure. A solution of an amine (0.0750 mmol, 0.500 eq) and N,N-diisopropylethyl amine (19.0 mg, 0.150 mmol, 1.00 eq) in acetonitrile

(3.00 mL) was added to the well containing the derivatized resin and the mixture was reacted at 70 °C for 16 h in the Robbins rotating oven. After cooling, AP-isocyanate resin (120 mg, 0.150 mmol, 1.00 eq) and THF (2.00 mL) was added to the each reaction vessel and reacted at room temperature for additional 3 h. The solution was filtered into the Robbins receiving plates and concentrated in vacuo to give the desired tertiary amines which were analyzed via LC-MS.

10

15

20

25

5

Procedure AJ:

Scheme AV: Preparation of tert-Piperidines Using Piperdines,

$$Ar \longrightarrow O$$

$$R_1$$

The library was constructed in polypropylene Robbins 48 well plates Reactor Blocks. In the initial incubation period, each well was charged with PS-TBD resin (from Argonaut Technologies, 200 mg, 0.280 mmol, 2.50 eq) and piperidine (0.120 mmol, 1.10 eq) in acetonitrile (0.500 mL) and agitated for 1 h. A solution of benzyl iodide or bromide (0.110 mmol, 1.00 eq) in acetonitrile (0.500 mL) was added to each well followed by additional acetonitrile (1.00 mL) to make a total volume of 2 mL and the mixture was rotated in a Robbins rotating oven at room temperature for 16 h. Then AP-Isocyanate resin (Argonaut Technologies, 250 mg (0.430 mmol, 4.00 eq) was

added to each well and reacted further at room temperature for another 12 h. The mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to obtain the desired product that was characterized via LC-MS.

5

Scheme AX

$$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \end{array}$$

10 Example 117

N-(3-{1-[3-(4-BROMOPHENYL)-3-OXOPROPYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Procedure K

(KI) and Scheme E (K₂CO₃) using 1-(4-bromophenyl)-3chloro-1-propanone and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 457.1 (M +
H).

Example 118

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-3-OXOPROPYL]-4-$

PIPERIDINYL } PHENYL) - 2 - METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Procedure 20 3-chloro-1-(4and Scheme Ε (K_2CO_3) using (KI) chlorophenyl) -1-propanone and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 413.1 (M +H) +.

25

Example 119

N-(3-{1-[3-(4-METHOXYPHENYL)-3-OXOPROPYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Procedure 'K

(KI) and Scheme E (K₂CO₃) using 3-chloro-1-(4-

methoxyphenyl)-1-propanone and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 409.2 (M + H) $^+$.

5 Example 120

10

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(2,3-DIHYDRO-1H-INDEN-5-YL)-3-OXOPROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL\}$ PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Procedure K

(KI) and Scheme E (K_2CO_3) using 3-chloro-1-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-5-yl)-1-propanone and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)] phenyl] propanamide: ESMS m/e: 419.2 (M + H) $^+$.

Example 121

 $2-METHYL-N-{3-[1-(3-OXO-3-PHENYLPROPYL)-4-$

PIPERIDINYL] PHENYL PROPANAMIDE: Procedure K (KI) and Scheme E (K_2CO_3) using 3-chloro-1-phenyl-1-propanone and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: \cdot ESMS m/e: 379.2 (M + H) $^+$.

20 Example 122

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[3-(4-METHYLPHENYL)-3-OXOPROPYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Procedure K (KI) and
Scheme E (K₂CO₃) using 3-chloro-1-(4-methylphenyl)-1propanone and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 393.2 (M +
H)⁺.

Example 123

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL)-3-OXOPROPYL]-4-$

30 **PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:** Procedure K (KI) and Scheme E (K_2CO_3) using 3-chloro-1-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-propanone and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-

piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 397.2 (M + H) $^+$.

Example 124

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-3-HYDROXYPROPYL]-4-$

PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) - 2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure L and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-oxopropyl]-4-piperidinyl phenyl) - 2-methylpropanamide: ESMS m/e: 415.1 (M + H)⁺.

10 Example 125

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-3-(3,4-$

DIFLUOROPHENOXY) PROPYL] -4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) -2-

METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme AN using $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-\text{chlorophenyl})-3-\text{hydroxypropyl}]-4-\text{piperidinyl}\}$ phenyl) -2-methylpropanamide and 3,4-difluorophenol: ESMS m/e: 526.8 (M + H)⁺.

Example 126

N-(3-{1-[3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-3-(2-METHYLPHENOXY)PROPYL]20 4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure A and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2methylpropanamide and o-cresol: ESMS m/e: 505.4 (M + H)*.

25

30

15

Example 127

N-(3-{1-[3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL)-3-HYDROXYPROPYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure L and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-oxopropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2methylpropanamide: ESMS m/e: 399.2 (M + H)⁺.

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-HYDROXY-3-(4-METHOXYPHENYL) PROPYL\}-4-PIPERIDINYL\}$ PHENYL) -2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure L and Scheme AN using $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-oxopropyl]-4-piperidinyl\}$ phenyl) -2-methylpropanamide: ESMS m/e: 411.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 129

5

N-(3-{1-[3-(4-BROMOPHENYL)-3-HYDROXYPROPYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure L and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-3-oxopropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2methylpropanamide: ESMS m/e: 459.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 130

N-(3-{1-[3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-3-(4-METHOXYPHENOXY)PROPYL]4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure A and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2methylpropanamide and 4-methoxyphenol: ESMS m/e: 520.8

(M + H)*.

Example 131

N-(3-{1-[3-(4-CHLOROPHENOXY)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PROPYL]4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure A and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2methylpropanamide and 4-chlorophenol: ESMS m/e: 509.1
(M + H)*.

30 Example 132

N-(3-{1-[3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL)-3-(2,3,4,5,6PENTAFLUOROPHENOXY) PROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme AN

using $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl\}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenol: ESMS <math>m/e$: 564.7 (M + H) $^+$.

5

10

Example 133

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-BROMOPHENYL)-3-(2-METHYLPHENOXY) PROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL\}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme AN using <math>N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl\}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 2-methylphenol: ESMS <math>m/e$: 548.8 $(M+H)^+$.

Example 134

N-(3-{1-[3-(3,4-DIFLUOROPHENOXY)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2
METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 3,4-difluorophenol: ESMS m/e: 511.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 135

N-(3-{1-[3-(4-BROMOPHENOXY)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL)PROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure A and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 4-bromophenol: ESMS m/e: 553.0 (M+H)⁺.

30 Example 136

N-(3-{1-[3-(3,4-DICHLOROPHENOXY)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL)PROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme AN

using $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl\}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 3,4-dichlorophenol: ESMS <math>m/e$: 542.7 (M + H)⁺.

5 Example 137

10

20

25

N-[3-(1-{3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL)-3-[4 (TRIFLUOROMETHYL) PHENOXY] PROPYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL] 2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme
AN using N-(3-{1-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 4(trifluoromethyl)phenol: ESMS m/e: 543.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 138

N-(3-{1-[3-(3-BROMOPHENOXY)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PROPYL]-4
PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure A and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2
methylpropanamide and 3-bromophenol: ESMS m/e: 552.7 (M

+ H)*.

Example 139

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-FLUOROPHENOXY)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL\}$ PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme AN using $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl\}$ phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 4-fluorophenol: ESMS m/e: 493.2 $(M+H)^+$.

Example 140

N-(3-{1-[3-(3-FLUOROPHENOXY)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PROPYL]4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure A and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-

methylpropanamide and 3- fluorophenol: ESMS m/e: 492.9 (M + H) $^+$.

Example 141

5 N-(3-{1-[3-(2,6-DICHLOROPHENOXY)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2
METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 2,6-dichlorophenol: ESMS m/e: 543.0 (M + H)⁺.

Example 142

N-(3-{1-[3-(2,5-DIFLUOROPHENOXY)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL)PROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-

- METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme AN using $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-\text{fluorophenyl})-3-\text{hydroxypropyl}]-4-\text{piperidinyl}\}$ phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and .2,5-difluorophenol: ESMS m/e: 511.5 (M + H)⁺.
- 20 Example 143

 N-(3-{1-[3-(3-CHLOROPHENOXY)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PROPYL]
 4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

 Procedure A and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2
 methylpropanamide and 3-chlorophenol: ESMS m/e: 509.1

Example 144

 $(M + H)^{+}$.

N-(3-{1-[3-(4-BROMOPHENYL)-3-(3-METHYLPHENOXY) PROPYL]-4
PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure A and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-

methylpropanamide and 3- methylphenol: ESMS m/e: 549.1 (M + H) $^{+}$.

Example 145

5 N-(3-{1-[3-([1,1'-BIPHENYL]-4-YLOXY)-3-(4-BROMOPHENYL)PROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2
METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 4-phenylphenol: ESMS m/e: 611.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 146

N-(3-{1-[3-(2,4-DIFLUOROPHENOXY)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-

- METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme AN using $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-\text{fluorophenyl})-3-\text{hydroxypropyl}]-4-\text{piperidinyl}\}$ phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and .2,4-difluorophenol: ESMS m/e: 511.1 (M + H)⁺.
- Example 147 20 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-BROMOPHENYL)-3-(3-METHOXYPHENOXY)PROPYL]-$ Prepared by 4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-$ Α Scheme ANusing Procedure and bromophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2methylpropanamide and 3-methoxyphenol: ESMS m/e: 564.6 25 $(M + H)^+$.

Example 148

METHYL

4-(1-(4-BROMOPHENYL)-3-{4-[3-30]}

(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}PROPOXY) BENZOATE:

Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-

2-methylpropanamide and methyl 4-hydroxybenzoate: ESMS m/e: 593.0 (M + H) $^+$.

Example 149

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-BROMOPHENYL)-3-(4-PHENOXYPHENOXY)PROPYL]-$ 5 4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-$ Procedure A and Scheme AN using bromophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-ESMS m/e: 626.6 methylpropanamide and 4-phenoxyphenol: 10 $(M + H)^{+}$.

Example 150

N-(3-{1-[3-(4-BROMOPHENYL)-3-(2-CHLORO-4-METHYLPHENOXY)PROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-

- METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme AN using $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-\text{bromophenyl})-3-\text{hydroxypropyl}]-4-\text{piperidinyl}\}$ phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 2-chloro-4-methylphenol: ESMS m/e: 583.0 (M + H)⁺.
- 20 Example 151

25

30

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-BROMOPHENYL)-3-PHENOXYPROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL\}$ PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme AN using $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl\}$ phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and phenol: ESMS m/e: 535.0 (M + H) $^+$.

Example 152

 $N-[3-(1-{3-(4-BROMOPHENYL)-3-[4-$

(TRIFLUOROMETHYL) PHENOXY] PROPYL \ \ -4-PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL \ -2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme

AN using N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl\}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 4-(trifluoromethyl) phenol: ESMS m/e: 603.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 153

5

20

30

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(2-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-(4-BROMOPHENYL) PROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL\}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme AN using <math>N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl\}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 2-acetylphenol: ESMS <math>m/e$: 576.6 $(M+H)^+$.

Example 154

N-(3-{1-[3-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-(4-BROMOPHENYL) PROPYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure A and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2methylpropanamide and 3-acetylphenol: ESMS m/e: 576.9

(M + H)⁺.

Example 155

N-(3-{1-[3-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-(2,3-DIHYDRO-1H-INDEN-5-YL)PROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-5-yl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 3-acetylphenol: ESMS m/e: 539.2 (M + H)⁺.

25 Example 156

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(2,3-DIHYDRO-1H-INDEN-5-YL)-3-PHENOXYPROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL\}$ PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme AN using $N-(3-\{1-[3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-5-yl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl\}$ phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and phenol: ESMS m/e: 497.2 (M + H) $^+$.

N-(3-{1-[3-(2-

ACETYLPHENOXY) -3-(2,3-

DIHYDRO-1H-INDEN-5-YL) PROPYL] -4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) -2-

METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme AN using $N-(3-\{1-[3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-5-yl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl\}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide 2-acetylphenol: ESMS <math>m/e$: 539.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 158

5

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-BROMOPHENOXY)-3-(4-BROMOPHENYL)PROPYL]-4-$ 10 PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) - 2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared bу N-(3-{1-[3-(4-AN using Α and Scheme Procedure bromophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2methylpropanamide and 4-bromophenol: ESMS m/e: 612.7 (M + H) +. 15

Example 159

N-(3-{1-[3-(4-BROMOPHENYL)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENOXY) PROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure A and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 4-chlorophenol: ESMS m/e: 568.7

(M + H).

25 Example 160

30

N-(3-{1-[3-(4-BROMOPHENYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENOXY)PROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-(4-bromophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 4-fluorophenol: ESMS m/e: 552.8 (M + H)⁺.

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(2,3-DIHYDRO-$

1H-INDEN-5-YL)-3-(4-

METHOXYPHENOXY) PROPYL] -4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) -2-

METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme AN using $N-(3-\{1-[3-(2,3-\text{dihydro-}1H-\text{inden-}5-\text{yl})-3-\text{dihydro-}1H-\text{dimen-}5-\text{yl})-3-\text{dihydro-}1H-\text{dimen-}5-\text{yl})-3-\text{dihydro-}1H-\text{dimen-}5-\text{yl})$

hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinylphenyl-2-methylpropanamide and 4-methoxyphenol: ESMS m/e: 527.3 $(M + H)^+$.

Example 162

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(2,3-D]HYDRO-1H-ÎNDEN-5-YL)-3-(4-$

FLUOROPHENOXY) PROPYL] -4-PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) -2
METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-5-yl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl phenyl) -2-methylpropanamide and 4-fluorophenol: ESMS m/e: 515.2 (M + H)⁺.

15

20

Example 163

N-(3-{1-[3-(2,3-DIHYDRO-1H-INDEN-5-YL)-3-HYDROXYPROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE

Prepared by Procedure L and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-5-yl)-3-oxopropyl]-4-

piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide: ESMS m/e: 421.2 $(M + H)^+$.

Example 164

N-[3-(1-{3-(2,3-DIHYDRO-1H-INDEN-5-YL)-3-[4-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL) PHENOXY] PROPYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL]2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme
AN using N-(3-{1-[3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-5-yl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide
and 4-trifluoromethylphenol: ESMS m/e: 565.0 (M + H)⁺.

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-$

BROMOPHENOXY) - 3 - (2,3-

DIHYDRO-1H-INDEN-5-YL) PROPYL] -4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) -2-

METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-5-yl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 4-bromophenol:

ESMS m/e: 577.4 $(M + H)^+$.

10 Example 166

15

25

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL\}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme AN using <math>N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-Chlorophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl\}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 3-acetylphenol: SMS <math>m/e$: 533.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 167

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-METHOXYPHENOXY)-3-(4-$

METHOXYPHENYL) PROPYL] -4-PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) -2
METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-hydroxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propyl]-4-piperidinyl phenyl) -2-methylpropanamide and 4-methoxyphenol: ESMS m/e: 517.4 (M + H)⁺.

Example 168

N-(3-{1-[3-(4-CHLOROPHENOXY)-3-(2,3-DIHYDRO-1H-INDEN-5-YL)PROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-5-yl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 4-chlorophenol: ESMS m/e: 531.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 169

5

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(2-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PROPYL\}-4-PIPERIDINYL\}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme AN using <math>N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl\}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 2-acetylphenol: ESMS <math>m/e$: 533.4 $(M+H)^+$.

Example 170

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-BROMOPHENYL)-3-(4-METHOXYPHENOXY) PROPYL]-$ 10 Prepared by 4-PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) -2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: N-(3-{1-[3-(4-Scheme ΑN using Procedure Α and bromophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2methylpropanamide and 4-methoxyphenol: ESMS m/e: 565.0 $(M + H)^{+}$ 15

Example 171

N-(3-{1-[3-(4-BROMOPHENOXY)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure A and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 4-bromophenol: ESMS m/e: 568.8 (M+H).

25 **Example 172**

30

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-CHLOROPHENOXY)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL) PROPYL\}-4-PIPERIDINYL\}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme AN using <math>N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl\}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 4-chlorophenol: ESMS <math>m/e$: 525.0 $(M+H)^+$.

N-(3-{1-[3-(4-

METHOXYPHENYL) - 3 -

PHENOXYPROPYL] -4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) -2-

METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme AN using $N-(3-\{1-[3-hydroxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propyl]-4-piperidinyl\}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and phenol: ESMS <math>m/e$: 487.4 (M + H)⁺.

Example 174

5

20

30

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL)-3-PHENOXYPROPYL]-4-$

PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) - 2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and phenol: ESMS m/e: 475.6 (M + H).

15 Example 175

N-(3-{1-[3-(2-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PROPYL]4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure A and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2methylpropanamide and 2-acetylphenol: ESMS m/e: 517.1
(M + H).

Example 176

N-(3-{1-[3-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) PROPYL]
4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure A and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2
methylpropanamide and 3-acetylphenol: ESMS m/e: 516.9

(M + H)*.

Example 177

N-(3-{1-[3-(4-FLUOROPHENYL)-3-(4-METHOXYPHENOXY) PROPYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure A and Scheme AN using $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl\}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 4-methoxyphenol: ESMS <math>m/e$: 505.2 $(M + H)^+$.

5

10

25

Example 178

N-(3-{1-[3-(4-CHLOROPHENOXY)-3-(4-METHOXYPHENYL) PROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-hydroxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl) propyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 4-cholorophenol: ESMS m/e: 521.5
(M + H)⁺.

Example 179

N-(3-{1-[3-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-(4-METHOXYPHENYL) PROPYL]4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure A and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-hydroxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl) propyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2methylpropanamide and 3-acetylphenol: ESMS m/e: 529.0

(M + H)*.

Example 180

N-(3-{1-[3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-3-PHENOXYPROPYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure A and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2methylpropanamide and phenol. ESMS m/e: 490.9 (M + H)⁺.

Example 181

N-(3-{1-[3-(4-BROMOPHENOXY)-3-(4-METHOXYPHENYL) PROPYL]4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure A and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-hydroxy-3-(4methoxyphenyl) propyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-

methylpropanamide and 4- bromophenol: ESMS m/e: 564.9 $(M + H)^{+}$.

Example 182

5 N-[3-(1-{3-(4-METHOXYPHENYL)-3-[4-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL) PHENOXY] PROPYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL]2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme
AN using N-(3-{1-[3-hydroxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl) propyl]4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 4trifluoromethyphenol: ESMS m/e: 555.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 183

N-(3-{1-[3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENOXY) PROPYL]4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure A and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2methylpropanamide and 4-fluorophenol: ESMS m/e: :509.1

(M + H)⁺.

20 Example 184

25

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-FLUOROPHENOXY)-3-(4-METHOXYPHENYL) PROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL\}$ PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme AN using $N-(3-\{1-[3-hydroxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl) propyl]-4-piperidinyl\}$ phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 4-fluorophenol: ESMS m/e: 505.5

Example 185

 $(M + H)^{+}$.

N-(3-{1-[3-(2-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-(4-METHOXYPHENYL) PROPYL]
4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure A and Scheme AN using N-(3-{1-[3-hydroxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl) propyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-

methylpropanamide and 2- acetylphenol: ESMS m/e: 529.2 $(M + H)^+$.

Example 186

5 N-[3-(1-{3-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-3-[4-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL) PHENOXY] PROPYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL]2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure A and Scheme
AN using N-(3-{1-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-hydroxypropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 4-trifluoromethylphenol: SMS m/e: 559.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 187

 $N-(3-\{1-[(3s)-3-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL\}-4-METHYLPHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:$

- Prepared by Procedure G and Scheme AI using 1-(3- $\{[(1S)-3-chloro-1-phenylpropyl]oxy\}$ phenyl)ethanone and 2-methyl-N-[4-methyl-3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 513.0 (M + H)⁺.
- 2-Hydroxy-1-2-(ISOPENTYLOXY)-1-NAPHTHALDEHYDE: 20 naphthaldehyde (1.72 g, 10.0 mmol) and THF (50 ml) were combined in a flask. NaH (312 mg, 13 mmol) was added, followed by 1-bromo-3-methylbutane (1.20 mL, 10.0 mmol). The solution was stirred at room temperature overnight, the solvent was removed in vacuo, and the residue was 25 purified by chromatography (5-10 % ethyl acetate / hexane): 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 10.9 (s, 1H), 9.28 (dd, 1H, J = 0.7 Hz, 8.6 Hz), 8.02 (d, 1H, J = 9.1 Hz),7.75 (d, 1H, J = 8.1 Hz), 7.63-7.59 (m, 1H), 7.43-7.39 (m, 1H), 7.27 (d, 1H, J = 9.2 Hz), 4.25 (t, 2H, J = 6.5)30 Hz), 1.98-1.84 (m, 1H), 1.80-1.75 (m, 2H), 0.99 (d, 6H, J = 6.6 Hz); ESMS m/e: 242.8 (M + H)⁺.

Example 188

5

10

15

30

N-[3-(1-{[2-(ISOPENTYLOXY)-1-NAPHTHYL]METHYL}-4
PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure F and Scheme R using 2-(isopentyloxy)-1
naphthaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4
piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 473.3 (M + H)⁺.

2-PROPOXY-1-NAPHTHALDEHYDE: Prepared according to the Procedure for 2-(isopentyloxy)-1-naphthaldehyde using 2-hydroxy-1-naphthaldehyde and 1-bromopropane.

Example 189

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(2-PROPOXY-1-NAPHTHYL) METHYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F
and Scheme R using 2-propoxy-1-naphthaldehyde and 2methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl) phenyl] propanamide: ESMS m/e:
445.2 (M + H)⁺.

4-{[(1-FORMYL-2-NAPHTHYL)OXY]METHYL}BENZONITRILE:

20 Prepared according to the Procedure for 2-(isopentyloxy)-1-naphthaldehyde using 2-hydroxy-1naphthaldehyde and 4-(bromomethyl)benzonitrile.

Example 190

N-{3-[1-({2-[(4-CYANOBENZYL)OXY]-1-NAPHTHYL}METHYL)-4-PIPERIDINYL]PHENYL}-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 4-{[(1-formyl-2-naphthyl)oxy]methyl}benzonitrile and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 518.2 (M + H)⁺.

[(1-FORMYL-2-NAPHTHYL)OXY]ACETONITRILE: Prepared according to the Procedure for 2-(isopentyloxy)-1-

naphthaldehyde using 2- hydroxy-1-naphthaldehyde and bromoacetonitrile.

Example 191

N-[3-(1-{[2-(CYANOMETHOXY)-1-NAPHTHYL]METHYL}-4PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure F and Scheme R using [(1-formyl-2naphthyl)oxy]acetonitrile and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 442.2 (M + H)⁺.

2-[(3-CHLOROBENZYL)OXY]-1-NAPHTHALDEHYDE: Prepared according to the Procedure for 2-(isopentyloxy)-1-naphthaldehyde using 2-hydroxy-1-naphthaldehyde and 1-(bromomethyl)-3-chlorobenzene.

Example 192

10

15

N-{3-[1-({2-[(3-CHLOROBENZYL)OXY]-1-NAPHTHYL}METHYL)-4-PIPERIDINYL]PHENYL}-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 2-[(3-chlorobenzyl)oxy]-1-naphthaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 527.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 193

Example 194

 $N-(3-\{1-[4-(4-CHLOROPHENOXY)BENZYL]-4-$

PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) - 2 - METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by 25 Scheme R using 4-(4-F and Procedure 2-methyl-N-[3-(4chlorophenoxy) benzaldehyde and piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.50 (s, 1H), 7.34-7.19 (m, 7H), 6.98-6.87 (m, 5H), 3.50(s, 2H), 2.98 (d, 2H, J = 11.8 Hz), 2.58-2.44 (m, 2H),30 2.10-1.98 (m, -2H), 1.83-1.76 (m, 4H), 1.24 (d, 6H, J =6.8 Hz); ESMS m/e: 463.2 (M + H)⁺.

DIFLUOROPHENOXY) BENZYL] - 4 - $N-(3-\{1-[4-(3,4-$ PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) - 2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by using 4 - (3, 4 -R Scheme F and and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4difluorophenoxy) benzaldehyde piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 465.2 (M + H) +.

4-(ISOPENTYLOXY)-1-NAPHTHALDEHYDE: Prepared according to the Procedure for 2-(isopentyloxy)-1-naphthaldehyde using 4-hydroxy-1-naphthaldehyde and 1-bromo-3-methylbutane.

Example 195

5

10

 $N-[3-(1-\{[4-(ISOPENTYLOXY)-1-NAPHTHYL]METHYL]-4-$

- Procedure F and Scheme R using 4-(isopentyloxy)-1-naphthaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 473.3 (M + H)⁺.
- Example 196 20 $N-(3-\{1-[4-(4-METHOXYPHENOXY)BENZYL]-4-$ PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) - 2 - METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by F R using 4-(4-Procedure and Scheme 2-methyl-N-[3-(4methoxyphenoxy) benzaldehyde and piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 459.2 (M + H)⁺. 25
 - **4-PROPOXY-1-NAPHTHALDEHYDE:** Prepared according to the Procedure for 2-(isopentyloxy)-1-naphthaldehyde using 4-hydroxy-1-naphthaldehyde and 1-bromopropane.

Example 197

30

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(4-PROPOXY-1-NAPHTHYL)METHYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F

and Scheme R using 4- propoxy-1-naphthaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 445.2 (M + H)⁺.

5 Example 198

10

30

N-(3-{1-[4-(3,4-DICHLOROPHENOXY)BENZYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure F and Scheme R using 4-(3,4dichlorophenoxy)benzaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e:497.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 199

N-(3-{1-[4-(DIPHENYLAMINO) BENZYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme

R using 4-(diphenylamino) benzaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3(4-piperidinyl) phenyl] propanamide: ESMS m/e: 504.2 (M +
H)⁺.

Example 200

N-{3-[1-({2,5-DIMETHYL-1-[3-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL) PHENYL]-1H-PYRROL-3-YL}METHYL)-4-PIPERIDINYL]PHENYL}-2
METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 2,5-dimethyl-1-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrrole-3-carbaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 498.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 201

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[1-(2-PHENYL-1,3-THIAZOL-4-YL)ETHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 1-(2-phenyl-1,3-thiazol-4-yl)ethanone and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 434.2 (M + H).

Example 202

N-(3-{1-[(5-CHLORO-3-METHYL-1-PHENYL-1H-PYRAZOL-4-YL)METHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 5-chloro-3-methyl-1-phenyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carbaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 451.2 $(M + H)^+$.

Example 203

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(2-PHENYL-1H-IMIDAZOL-4-YL) METHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 2-phenyl-1H-imidazole-4-carbaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl) phenyl] propanamide: ESMS m/e: 403.2 (M + H)⁺.

15

5

Example 204

N-[3-(1-{[4-BROMO-1-(4-CHLOROBENZYL)-1H-PYRAZOL-5- ;
YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:
Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 4-bromo-1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-1H-pyrazole-5-carbaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 529.1
(M + H)*.

Example 205

2-METHYL-N-{3-[1-(3-PHENOXYBENZYL)-4PIPERIDINYL]PHENYL}PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F
and Scheme R using 3-phenoxybenzaldehyde and 2-methyl-N[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 429.2 (M
+ H).

30

Example 206

N-(3-{1-[3-(3,4-DICHLOROPHENOXY)BENZYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure F and Scheme R using 3-(3,4-dichlorophenoxy) benzaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)] propanamide: ESMS m/e: 497.15 (M + H)⁺.

5

Example 207

N-(3-{1-[3-(3,5-dichlorophenoxy)benzyl]-4piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide: Prepared by
Procedure F and Scheme R using 3-(3,5dichlorophenoxy)benzaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 497.2 (M + H)+.

Example 208

 $2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[3-(4-METHYLPHENOXY)BENZYL}-4-$

piperidinyl}phenyl)propanamide: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 3-(4-methylphenoxy)benzaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: . ESMS m/e: 443.2 (M + H)⁺.

20 Example 209

25

2-METHYL-N-[3-(1-{3-[3-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL) PHENOXY] BENZYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL] PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 3-[3-(trifluoromethyl) phenoxy] benzaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl) phenyl] propanamide: ESMS m/e: 497.2 (M + H).

Example 210

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-CHLOROPHENOXY) BENZYL]-4-$

PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) - 2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 3-(4-chlorophenoxy) benzaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl) phenyl] propanamide: ESMS m/e: 463.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 211

5

N-(3-{1-[3-(DIMETHYLAMINO)BENZYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme
R using 3-(dimethylamino)benzaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 380.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 212

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-METHOXYPHENOXY)BENZYL]-4-$ 10 Prepared PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) - 2 - METHYLPROPANAMIDE: by 3-(4and Scheme R using Procedure methoxyphenoxy) benzaldehyde 2-methyl-N-[3-(4and piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 459.2 H) +. 15

Example 213

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-TERT-BUTYLPHENOXY) BENZYL]-4-$ Prepared by PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) - 2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Procedure using 3-(4-tertand Scheme 20 butylphenoxy) benzaldehyde 2-methyl-N-[3-(4and piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 485.3 (M +H) +.

25 **Example 214**

30

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[3-NITRO-4-(1-PIPERIDINYL)BENZYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 3-nitro-4-(1-piperidinyl)benzaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 465.2 (M + H)⁺.

 $N-(3-\{1-[(3,4-$

DIMETHYLTHIENO[2,3-

B] THIEN-2-YL) METHYL] -4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) -2-

METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 3,4-dimethylthieno[2,3-b]thiophene-2-carbaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 427.1 (M + H) $^+$.

Example 216

5

 $2-METHYL-N-\{3-[1-(\{3-[4-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)PHENYL]-1H-$

- PYRAZOL-4-YL}METHYL)-4-PIPERIDINYL]PHENYL}PROPANAMIDE:

 Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 3-[4(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazole-4-carbaldehyde and
 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS

 m/e: 471.1 (M + H)⁺.
- 15 Example 217

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[4-(1H-1,2,4-TRIAZOL-1-YL)BENZYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 4-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)benzaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide:

20 ESMS m/e: 404.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 218

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(5-METHYL-1-PHENYL-1H-PYRAZOL-4-YL)METHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure F and Scheme R using 5-methyl-1-phenyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carbaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 417.1 (M + H).

30 Example 219

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[4-(4-MORPHOLINYL)-3-NITROBENZYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F, and Scheme R using 4-(4-morpholinyl)-3-nitrobenzaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 467.1 (M + H) $^{+}$.

Example 220

5 N-{3-[1-({5-[2-CHLORO-4-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)PHENYL]-2-FURYL}METHYL)-4-PIPERIDINYL]PHENYL}-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 5-[2-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2-furaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 505.0 (M + H)⁺.

Example 221

20 Example 222

25

FUROATE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using ethyl 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-formyl-3-furoate and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 509.0 (M + H)⁺.

Example 223

N-{3-[1-(2,3-DIHYDRO-1,4-BENZODIOXIN-6-YLMETHYL)-4
PIPERIDINYL]PHENYL}-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure F and Scheme R using 2,3-dihydro-1,4benzodioxine-6-carbaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 395.1 (M + H)+.

Example 224

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(6-PHENOXY-3-PYRIDINYL)METHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 6-phenoxynicotinaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 430.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 225

2-METHYL-N-[3-(1-{[5-(2-PYRIDINYL)-2-THIENYL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 5-(2-pyridinyl)-2-thiophenecarbaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 420.1 (M + H)⁺.

15

20

30

5

Example 226

 $2-\text{METHYL-}N-\left\{3-\left[1-\left(\left\{5-\left[1-\text{METHYL-}3-\left(\text{TRIFLUOROMETHYL}\right)-1H-\text{PYRAZOL-}5-\text{YL}\right]-2-\text{THIENYL}\right\}\text{METHYL}\right)-4- \right.$

PIPERIDINYL] PHENYL PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 5-[1-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]-2-thiophenecarbaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl) phenyl] propanamide: ESMS m/e: 491.0 (M + H)⁺.

25 Example 227

2-METHYL-N-[3-(1-{[1-(PHENYLSULFONYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 1-(phenylsulfonyl)-1H-indole-3-carbaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 516.1 (M + H)⁺.

N-(3-{1-[(1,5-DIMETHYL-3-OXO-2-PHENYL-2,3-DIHYDRO-1H-PYRAZOL-4-YL) METHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2
METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 1,5-dimethyl-3-oxo-2-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrazole-4-carbaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl) phenyl] propanamide: ESMS m/e: 447.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 229

5

20

N-(3-{1-[4-(4-TERT-BUTYL-1,3-THIAZOL-2-YL)BENZYL]-4
PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure F and Scheme R using 4-(4-tert-butyl-1,3-thiazol-2-yl)benzaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide.

N-{3-[1-(2,3-DIHYDRO-1-BENZOFURAN-5-YLMETHYL)-4PIPERIDINYL]PHENYL}-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 2,3-dihydro-1-benzofuran5-carbaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-

Example 231
2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(4-METHYL-2-PHENYL-5PYRIMIDINYL)METHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE:

piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 379.1 (M + H)+.

25 Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 4-methyl-2-phenyl-5-pyrimidinecarbaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 429.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 232

N-{3-[1-(2,1,3-BENZOTHIADIAZOL-5-YLMETHYL)-4PIPERIDINYL]PHENYL}-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure F and Scheme R using 2,1,3-benzothiadiazole-5-

carbaldehyde and 2-methyl- N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)] propanamide: ESMS m/e: 395.1 (M + H) $^{+}$.

Example 233

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(5-PHENYL-2-THIENYL)METHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 5-phenyl-2-thiophenecarbaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 419.1 (M + H)⁺.

10

Example 234

N-{3-[1-(3,4-DIHYDRO-2H-1,5-BENZODIOXEPIN-7-YLMETHYL)-4-PIPERIDINYL]PHENYL}-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 3,4-dihydro-2H-1,5-benzodioxepine-7-carbaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 409.2 (M + H).

Example 235

2-METHYL-N-[3-(1-{[3-(2-THIENYL)-1H-PYRAZOL-4-YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 3-(2-thienyl)-1H-pyrazole-4-carbaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 409.1 (M + H)⁺.

25

30

15

Example 236

N-{3-[1-([1,1'-BITHIENYL]-4-YLMETHYL)-4
PIPERIDINYL] PHENYL}-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure F and Scheme R using 2,2'-Bithiophene-5
carboxaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4
piperidinyl) phenyl] propanamide: ESMS m/e: 425.0 (M + H)⁺.

 $N-(3-\{1-[(2,2-DIMETHYL-$

3,4-DIHYDRO-2H-CHROMEN-6-

YL) METHYL] -4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) -2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 2,2-dimethyl-6-chromanecarbaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 421.2 (M + H) $^{+}$.

Example 238

 $2-METHYL-N-{3-[1-({5-[1-METHYL-5-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)-1}H-PYRAZOL-3-YL]-2-THIENYL}METHYL)-4-$

piperidinyl] phenyl] propanamide: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 5-[1-methyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-3-yl]-2-thiophenecarbaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl) phenyl] propanamide: ESMS m/e: 491.1 (M + H).

15

20

5

Example 239

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(2-PHENYL-1,3-THIAZOL-4-YL)METHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 2-phenyl-1,3-thiazole-4-carbaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 420.0 (M + H)⁺.

Example 240

 $2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(3-PHENOXY-2-THIENYL)METHYL]-4-}$

PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 3-phenoxy-2-thiophenecarbaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl) phenyl] propanamide: ESMS m/e: 435.0 (M + H)⁺.

30 Example 241

N-{3-[1-({2-[(4-CHLOROPHENYL)SULFANYL]-3-THIENYL}METHYL)-4-PIPERIDINYL]PHENYL}-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 2-[(4- chlorophenyl)sulfanyl]-3-thiophenecarbaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 485.0 (M + H) $^{+}$.

5 Example 242

10

25

N-[3-(1-{[1-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-1H-PYRROL-2-YL]METHYL}-4PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure F and Scheme R using 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-1Hpyrrole-2-carbaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 436.0 (M + H)⁺.

Example 243

2-METHYL-N-{3-[1-({5-[2-(TRIFLUOROMETHOXY) PHENYL]-2-FURYL}METHYL)-4-PIPERIDINYL] PHENYL}PROPANAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 5-[2-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]-2-furaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 487.1 (M + H) $^+$.

20 Example 244

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[2-(4-MORPHOLINYL)BENZYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F
and Scheme R using 2-(4-morpholinyl)benzaldehyde and 2methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS
m/e: 422.2(M + H)⁺.

Example 245

N-[3-(1-{[3-(4-METHOXYPHENYL)-1H-PYRAZOL-4-YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure F and Scheme R using 3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-pyrazole-4-carbaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 433.1 (M, + H).

5

20

25

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[4-(1H-PYRAZOL-1-YL)BENZYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 4-(1H-pyrazol-1-yl)benzaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 402.8 (M + H)⁺.

Example 247

 $2-METHYL-N-{3-[1-(4-QUINOLINYLMETHYL)-4-$

piperidinyL] PhenyL } Propanamide: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 4-quinolinecarbaldehyde and 2-methylN-[3-(4-piperidinyl) phenyl] propanamide: ESMS m/e: 388.1
(M + H)⁺.

15 Example 248

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[4-(4-MORPHOLINYL)BENZYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F
and Scheme R using 4-(4-morpholinyl)benzaldehyde and 2methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e:
422.5 (M + H)⁺.

Example 249

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[4-(2-THIENYL)BENZYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F
and Scheme R using 4-(2-thienyl)benzaldehyde and 2methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e:
419.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 250

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(2-METHYL-5-PHENYL-3-FURYL)METHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 2-methyl-5-phenyl-3-furaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 417.2 (M + H)⁺.

N-(3-{1-[3-(CYCLOPENTYLOXY)-4-METHOXYBENZYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure F and Scheme R using 3-(cyclopentyloxy)-4methoxybenzaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 451.1 (M +
H)⁺.

10 Example 252

5

15

30

2-METHYL-N-{3-[1-({5-[4-(TRIFLUOROMETHOXY) PHENYL]-2-FURYL}METHYL)-4-PIPERIDINYL] PHENYL}PROPANAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 5-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]-2-furaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 487.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 253

N-{3-[1-(1-BENZOTHIEN-2-YLMETHYL)-4-PIPERIDINYL]PHENYL}20 2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme
R using 1-benzothiophene-2-carbaldehyde and 2-methyl-N[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 393.2 (M + H)*.

25 Example 254

2-METHYL-N-{3-[1-({5-[3-(TRIFLUOROMETHOXY)PHENYL}-2-FURYL}METHYL)-4-PIPERIDINYL]PHENYL}PROPANAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 5-[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]-2-furaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 487.2 (M + H).

Example 255

2-METHYL-N- $\{3-[1-(2-QUINOLINYLMETHYL)-4-PIPERIDINYL\}$ PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 2-quinolinecarbaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)] phenyl[3-(4-piperidinyl)] propanamide: ESMS m/e: 388.1 $(M+H)^+$.

Example 256

5

N-(3-{1-[4-(1H-IMIDAZOL-1-YL)BENZYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure F and Scheme R using 4-(1H-imidazol-1yl)benzaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 403.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 257

- N-{3-[1-(9H-FLUOREN-2-YLMETHYL)-4-PIPERIDINYL] PHENYL}-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 9H-fluorene-2-carbaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl] propanamide: ESMS m/e: 425.1 (M + H)⁺.

 Example 258
- 20 METHYL 3-[5-({4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO)PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}METHYL)-2-FURYL]-2-THIOPHENECARBOXYLATE:

 Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using methyl 3-(5-formyl-2-furyl)-2-thiophenecarboxylate and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 467.1 (M + H)*.

Example 259

30

 $2-METHYL-N-{3-[1-(4-PHENOXYBENZYL)-4-$

PIPERIDINYL] PHENYL PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 4-phenoxybenzaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl) phenyl] propanamide: ESMS m/e: 429.2 (M + H)⁺.

N-{3-[1-([1,1'-BIPHENYL]-4-YLMETHYL)-4PIPERIDINYL]PHENYL}-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure F and Scheme R using [1,1'-biphenyl]-4carbaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 413.2 (M +
H)⁺.

Example 261

5

- N-(3-{1-[4-(DIBUTYLAMINO)BENZYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme
 R using 4-(dibutylamino)benzaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 464.6 (M +
 H).
- 15 Example 262
 2-METHYL-N-[3-(1-{4-[(4-METHYLPHENYL)SULFANYL]-3NITROBENZYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]PROPANAMIDE: Prepared
 by Procedure F and Scheme R using 4-[(4methylphenyl)sulfanyl]-3-nitrobenzaldehyde and 2-methyl20 N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/:e 504.2
 (M + H)*.

Example 263

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[4-(1,2,3-THIADIAZOL-4-YL)BENZYL]-4
PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure F and Scheme R using 4-(1,2,3-thiadiazol-4-yl) benzaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl] propanamide: ESMS m/e: 421.1 (M + H)⁺.

1-(3-{[(1s)-3-CHLORO-1-PHENYLPROPYL]OXY}PHENYL)ETHANONE:
(1R)-3-Chloro-1-phenyl-1-propanol (1.000 g, 5.86 mmol),
1-(3-hydroxyphenyl)ethanone (0.797 g, 5.86 mmol),
triphenylphosphine (1.54 g, 5.86 mmol) and

(1.53 g, 8.79 mmol) were diethylazodicarboxylate combined in a flask, which was immediately flushed with (20 mL) was added and the mixture was stirred overnight under argon. THF was removed in vacuo, the crude product was dissolved in 50 mL of CH_2Cl_2/H_2O (1:1) and the organic layer was separated and dried over MgSO4. After removing the solvent in vacuo, the residue was purified by flash chromatography using 10 % ethyl acetate/hexane to yield the desired product (900 mg, 76.0 %): ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.49-7.46 (m, 2H), 7.40-7.26 (m, 6H), 7.07-7.04 (m, 1H), (dd, 1H, J = 4.4 Hz, 8.8 Hz), 3.84-3.78 (m, 1H), 3.64-3.59 (m, 1H), 2.52 (s, 3H), 2.51-2.46 (m, 1H), 2.29-2.22 (m, 1H).

15

20

25

30

10

5

4-(3,4-DIFLUOROPHENOXY) BENZALDEHYDE:

49.6 mmol),: (5.32 mL, Fluorobenzaldehyde difluorophenol (7.10 g, 54.6 mmol) and K_2CO_3 (8.31 g, mmol) were combined in a flask, which immediately flushed with argon. DMF (50.0 mL) was added and the mixture was heated at reflux under argon for 6 Upon cooling to room temperature, EtOAc (100 mL) and $H_{2}O$ (100 mL) were added; the ethyl acetate layer was separated and washed with H_2O (2 X 100 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over MgSO4, and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The desired product was obtained (11.4 g, 98.0 %): 1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 9.95 (s, 1H), 7.88 (dd, 2H, J = 0.8 Hz, 8.8 Hz), 7.24-7.17 (m, 1H), 7.07 (d, 2H, J = 8.8 Hz), 6.97-6.92(m, 1H), 6.86-6.82 (m, 1H); ESMS m/e: 235.0 $(M + H)^+$.

TERT-BUTYL 4-(4,4,5,5-TETRAMETHYL-1,3,2-DIOXABOROLAN-2-YL)-3,6-DIHYDRO-1(2H)-PYRIDINECARBOXYLATE: To a flask

bis (pinacolato) diboron added were (422 mg, 1.66 mmol), KOAc (444 mg, 4.53 mmol), $PdCl_2dppf$ (37.0 mg, 3.00 mol%), dppf (25.0 mg, 3.00 mol%) and the flask was flushed with argon. A solution of tert-butyl 4-{[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]oxy}-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-1-5 pyridinecarboxylate (500 mg, 1.51 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (10.0 ml) was added and the mixture was stirred at 80 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ overnight. The mixture was filtered through Celite and the filtrate was evaporated in vacuo. The resulting residue was dissolved in EtOAc and washed with H_2O , 10 The organic layer was dried over followed by brine. MqSO4, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography EtOAC/hexane) to give tert-butyl 4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-15 pyridinecarboxylate (355 mg, 76.0%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 6.44 (br s, 1H), 3.93 (br s, 2H), 3.42 (br s, 2H), 2.21 (br s, 2H), 1.45 (s, 9H), 1.25 (s, 12H); ESMS $m/e: 310.4 (M + H)^{+}$.

- N-(6-BROMO-2-PYRIDINYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure Q1 using 2-methylpropanoyl chloride and 6-bromo-2-pyridinamine: ESMS m/e: 242.8 (M + H) $^+$.
- TERT-BUTYL 4-[6-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO)-2-PYRIDINYL]-3,6DIHYDRO-1(2H)-PYRIDINECARBOXYLATE: Prepared by
 Procedure W and Scheme AF using N-(6-bromo-2-pyridinyl)2-methylpropanamide and tert-butyl 4-(4,4,5,5tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)pyridinecarboxylate: ESMS m/e: 245.8 (M 100)+.
 - 2-METHYL-N-[6-(4-PIPERIDINYL)-2-PYRIDINYL] PROPANAMIDE: ...
 Prepared by Procedures X and Y, Schemes AG and AH,

respectively using tert- butyl 4-[6-(isobutyrylamino)-2-pyridinyl]-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinecarboxylate: ESMS m/e: 248.1 (M + H) $^{+}$.

5 Example 264

N-(6-{1-[4-(3,4-DIMETHYLPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}-2-PYRIDINYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared
by Procedure G and Scheme AI using 4-chloro-1-(3,4dimethylphenyl)-1-butanone and 2-methyl-N-[6-(4piperidinyl)-2-pyridinyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 422.1 (M
+ H)⁺.

Example 265

N-(6-{1-[4,4-BIS(4-FLUOROPHENYL)BUTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}-2
PYRIDINYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure G

and Scheme AI using 1-[4-chloro-1-(4-fluorophenyl)butyl]-4-fluorobenzene and 2-methyl-N-[6-(4-piperidinyl)-2-pyridinyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 492.2

(M + H)⁺.

20

25

10

Example 266

N-(6-{1-[4-(3,4-DIFLUOROPHENOXY)BENZYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}2-PYRIDINYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure

AA and Scheme AJ using 4-(3,4difluorophenoxy)benzaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[6-(4piperidinyl)-2-pyridinyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 466.0 (M
+ H)⁺.

N-(3-BROMO-4-METHYLPHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure Q1 using 2-methylpropanoyl chloride and 3-bromo-4-methylaniline: ESMS m/e: 255.9 (M + H).

TERT-BUTYL

4 - [5 -

(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) -2-

METHYLPHENYL] -3,6-DIHYDRO-1(2H)-PYRIDINECARBOXYLATE:

Prepared by Procedure W and Scheme AF using N-(3-bromo-4-methylphenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and tert-butyl 4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinecarboxylate: ESMS <math>m/e: 259.1 (M - 100) $^{+}$.

2-METHYL-N-[4-METHYL-3-(4-

PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL] PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedures X and Y, Schemes AG and AH, respectively using tert-butyl 4-[5-(isobutyrylamino)-2-methylphenyl]-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinecarboxylate: ESMS m/e: 261.0 (M + H).

15

5

Example 267

N-(3-{1-[4-(3,4-DIFLUOROPHENOXY)BENZYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}4-METHYLPHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE; Prepared by
Procedure AA and Scheme AJ using 4-(3,4difluorophenoxy)benzaldehyde and using 2-methyl-N-[4methyl-3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e:
479.1 (M + H)*

N-(5-BROMO-2-METHYLPHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

25 Prepared by Procedure Q1 using 2-methylpropanoyl chloride and 5-bromo-2-methylaniline: ESMS m/e: 255.9 (M + H).

4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO)-4-METHYLPHENYL]-3,6-TERT-BUTYL DIHYDRO-1(2H)-PYRIDINECARBOXYLATE: Prepared 30 N-(5-bromo-2-AF using Procedure W and Scheme tert-butyl .4methylphenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and (4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-3,6dihydro-1(2H)- pyridinecarboxylate: ESMS m/e: 259.1 (M - 100) $^{+}$.

2-METHYL-N-[2-METHYL-5-(4-

propertional properties of the properties of the

10

Example 268

N-(5-{1-[(9-ETHYL-9H-CARBAZOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}-2-METHYLPHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure AA and Scheme AJ using 9-ethyl-9H-carbazole-3-carbaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[2-methyl-5-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 468.1 (M + H) $^+$.

Example 269

N-(5-{1-[4-(3,4-DIFLUOROPHENOXY)BENZYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}20 2-METHYLPHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure AA and Scheme AJ using 4-(3,4-difluorophenoxy)benzaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[2-methyl-5-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 479.2 (M + H).

25

30

Example 270

N-(3-{1-[(9-ETHYL-9H-CARBAZOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}-4-METHYLPHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure AA and Scheme AJ using 9-ethyl-9H-carbazole-3-carbaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[4-methyl-3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 468.1 (M + H) $^+$.

5

2-METHYL-N-[2-METHYL-5-(4-

piperidinyL) phenyL] propanamide: Prepared by Procedure G and Scheme AI using 1-[4-chloro-1-(4-fluorophenyl) butyl]-4-fluorobenzene and 2-methyl-N-[2-methyl-5-(4-piperidinyl) phenyl] propanamide: ESMS m/e: 505.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 272

N-(3-{1-[(3s)-3-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}-4-METHYLPHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure G and Scheme AI using 1-(3-{[(1s)-3-chloro-1-phenylpropyl]oxy}phenyl)ethanone and 2-methyl-N-[4-methyl-3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide:

ESMS m/e: 513.0 (M + H)⁺.

Example 273

 $N-(5-\{1-[(3s)-3-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL\}-2-METHYLPHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:$

- Prepared by Procedure G and Scheme AI using 1-(3-{[(1s)-3-chloro-1-phenylpropyl]oxy}phenyl)ethanone and 2-methyl-N-[2-methyl-5-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide:

 ESMS m/e: 512.9 (M + H)⁺.
- N-(2-IODOPHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure Q1 using 2-methylpropanoyl chloride and 2-iodoaniline: ESMS m/e: 289.9 (M + H).
- TERT-BUTYL 4-[2-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL]-3,6-DIHYDRO
 1(2H)-PYRIDINECARBOXYLATE: Prepared by Procedure W and Scheme AF using N-(2-iodophenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and tert-butyl 4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-

yl)-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)- pyridinecarboxylate: ESMS m/e: 245.1 (M - 100) $^{+}$.

2-METHYL-N-[2-(4-PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL] PROPANAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedures X and Y, Schemes AG and AH, respectively using tert-butyl 4-[2-(isobutyrylamino)phenyl]-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinecarboxylate: ESMS m/e: 247.1 (M + H)⁺.

10 Example 274

15

30

N-(2-{1-[(9-ETHYL-9H-CARBAZOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4
PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure AA and Scheme AJ using 9-ethyl-9H-carbazole-3
carbaldehyde and 2-methyl-N-[2-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 454.1 (M + H)*.

Example 275

N-(3-{1-[4,4-BIS(4-FLUOROPHENYL)BUTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}-4-METHYLPHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure G and Scheme AI using 1-[4-chloro-1-(4-fluorophenyl)butyl]-4-fluorobenzene and 2-methyl-N-[4-methyl-3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e:

505.0 (M + H)*.

25 **Example 276**

N-(2-{1-[4,4-BIS(4-FLUOROPHENYL)BUTYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure G and Scheme AI using 1-[4-chloro-1-(4fluorophenyl)butyl]-4-fluorobenzene and 2-methyl-N-[2(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 490.9 (M +
H)⁺.

N-[2-BROMO-4-

(TRIFLUOROMETHOXY) PHENYL] -

2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure Q1 using 2-methylpropanoyl chloride and 2-bromo-4-(trifluoromethoxy)aniline: ESMS m/e: 325.9 (M + H)⁺.

5

10

TERT-BUTYL 4-[2-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO)-5-(TRIFLUOROMETHOXY) PHENYL]-3,6-DIHYDRO-1(2H)-

PYRIDINECARBOXYLATE: Prepared by Procedure W and Scheme AF using N-[2-bromo-4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]-2-methylpropanamide and tert-butyl 4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinecarboxylate: ESMS m/e: $329.0 (M - 100)^+$.

2-METHYL-N-[2-(4-PIPERIDINYL)-4-

15 (TRIFLUOROMETHOXY) PHENYL] PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedures X and Y, Schemes AG and AH, respectively using tert-butyl 4-[2-(isobutyrylamino)-5-(trifluoromethoxy) phenyl]-3,6-dihydro-1(2H)-pyridinecarboxylate: ESMS m/e: 330.9 (M + H)⁺.

20

25

Example 277

N-[2-{1-[4,4-BIS(4-FLUOROPHENYL)BUTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}-4-(TRIFLUOROMETHOXY)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure G and Scheme AI using 1-[4-chloro-1-(4-fluorophenyl)butyl]-4-fluorobenzene and 2-methyl-N-[2-(4-piperidinyl)-4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 574.8 (M + H)⁺.

303 4-PIPERIDINYL] PHENYL}-2- $N-\{3-[1-(4-HYDROXYBUTYL)-$ Prepared by Procedure G and Scheme METHYLPROPANAMIDE: 2-methyl-*N*-[3-(4-4-chloro-1-butanol and piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 319.3 (M + H) $^{+}$. $N-\{3-[1-(5-HYDROXYPENTYL)-4-PIPERIDINYL]PHENYL\}-2-$ Prepared by Procedure G and Scheme METHYLPROPANAMIDE: 2-methyl-N-[3-(4using 5-chloro-1-pentanol and piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 333.3 (M + H)⁺. $N-\{3-[1-(6-HYDROXYHEXYL)-4-PIPERIDINYL]PHENYL\}-2-$ Prepared by Procedure G and Scheme METHYLPROPANAMIDE: 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-6-chloro-1-hexanol and using B1 piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 347.3 (M + H)*. N-{3-[1-(3-HYDROXYPROPYL)-4-PIPERIDINYL]PHENYL}-2-Prepared by Procedure G and Scheme METHYLPROPANAMIDE: 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-3-chloro-1-propanol aņd using piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 305.3 (M + H)⁺. $N-(3-\{1-[(2S)-2-HYDROXY-2-PHENYLETHYL]-4-$ PIPERIDINYL } PHENYL) - 2 - METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by using (1S) -2-chloro-1and Scheme B1 G Procedure 2-methyl-N-[3-(4phenylethanol and piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 367.2 (M + H)⁺. $N-(3-\{1-\{(2R)-2-HYDROXY-2-PHENYLETHYL\}\}-4-$ PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) - 2 - METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

5

10

15 .

20

25

Prepared by Procedure G and Scheme B1 using (1R)-2
chloro-1-phenylethanol and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 367.2 (M + H)⁺.

N-(3-{1-[(2S)-3-HYDROXY-2-METHYLPROPYL]-4piperidinyl}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure G and Scheme B1 using (2R)-3-chloro-2-methyl-1-propanol and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 319.2 (M + H) $^{+}$.

N-(3-{1-[(2R)-3-HYDROXY-2-METHYLPROPYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure G and Scheme B1 using (2S)-3-chloro-2-methyl1-propanol and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 319.2 (M + H)*.

10

15

Example 278

N-(3-{1-[(3R)-3-HYDROXY-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) CYCLOPROPANECARBOXAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure G and Scheme B1 using (1R)-3-chloro-1-phenyl-1-propanol and N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxamide: ESMS m/e: 379.2 $(M + H)^+$.

Example 279

N-{3-[1-(4-HYDROXY-4-PHENYLBUTYL)-4-PIPERIDINYL]PHENYL}2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure L and Scheme
AN, Step 1 using 2-methyl-N-{3-[1-(4-oxo-4-phenylbutyl)4-piperidinyl]phenyl}propanamide: Anal. Calcd for
C25H34N2O2+0.08CHCl₃: C, 74.5; H, 8.50; N, 6.93. Found:
C, 74.5; H, 8.63; N, 6.81; ESMS m/e: 395.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 280

N-{3-[1-(5-HYDROXY-5-PHENYLPENTYL)-4PIPERIDINYL]PHENYL}-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure L and Scheme AN, Step 1 using 2-methyl-N-{3[1-(5-oxo-5-phenylpentyl)-4piperidinyl]phenyl}propanamide: Anal. Calcd for

C26H36N2O2+0.25CHCl₃: C, 71.9; H, 8.33; N, 6.39. Found: C, 71.3; H, 8.96; N, 6.86; ESMS m/e: 409.2 (M + H)⁺.

5 Example 281

10

25

N-{3-[1-(6-HYDROXY-6-PHENYLHEXYL)-4-PIPERIDINYL]PHENYL}2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure L and Scheme
AN, Step 1 using 2-methyl-N-{3-[1-(6-oxo-6-phenylhexyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}propanamide: Anal. Calcd for C27H38N2O2+0.1CHCl₃: C, 75.5; H, 8.93; N, 6.50. Found: C, 75.3; H, 8.52; N, 6.00; ESMS m/e: 423.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 282

 $N-\{3-[1-(7-HYDROXY-7-PHENYLHEPTYL)-4-$

Prepared by Procedure L and Scheme AN, Step 1 using 2-methyl-N-{3-[1-(7-oxo-7-phenylheptyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}propanamide: Anal. Calcd for C28H40N2O2+0.1CHCl3: C, 75.8; H, 9.10; N, 6.29. Found: C, 75.1; H, 9.24; N, 6.51; ESMS m/e: 437.1 (M + H).

Example 283

N-(3-{1-[4-(4-FLUOROPHENYL)-4-HYDROXYBUTYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure L and Scheme AN, Step 1 using N-(3-{1-[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-oxobutyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2methylpropanamide: ESMS m/e: 413.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 284

4-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO)PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}-1PHENYLBUTYL
3-(2,6-DICHLOROPHENYL)-5-METHYL-4ISOXAZOLECARBOXYLATE: Prepared by Procedure Q1 and
Scheme C2 (TEA) using N-{3-[1-(4-hydroxy-4-phenylbutyl)-

4-piperidinyl]phenyl}-2- methylpropanamide and 3-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)-5-methyl-4-isoxazolecarbonyl chloride: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.56 (m, 1H), 7.47 (m, 2H), 7.44-7.39 (m, 3H), 7.25 (m, 2H), 7.09 (s, 1H), 7.03 (m, 2H), 6.95 (m, 1H), 6.83 (m, 1H), 5.75 (t, 1H, J = 7.1 Hz), 3.03 (t, 2H, J = 7.2 Hz), 2.93 (m, 2H), 2.78 (s, 3H), 2.48 (m, 3H), 2.25 (m, 2H), 1.48 (m, 3H), 1.77 (m, 2H), 1.54 (m, 2H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J = 7.3 Hz); ESMS m/e: 647.7 (M + H)⁺.

10

5

Example 285

4-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO)PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}-1-(4-FLUOROPHENYL) ACETATE: Prepared PHENYLBUTYL (TEA) using $N-\{3-[1-(4-$ Procedure Q1 and Scheme C2 hydroxy-4-phenylbutyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}-2-15 methylpropanamide and (4-fluorophenyl)acetyl chloride: 1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.45 (s, 1H), 7.34-7.19 (m; 8H), 7.11 (m, 1H), 6.98 (m, 3H), 5.75 (t, 1H, J = 6.8 Hz), 3.61 (s, 2H), 2.92 (d, 2H, J = 8.1 Hz), 2.48 (m, 2.31 (m, 2H), 1.99-1.84 (m, 4H), 1.84-1.67 20 1.55-1.35 (m, 2H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J = 6.9 Hz); ESMS m/e: $531.1 (M + H)^{+}$.

Example 286

3-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}PROPYL

(4-FLUOROPHENYL) ACETATE: Prepared by Procedure Q1 and
Scheme C2 (TEA) using N-{3-[1-(3-hydroxypropyl)-4-piperidinyl] phenyl}-2-methylpropanamide and (4-fluorophenyl) acetyl chloride: ESMS m/e: 441.3 (M + H)⁺.

30

Example 287

3-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}PROPYL 3-(2-CHLORO-6-FLUOROPHENYL)-5-METHYL-4-

Prepared by Procedure Q1 ISOXAZOLECARBOXYLATE: and Scheme C2 (TEA) using $N-\{3-[1-(3-hydroxypropy1)-4$ piperidinyl]phenyl}-2-methylpropanamide and 3-(2-chloro-6-fluorophenyl)-5-methyl-4-isoxazolecarbonyl chloride: ESMS m/e: 542.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 288

- 3-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}PROPYL 3-(2,6-DICHLOROPHENYL)-5-METHYL-4-ISOXAZOLECARBOXYLATE:
- Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme C2 (TEA) using N-{3-10 [1-(3-hydroxypropyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}-2methylpropanamide and 3-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)-5-methyl-4isoxazolecarbonyl chloride: ESMS m/e: 558.2 (M + H).
- Example 289 15

5

25

- 3-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO)PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}PROPYL 3-(2-CHLOROPHENYL) -5-METHYL-4-ISOXAZOLECARBOXYLATE: ... Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme C2 (TEA) using $N-\{3-1\}$ [1-(3-hydroxypropyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}-2-
- 3-(2-chlorophenyl)-5-methyl-4and 20 methylpropanamide isoxazolecarbonyl chloride: ESMS m/e: 524.2 (M + H).

Example 290

 $(1S) - 3 - \{4 - [3 - (ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL] - 1 - PIPERIDINYL\} - 1 -$ 3-(2,6-DICHLOROPHENYL)-5-METHYL-4-PHENYLPROPYL

Prepared by Procedure Q1 ISOXAZOLECARBOXYLATE: $N = (3 - \{1 - \{(3S) - 3 - \text{hydroxy} -$ C2 (TEA) using Scheme phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide 3-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)-5-methyl-4-isoxazolecarbonyl chloride: ESMS m/e: 633.6 (M + H)⁺.

5

10

25

4-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}BUTYL 3-(2-CHLORO-6-FLUOROPHENYL)-5-METHYL-4-

ISOXAZOLECARBOXYLATE: Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme C2 (TEA) using N-{3-[1-(4-hydroxybuty1)-4-piperidiny1]pheny1}-2-methylpropanamide and 3-(2-chloro-6-fluoropheny1)-5-methyl-4-isoxazolecarbonyl chloride: Anal. Calcd for C30H35ClFN3O4+CH₂Cl₂: C, 63.3; H, 6.23; N, 7.33. Found: C, 63.0; H, 6.39; N, 7.03; ESMS m/e: 556.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 292

4-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}BUTYL 3-(2-CHLOROPHENYL)-5-METHYL-4-ISOXAZOLECARBOXYLATE:

Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme C2 (TEA) using N-{3-[1-(4-hydroxybutyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}-2-methylpropanamide and 3-(2-chlorophenyl)-5-methyl-4-isoxazolecarbonyl chloride: ESMS m/e: 538.2 (M + H)⁺.

20 **Example 293**

3-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}PROPYL 5-METHYL-3-PHENYL-4-ISOXAZOLECARBOXYLATE: Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme C2 (TEA) using N-{3-[1-(3-hydroxypropyl)-4-piperidinyl] phenyl}-2-methylpropanamide and 5-methyl-3-phenyl-4-isoxazolecarbonyl chloride: ESMS m/e: 490.3 (M + H)⁺.

Example 294

4-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO)PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}BUTYL 3
(2,6-DICHLOROPHENYL)-5-METHYL-4-ISOXAZOLECARBOXYLATE:

Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme C2 (TEA) using N-{3[1-(4-hydroxybutyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}-2-

methylpropanamide and 3- (2,6-dichlorophenyl)-5-methyl-4-isoxazolecarbonyl chloride: ESMS <math>m/e: 572.2 (M + H) $^+$.

5 Example 295

4-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}-1PHENYLBUTYL 3-(2-CHLORO-6-FLUOROPHENYL)-5-METHYL-4ISOXAZOLECARBOXYLATE: Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme C2 (TEA) using N-{3-[1-(4-hydroxy-4-phenylbutyl)-4-piperidinyl] phenyl}-2-methylpropanamide and 3-(2-chloro-6-fluorophenyl)-5-methyl-4-isoxazolecarbonyl chloride: Anal. Calcd for C36H39ClFN3O4+0.54CHCl3: C, 63.0; H, 5.72; N, 6.03. Found: C, 63.0; H, 5.54; N, 6.05; ESMS m/e: 632.2 (M + H)⁺.

15

20

10

Example 296

4-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}BUTYL 5-METHYL-3-PHENYL-4-ISOXAZOLECARBOXYLATE: Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme C2 (TEA) using N-{3-[1-(4-hydroxybutyl)-4-piperidinyl] phenyl}-2-methylpropanamide and 5-methyl-3-phenyl-4-isoxazolecarbonyl chloride: ESMS m/e: 504.3 (M + H)⁺.

Example 297

6-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO)PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}HEXYL 3-(2,6-DICHLOROPHENYL)-5-METHYL-4-ISOXAZOLECARBOXYLATE:

Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme C2 (TEA) using N-{3-[1-(6-hydroxyhexyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}-2
methylpropanamide and 3-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)-5-methyl-4
isoxazolecarbonyl chloride: ESMS m/e: 600.0 (M + H)⁺.

6-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}HEXYL 5-METHYL-3-PHENYL-4-ISOXAZOLECARBOXYLATE: Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme C2 (TEA) using N-{3-[1-(6-hydroxyhexyl)-4-piperidinyl] phenyl}-2-methylpropanamide and 5-methyl-3-phenyl-4-isoxazolecarbonyl chloride: ESMS m/e: 532.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 299

4-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO)PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}BUTYL (4-FLUOROPHENYL)ACETATE: Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme C2 (TEA) using N-{3-[1-(4-hydroxybutyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}-2-methylpropanamide and (4-fluorophenyl)acetyl chloride: ESMS m/e: 455.3 (M + H)⁺.

15

20

30

5

Example 300

4-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}-1-:

PHENYLBUTYL

3-(2-CHLOROPHENYL)-5-METHYL-4
ISOXAZOLECARBOXYLATE: Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme C2 (TEA) using N-{3-[1-(4-hydroxy-4-phenylbutyl)-4-piperidinyl] phenyl}-2-methylpropanamide and 3-(2-chlorophenyl)-5-methyl-4-isoxazolecarbonyl chloride:

ESMS m/e: 614.2 (M + H)*.

25 Example 301

4-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}-1PHENYLBUTYL 5-METHYL-3-PHENYL-4-ISOXAZOLECARBOXYLATE:
Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme C2 (TEA) using N-{3-[1-(4-hydroxy-4-phenylbutyl)-4-piperidinyl] phenyl}-2methylpropanamide and 5-methyl-3-phenyl-4isoxazolecarbonyl chloride: ESMS m/e: 580.0 (M + H)⁺.

(1S)-3-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}-1-PHENYLPROPYL (4-FLUOROPHENYL) ACETATE: Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme C2 (TEA) using N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and (4-fluorophenyl) acetyl chloride: Anal. Calcd for C32H37FN2O3+0.07CHCl₃: C, 73.4; H, 7.12; N, 5.34. Found: C, 73.4; H, 6.96; N, 5.14; ESMS m/e: 517.1 (M + H)*.

10

15

5

Example 303

N-((15)-3-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}1-PHENYLPROPYL) BENZAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme AC using N-(3-{1-[(35)-3-amino-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and benzoyl chloride: Anal. Calcd for C31H37N3O2+0.55CHCl₃: C, 69.0; H, 6.89; N, 7.65. Found: C, 69.7; H, 6.73; N, :6.03; ESMS m/e: 484.4 (M + H)⁺.

20

30

Example 304

N-[3-(1-{(3S)-3-[(DIPHENYLACETYL)AMINO]-3-PHENYLPROPYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme AC using N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-amino-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-

methylpropanamide and diphenylacetyl chloride: ESMS m/e: 574.3 (M + H) $^{+}$.

Example 305

3-CHLORO-N-((1S)-3-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO)PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}-1-PHENYLPROPYL)BENZAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme AC using N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-amino-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-

methylpropanamide and 3- chlorobenzoyl chloride: ESMS m/e: 518.3 $(M + H)^+$.

Example 306

3,5-DICHLORO-N-((1S)-3-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1-PHENYLPROPYL)BENZAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme AC using N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-amino-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 3,5-dichlorobenzoyl chloride: ESMS m/e: 552.3 (M + H)⁺.

Example 307

2-(ETHYLSULFANYL)-N-((1S)-3-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}-1
PHENYLPROPYL) NICOTINAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme AC using N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-amino-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and . 2-(ethylsulfanyl)nicotinoyl chloride: ESMS m/e: 545.3 (M +

20

25

H) -.

15

Example 308

N-((1S)-3-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}1-PHENYLPROPYL) [1,1'-BIPHENYL]-4-CARBOXAMIDE: Prepared
by Procedure Q1 and Scheme AC using N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-amino-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2methylpropanamide and [1,1'-biphenyl]-4-carbonyl
chloride: ESMS m/e: 560.3 (M + H)⁺.

Example 309

N-((1S)-3-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}1-PHENYLPROPYL)-2-PYRIDINECARBOXAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure Q1 and Scheme AC using N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-amino3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-

methylpropanamide and 2- pyridinecarbonyl chloride: ESMS m/e: 484.6 (M + H) $^+$.

Example 310

N-((1S)-3-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO)PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}1-PHENYLPROPYL)-2-METHOXYBENZAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure Q1 and Scheme AC using N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-amino-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2methylpropanamide and 2-methoxybenzoyl chloride: ESMS

m/e: 514.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 311

15

 $N-((1S)-3-\{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO)PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL\}-1-PHENYLPROPYL)-1-NAPHTHAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme AC using <math>N-(3-\{1-[(3S)-3-amino-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl\}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 1-naphthoyl chloride: ESMS <math>m/e$: 533.7 (M + H) $^+$.:

Example 312

2,4-DIFLUORO-N-((1S)-3-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO)PHENYL]-1-PHENYLPROPYL)BENZAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme AC using N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-amino-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 2,4-difluorobenzoyl chloride: ESMS m/e: 520.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 313

3-(2-CHLORO-6-FLUOROPHENYL)-N-((1S)-3-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO)PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}-1-PHENYLPROPYL)
5-METHYL-4-ISOXAZOLECARBOXAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure
Q1 and Scheme AC using N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-amino-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide.

and 3-(2-chloro-6- fluorophenyl)-5-methyl-4-isoxazolecarbonyl chloride: ESMS m/e: 617.2 (M + H).

Example 314

5

10

20

25

3-CHLORO-N-((1s)-3-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO)PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}-1-PHENYLPROPYL)-2-THIOPHENECARBOXAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme AC using N-(3-{1-[(3s)-3-amino-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 3-chloro-2-thiophenecarbonyl chloride: ESMS m/e: 524.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 315

N-((1s)-3-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}1-PHENYLPROPYL)-2-PHENOXYNICOTINAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure Q1 and Scheme AC using N-(3-{1-[(3s)-3-amino-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2methylpropanamide and 2-phenoxynicotinoyl chloride: ESMS
m/e: 577.3 (M + H)⁺.

Example 316

1-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-N-((1S)-3-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO)PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}-1-PHENYLPROPYL)3-PROPYL-1H-PYRAZOLE-4-CARBOXAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure Q1 and Scheme AC using N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-amino-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2methylpropanamide and 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-propyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carbonyl chloride: ESMS m/e: 626.3 (M + H)*.

Example 317

4-CHLORO-N-((1s)-3-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO)PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}-1-PHENYLPROPYL)-1,3-DIMETHYL-1H-PYRAZOLO[3,4-B]PYRIDINE-5-CARBOXAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme AC using N-(3-{1-[(3s)-3-amino-

3-phenylpropyl]-4- piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 4-chloro-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine-5-carbonyl chloride: ESMS m/e: 587.3 (M + H)⁺.

5

10

20

25

30

Example 318

5-(3,5-DICHLOROPHENOXY) -N-((1S)-3-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}-1-PHENYLPROPYL)
1H-PYRROLE-2-CARBOXAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme AC using N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-amino-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 5-(3,5-dichlorophenoxy)-1H-pyrrole-2-carbonyl chloride: ESMS m/e: 634.2 (M + H)⁺.

15 Example 319

 $N-((1S)-3-\{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL\}-1-PHENYLPROPYL) NICOTINAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme AC using <math>N-(3-\{1-[(3S)-3-amino-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl\}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and nicotinoyl chloride: ESMS <math>m/e$: 485.3 (M + H) $^+$.

Example 320

3,4-DIFLUORO-N-((1S)-3-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO)PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}-1-PHENYLPROPYL)BENZAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme AC using N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-amino-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 3,4-difluorobenzoyl chloride: ESMS m/e: 520.3 (M + H)⁺.

Example 321

N-((1S)-3-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}1-PHENYLPROPYL)-1-PHENYL-3-PROPYL-1H-PYRAZOLE-4CARBOXAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme AC

using $N-(3-\{1-[(3S)-3-amino-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl\}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 1-phenyl-3-propyl-1<math>H$ -pyrazole-4-carbonyl chloride: ESMS m/e: 592.2 $(M+H)^+$.

5

10

Example 322

(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL] -1-PIPERIDINYL}-1-

PHENYLPROPYL) BENZAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme AC using $N-(3-\{1-[(3S)-3-amino-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl\}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 4-(dimethylamino) benzoyl chloride: ESMS <math>m/e$: 527.3 (M + H)⁺.

15

20

25

Example 323

 $N-((1S)-3-\{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO)PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL\}-1-PHENYLPROPYL)-2-THIOPHENECARBOXAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme AC using <math>N-(3-\{1-[(3S)-3-amino-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl\}phenyl)-2-$

methylpropanamide and 2-thiophenecarbonyl chloride: ESMS m/e: 490.2 $(M + H)^{+}$.

Example 324

N-((1S)-3-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO)PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}
1-PHENYLPROPYL)-5-NITRO-2-FURAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure Q1 and Scheme AC using N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-amino-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2
methylpropanamide and 5-nitro-2-furoyl chloride: ESMS

m/e: 519.2 (M + H)*.

30

Example 325

N-(3-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}PROPYL)-5-METHYL-3-PHENYL-4**ISOXAZOLECARBOXAMIDE:** Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme AC using $N-\{3-[1-(3-aminopropy1)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl\}-2-methylpropanamide and 5-methyl-3-phenyl-4-isoxazolecarbonyl chloride: ESMS <math>m/e$: 489.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 326

5

10

25

30

N-((1S)-3-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO)PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}1-PHENYLPROPYL)-2-FURAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure Q1
and Scheme AC using N-{3-[1-(3-aminopropyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}-2-methylpropanamide and 2-furoyl chloride: ESMS m/e: 474.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 327

N-((1S)-3-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}
1-PHENYLPROPYL)-1-(4-NITROPHENYL)-5-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)
1H-PYRAZOLE-4-CARBOXAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme AC using N-(3-{1-[(3S)-3-amino-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 1-(4-nitrophenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazole-4-carbonyl chloride: ESMS m/e: 663.2 (M + H)*.

Example 328

3-(2-CHLORO-6-FLUOROPHENYL)-N-(3-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}PROPYL)-5-METHYL-4-ISOXAZOLECARBOXAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme AC using N-{3-[1-(3-aminopropyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}-2-methylpropanamide and 3-(2-chloro-6-fluorophenyl)-5-methyl-4-isoxazolecarbonyl chloride: ESMS m/e: 541.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 329

N-[3-(1-{3-[(DIPHENYLACETYL)AMINO]PROPYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme AC using $N-\{3-[1-(3-m)] - 4-p) -$

Example 330

N-(3-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL}PROPYL)-1-BENZOTHIOPHENE-3-CARBOXAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme AC using N-{3-[1-(3-aminopropyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}-2-methylpropanamide and 1-benzothiophene-3-carbonyl chloride: ESMS: m/e: 464.2 (M + H)*.

20 Example 331

10

25

3-(2-CHLOROPHENYL)-N-(3-{4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO)PHENYL]1-PIPERIDINYL}PROPYL)-5-METHYL-4-ISOXAZOLECARBOXAMIDE:
Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme AC using N-{3-[1-(3-aminopropyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}-2-methylpropanamide
and 3-(2-chlorophenyl)-5-methyl-4-isoxazolecarbonyl
chloride: ESMS m/e: 523.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 332

(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL] -1-PIPERIDINYL PROPYL) -5-METHYL4-ISOXAZOLECARBOXAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure Q1 and Scheme AC using N-{3-[1-(3-aminopropyl)-4-piperidinyl] phenyl}-2-methylpropanamide and 3-(2,6-

dichlorophenyl) -5-methyl
chloride: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) & 7.50 (d, 1H, J = 2.3 Hz), 7.48 (s, 1H), 7.4 (m, 1H), 7.39 (s, 1H), 7.37 (m, 2H), 7.24 (t, 1H, J = 7.2 Hz), 6.92 (d, 1H, J = 7.9 Hz), 6.06 (s, 1H), 3.31 (q, 2H, J = 6.4 Hz), 2.94 (d, 2H, J = 10.8 Hz), 2.79 (s, 3H), 2.53 (q, 1H, J = 6.1), 2.47 (tt, 1H, J = 4.2, 11.4 Hz), 2.29 (t, 2H, J = 7.2 Hz), 1.99 (t, 2H, J = 11.4 Hz), 1.81 (m, 2H), 1.69 (dt, 2H, J = 2.4, 11.6), 1.59 (q, 2H, J = 6.6 Hz), 1.24 (d, 6H, J = 6.5 Hz); ESMS m/e: 557.0 (M + H)⁺.

1-[3-(3-CHLOROPROPOXY) PHENYL] ETHANONE: Prepared by Procedure U and Scheme AK using 1-(3-hydroxyphenyl) ethanone and 1-bromo-3-chloropropane.

1-(3-CHLOROPROPOXY)-2-FLUOROBENZENE: Prepared by
Procedure U and Scheme AK using 2-fluorophenol and 1bromo-3-chloropropane.

- 20 1-CHLORO-3-(3-CHLOROPROPOXY)BENZENE: Prepared by Procedure U and Scheme AK using 3-chlorophenol and 1-bromo-3-chloropropane.
- 1-CHLORO-4-(3-CHLOROPROPOXY)BENZENE: Prepared by
 Procedure U and Scheme AK using 4-chlorophenol and 1-bromo-3-chloropropane.
- 1-(3-CHLOROPROPOXY)-3-FLUOROBENZENE: Prepared by
 Procedure U and Scheme AK using 3-fluorophenol and 1bromo-3-chloropropane.

- 1-(3-CHLOROPROPOXY)-4- FLUOROBENZENE: Prepared by Procedure U and Scheme AK using 4-fluorophenol and 1-bromo-3-chloropropane.
- 1-CHLORO-2-(3-CHLOROPROPOXY)BENZENE: Prepared by
 Procedure U and Scheme AK using 2-chlorophenol and 1bromo-3-chloropropane.
 4-(3-CHLOROPROPOXY)-1,2-DIMETHYLBENZENE: Prepared by
 Procedure U and Scheme AK using 3,4-dimethylphenol and
 1-bromo-3-chloropropane.
 - 1-BROMO-2-(3-CHLOROPROPOXY) BENZENE: Prepared by Procedure U and Scheme AK using 2-bromophenol and 1-bromo-3-chloropropane.
- 1-BROMO-3-(3-CHLOROPROPOXY)BENZENE: Prepared by
 Procedure U and Scheme AK using 3-bromophenol and 1bromo-3-chloropropane.
- 20 1-BROMO-4-(3-CHLOROPROPOXY)BENZENE: Prepared by Procedure U and Scheme AK using 4-bromophenol and 1-bromo-3-chloropropane.
- 1-(3-CHLOROPROPOXY)-4-METHYLBENZENE: Prepared by
 25 Procedure U and Scheme AK using p-cresol and 1-bromo-3chloropropane.
- 4-BROMOPHENYL (2R)-3-CHLORO-2-METHYLPROPYL ETHER:

 Prepared by Procedure U and Scheme AK using 4
 bromophenol and (2S)-1-bromo-3-chloro-2-methylpropane.
 - 1-{[(2R)-3-CHLORO-2-METHYLPROPYL]OXY}-2,4,5TRIFLUOROBENZENE: Prepared by Procedure U and Scheme AK

using	2,4,5-	trifluorophenol	and	(2 <i>S</i>)				
1-bromo-3-chloro-2-methylpropane.								

- 1-CHLORO-3-{[(2R)-3-CHLORO-2-METHYLPROPYL]OXY}BENZENE:
 Prepared by Procedure U and Scheme AK using 3chlorophenol and (2S)-1-bromo-3-chloro-2-methylpropane.
- 1-{[(2R)-3-CHLORO-2-METHYLPROPYL]OXY}-4-FLUOROBENZENE:
 Prepared by Procedure U and Scheme AK using 4fluorophenol and (2S)-1-bromo-3-chloro-2-methylpropane.

5

15

- 1-{[(2R)-3-CHLORO-2-METHYLPROPYL]OXY}-3-FLUOROBENZENE:
 Prepared by Procedure U and Scheme AK using 3-fluorophenol and (2S)-1-bromo-3-chloro-2-methylpropane.
- 1-CHLORO-2-{[(2R)-3-CHLORO-2-METHYLPROPYL]OXY}BENZENE:
 Prepared by Procedure U and Scheme AK using 2chlorophenol and (2S)-1-bromo-3-chloro-2-methylpropane.
- 1-{[(2R)-3-CHLORO-2-METHYLPROPYL]OXY}-2-FLUOROBENZENE:
 Prepared by Procedure U and Scheme AK using 2fluorophenol and (2S)-1-bromo-3-chloro-2-methylpropane.
 1-CHLORO-4-{[(2R)-3-CHLORO-2-METHYLPROPYL]OXY}BENZENE:
 Prepared by Procedure U and Scheme AK using 4chlorophenol and (2S)-1-bromo-3-chloro-2-methylpropane.
 - 3-BROMOPHENYL (2R)-3-CHLORO-2-METHYLPROPYL ETHER:
 Prepared by Procedure U and Scheme AK using 3-bromophenol and (2S)-1-bromo-3-chloro-2-methylpropane.
 - 2-BROMOPHENYL (2R)-3-CHLORO-2-METHYLPROPYL ETHER:
 Prepared by Procedure U and Scheme AK using 2-,
 bromophenol and (2S)-1-bromo-3-chloro-2-methylpropane.

	$1-\{[(2S)-3-CHLORO-2-METHYLPROPYL]OXY\}-3-FLUOROBENZENE:$										
	Prepared by	Procedure	U a	and	Scheme	AK	using	3 -			
	fluorophenol a	nd (2R)-1-b	romo-	3-ch	loro-2-m	ethyl	propane				
5											
	1-{[(2S)-3-CHL	ORO-2-METHY	LPROP	YL] 0	XY}-4-FL	UOROB	ENZENE:	•			
	Prepared by	Procedure	U a	and	Scheme	AK	using	4 -			
	fluorophenol a	nd (2R)-1-b	oromo-	3-ch	loro-2-π	ethyl	propane	: -			
10	1-{[(2S)-3-CHL										
	Prepared by										
	fluorophenol a	ind (2R)-1-b	oromo-	-3-ch	loro-2-n	nethyl	.propane	<u> </u>			
					_	>					
	1-CHLORO-2-{[(
15	Prepared by						using				
	chlorophenol a	and $(2R)-1-1$	oromo.	-3-ch	loro-2-r	nethyl	.propane	€.			
	•					LOWE T	, Designates	_			
	1-CHLORO-4-{[
	Prepared by										
20	chlorophenol a	and $(2R)-1-1$	bromo	-3-ch	110ro-2-1	песпу.		₽.			
		(2.5)	CVII ()	no 2	METHYLP	DODVI	단까티	HER:			
	4-BROMOPHENYL						using				
	Prepared by						_				
	bromophenol and	nd (2R)-I-D	romo-	3-0111	.010-2-111	ecnyn	propane	•			
25	2 PROVODUENVI	(2 <i>S</i>) -3	- CHI.O	PO-2-	METHYLP	ROPYL	ETI	HER			
	3-BROMOPHENYL	Procedure					using				
	Prepared by bromophenol a						_				
	promophenor a	IIU (2R)-19D		5 (111			F F				
30	2-BROMOPHENYL	(2 <i>S</i>) -3	- CHLO	RO-2-	METHYLP	ROPYL	ET	HER			
		-									

Prepared by Procedure U and Scheme AK using 2bromophenol and (2R)-1-bromo-3-chloro-2-methylpropane.

- 1-CHLORO-3-{[(2S)-3- CHLORO-2-METHYLPROPYL]OXY}BENZENE: Prepared by Procedure U and Scheme AK using 3-chlorophenol and (2R)-1-bromo-3-
- Scheme AK using 3-chlorophenol and (2R)-1-bromo-3-chloro-2-methylpropane.
- 1-[3-(4-CHLOROBUTOXY) PHENYL] ETHANONE: Prepared by
 Procedure U and Scheme AK using 1-(3-hydroxyphenyl) ethanone and 1-bromo-4-chlorobutane.
- 1-[3-(4-CHLOROBUTOXY) PHENYL] ETHANONE: Prepared by Procedure U and Scheme AK using 1-(3-hydroxyphenyl) ethanone and 1-bromo-4-chlorobutane.
- 1-(4-CHLOROBUTOXY)-3-METHOXYBENZENE: Prepared by
 Procedure U and Scheme AK using 3-methoxyphenol and 1bromo-4-chlorobutane.
- 1-(4-CHLOROBUTOXY)-4-METHOXYBENZENE: Prepared by
 Procedure U and Scheme AK using 4-methoxyphenol and 1bromo-4-chlorobutane.
 - 1-(4-CHLOROBUTOXY)-2-METHOXYBENZENE: Prepared by Procedure U and Scheme AK using 2-methoxyphenol and 1-bromo-4-chlorobutane.
- 4-(4-CHLOROBUTOXY)-1,2-DIMETHYLBENZENE: Prepared by Procedure U and Scheme AK using 3,4-dimethylphenol and 1-bromo-4-chlorobutane.

25

1-{3-[(5-CHLOROPENTYL)OXY]PHENYL}ETHANONE: Prepared by
Procedure U and Scheme AK using 1-(3-hydroxyphenyl)ethanone and 1-bromo-5-chloropentane.

1-{3-[(5-

CHLOROPENTYL) OXY] PHENYL ETHANONE: Prepared by Procedure U and Scheme AK using 1-(3-hydroxyphenyl) ethanone and 1-bromo-5-chloropentane.

5

25

- 1-{3-[(6-CHLOROHEXYL)OXY]PHENYL}ETHANONE: Prepared by Procedure U and Scheme AK using 1-(3-hydroxyphenyl)ethanone and 1-bromo-6-chlorohexane.
- 1-{3-[(6-CHLOROHEXYL)OXY]PHENYL}ETHANONE: Prepared by Procedure U and Scheme AK using 1-(3-hydroxyphenyl)ethanone and 1-bromo-6-chlorohexane.

Example 333

N-(3-{1-[(2S)-2-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)-2-PHENYLETHYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure B and Scheme B1 using .1-(3hydroxyphenyl)ethanone and N-(3-{1-[(2R)-2-hydroxy-2phenylethyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide:

ESMS m/e: 485.0 (M + H)⁺.

Example 334

 $N-(3-\{1-[(2S)-2-(2-ACETYLPHENOXY)-2-PHENYLETHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL\}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure B and Scheme B1 using 1-(2-hydroxyphenyl) ethanone and <math>N-(3-\{1-[(2R)-2-hydroxy-2-phenylethyl]-4-piperidinyl\}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide: ESMS <math>m/e$: 485.2 (M + H)⁺.

30 Example 335

N-(3-{1-[(2S)-2-(3-CHLOROPHENOXY)-2-PHENYLETHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure B and Scheme B1 using 3-chlorophenol and N-(3 ${1-[(2R)-2-hydroxy-2-piperidinyl]-4-piperidinyl}-2-methylpropanamide: ESMS <math>m/e$: 477.1 $(M + H)^+$.

5 Example 336

 $N-(3-\{1-[(2S)-2-(3,4-DIMETHOXYPHENOXY)-2-PHENYLETHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL\}$ PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure B and Scheme B1 using 3,4-dimethoxyphenol and $N-(3-\{1-[(2R)-2-hydroxy-2-phenylethyl]-4-$

piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide: ESMS m/e: 503.2 $(M + H)^{+}$.

Example 337

N-(3-{1-[(2R)-2-(4-FLUOROPHENOXY)-2-PHENYLETHYL]-4
PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure B and Scheme Bl using 4-fluorophenol and N-(3
{1-[(2S)-2-hydroxy-2-phenylethyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)
2-methylpropanamide: ESMS m/e: 461.2.(M + H)⁺.

20 Example 338

 $(M + H)^{+}$.

25

N-(3-{1-[(2R)-2-(3-METHOXYPHENOXY)-2-PHENYLETHYL]-4
PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure B and Scheme B1 using 3-methoxyphenol and N
(3-{1-[(2S)-2-hydroxy-2-phenylethyl]-4
piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide: ESMS m/e: 472.9

Example 339

N-(3-{1-[(2R)-2-(3-CHLOROPHENOXY)-2-PHENYLETHYL]-4
PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure B and Scheme Bl using 3-chlorophenol and N-(3
{1-[(2S)-2-hydroxy-2-phenylethyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-,

2-methylpropanamide: ESMS m/e: 478.5 (M + H)⁺.

N-{3-[1-(3,3-DIMETHOXYPROPYL)-4-PIPERIDINYL]PHENYL}-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure G and Scheme Bl using 3-bromo-1,1-dimethoxypropane and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 349.2 (M + H)*

Example 340

5

 $N-(3-\{1-[(3s)-3-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-$ PIPERIDINYL } PHENYL) CYCLOPROPANECARBOXAMIDE: Prepared by 10 using 1-(3-B1 В and Scheme Procedure $N - (3 - \{1 - [(3R) - 3 - \text{hydroxy} - 3 - \text{hydroxy}$ hydroxyphenyl) ethanone and phenylpropyl]-4piperidinyl}phenyl)cyclopropanecarboxamide: ESMS $497.1 (\dot{M} + H)^{+}$. 15

Example 341

N-(3-{1-[3-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY) PROPYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure G and Scheme B1 using 1-[3-(3-chloropropoxy) phenyl] ethanone and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl) phenyl] propanamide: ESMS m/e: 423.2 (M + H)*.

Example 342

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY) PROPYL]-4-$ 25 Prepared by Procedure G PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) PROPANAMIDE: 1-[3-(3and Scheme B1 using N - [3 - (4 chloropropoxy) phenyl] ethanone and piperidinyl)phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxamide: ESMS m/e: $421.2 (M + H)^{+}$. 30

Example 343

N-(3-{1-[3-(2-FLUOROPHENOXY) PROPYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure G and Scheme B1 using 1-(3-chloropropoxy)-2-fluorobenzene and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 399.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 344

5

10

N-(3-{1-[3-(3-CHLOROPHENOXY) PROPYL]-4
PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure G and Scheme B1 using 1-chloro-3-(3
chloropropoxy) benzene and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4
piperidinyl) phenyl] propanamide: ESMS m/e: 415.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 345

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-CHLOROPHENOXY) PROPYL]-4-$ PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) - 2 - METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by 1-chloro-4-(3-Scheme B1 using Procedure G and 15 2-methyl-*N*-[3-(4and chloropropoxy) benzene piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.71 (dd, 1H, J = 3.2, 5.7 Hz), 7.53 (dd, 1H, J = 3.2,5.7 Hz), 7.50 (m, 1H), 7.31 (m, 1H), 7.24-7.20 (m, 2H), 6.94 (d, 1H, J = 7.9 Hz), 6.85-6.82 (m, 2H), 4.00 (t, 20 2H, J = 6.1 Hz), 3.07 (d, 2H, J = 10.9 Hz), 2.55 (m, 3H), 2.50 (sept, 1H, J = 6.2 Hz), 2.08 (dt, 2H, J = 3.1, 10.9 Hz), 2.00 (m, 2H), 1.83 (m, 3H), 1.69 (qt, 1H, J =6.2 Hz), 1.24 (d, 6H, J = 6.8 Hz); Anal. Calcd for $C2_4H_{31}C1N_2O_2+HC1$: C, 63.8; H, 7.09; N, 6.21. Found: C, 25 63.3; H, 7.04; N, 6.27; ESMS m/e: 415.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 346

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(3-FLUOROPHENOXY) PROPYL]-4-$

Prepared by Procedure G and Scheme Bl using 1-(3-chloropropoxy)-3-fluorobenzene and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 399.2 (M + H)+.

5

15

20

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-FLUOROPHENOXY)PROPYL]-4-$

Procedure G and Scheme B1 using 1-(3-chloropropoxy)-4-fluorobenzene and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 399.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 348

N-(3-{1-[3-(2-CHLOROPHENOXY) PROPYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure G and Scheme B1 using 1-chloro-2-(3chloropropoxy)benzene and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 415.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 349

N-(3-{1-[3-(3,4-DIMETHYLPHENOXY) PROPYL]-4
PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure G and Scheme B1 using 4-(3-chloropropoxy)-1,2
dimethylbenzene and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 409.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 350

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(2-BROMOPHENOXY) PROPYL]-4-$

Prepared by PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) - 2 - METHYLPROPANAMIDE: 25 1-bromo-2-(3-Scheme B1 using Procedure G and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4chloropropoxy) benzene and piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.53 (dd, 1H, J = 1.6, 7.9 Hz), 7.48 (s, 1H), 7.32 (m, 1H), 7.28-7.22 (m, 3H), 7.17 (s, 1H), 6.98 (d, 1H, J =30 7.7 Hz), 6.93 (dd, 1H, J = 1.4, 8.4 Hz), 6.82 (dt, 1H, J= 7.6, 1.4 Hz), 4.11 (t, 2H, J = 6.3 Hz), 3.07 (d, 2H, J= 11.3 Hz), 2.61 (t, 2H, J = 6.9 Hz), 2.50 (m, 3H), 2.07

(m, 1H), 1.8-1.75 (m, 5H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J = 6.7 Hz); Anal. Calcd for $C_24H_{31}BrN_2O_2.HCl+0.2 \text{ CHCl}_3$: C, 55.9; H, 6.24; N, 5.39. Found: C, 55.8; H, 6.23; N, 5.47; ESMS m/e: 459.1 (M + H)⁺.

5

10

30

Example 351

N-(3-{1-[3-(3-BROMOPHENOXY) PROPYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure G and Scheme B1 using 1-bromo-3-(3-chloropropoxy) benzene and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-

piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 459.1 (M + H).

Example 352

 $N-(3-\{1-[3-(4-BROMOPHENOXY) PROPYL]-4-$

PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) - 2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by 15 1-bromo-4-(3-Scheme B1 using G and Procedure 2-methyl-N-[3-(4chloropropoxy) benzene and piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.51 (s, 1H), 7.37 (d, 2H, J = 7.6 Hz), 7.26 (m, 3H), 6.97 (d, 1H, J = 7.7 Hz), 6.79 (d, 2H, J = 7.7 Hz), 4.0120 (t, 2H, J = 5.6 Hz), 3.08 (d, 2H, J = 9.4 Hz), 2.53 (m,4H), 2.05 (m, 4H), 1.84 (m, 4H), 1.24 (d, 6H, J = 5.9Hz); Anal. Calcd for $C_{24}H_{31}BrN_2O_2.HCl+0.34CHCl_3$: C, 54.5; H, 6.08; N, 5.22. Found: C, 54.5; H, 6.22; N, 5.22; ESMS $m/e: 459.1 (M + H)^{+}$. 25

Example 353

 $N-(3-\{1-[(3R)-3-(3,4-DIMETHOXYPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL\}$ PHENYL)-N,2-DIMETHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure T and Scheme AD using $N-(3-\{1-[(3R)-3-(3,4-dimethoxyphenoxy)-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl\}$ phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and methyl iodide: ESMS m/e: 531.2 (M + H)⁺.

 $N-(3-\{1-[(3R)-3-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL\}PHENYL)-N,2-DIMETHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure T and Scheme AD using <math>N-(3-\{1-[(3R)-3-(3-acetylphenoxy)-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl\}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and methyl iodide: ESMS <math>m/e$: 513.2 (M + H)⁺.

10 Example 355

5

15

20

30

 $N-(3-\{1-[(3S)-3-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)-3-PHENYLPROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL\}PHENYL)-N,2-DIMETHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure T and Scheme AD using <math>N-(3-\{1-[(3S)-3-(3-acetylphenoxy)-3-phenylpropyl]-4-piperidinyl\}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and methyl iodide: ESMS <math>m/e$: 513.2 (M + H).

Example 356

N-(3-{1-[(2s)-3-(4-BROMOPHENOXY)-2-METHYLPROPYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure G and Scheme B1 using 4-bromophenyl (2R)-3chloro-2-methylpropyl ether and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 473.0 (M + H)⁺.

25 **Example 357**

2-METHYL-N-(3- $\{1$ -[(2S)-2-METHYL-3-(2,4,5-TRIFLUOROPHENOXY) PROPYL]-4-

piperidinyL}phenyL) propanamide: Prepared by Procedure G and Scheme B1 using 1-{[(2R)-3-chloro-2-methylpropyl]oxy}-2,4,5-trifluorobenzene and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 449.2 (M+H)*.

N-(3-{1-[(2s)-3-(3-CHLOROPHENOXY)-2-METHYLPROPYL]-4
PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure G and Scheme B1 using 1-chloro-3-{[(2R)-3-chloro-2-methylpropyl]oxy}benzene and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 429.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 359

5

10

15

20

25

30

N-(3-{1-[(2S)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENOXY)-2-METHYLPROPYL]-4
PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure G and Scheme B1 using 1-{[(2R)-3-chloro-2methylpropyl]oxy}-4-fluorobenzene and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 413.2 (M + H)*.

Example 360

N-(3-{1-[(2s)-3-(3-FLUOROPHENOXY)-2-METHYLPROPYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure G and Scheme B1 using 1-{[(2R)-3-chloro-2methylpropyl]oxy}-3-fluorobenzene and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 413.2 (M + H)*.

Example 361

N-(3-{1-[(2S)-3-(2-CHLOROPHENOXY)-2-METHYLPROPYL]-4
PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure G and Scheme B1 using 1-chloro-2-{[(2R)-3-chloro-2-methylpropyl]oxy}benzene and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 429.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 362

N-(3-{1-[(2s)-3-(2-FLUOROPHENOXY)-2-METHYLPROPYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure G and Scheme B1 using 1-{[(2R)-3-chloro-2methylpropyl]oxy}-2-fluorobenzene and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 413.2 (M + H).

5

15

20

25

N-(3-{1-[(2S)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENOXY)-2-METHYLPROPYL]-4
PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure G and Scheme B1 using 1-chloro-4-{[(2R)-3-chloro-2-methylpropyl]oxy}benzene and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 429.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 364

N-(3-{1-[(2s)-3-(3-BROMOPHENOXY)-2-METHYLPROPYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure G and Scheme B1 using 3-bromophenyl (2R)-3chloro-2-methylpropyl ether and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 474.0 (M + H)⁺.

Example 365

N-(3-{1-[(2S)-3-(2-BROMOPHENOXY)-2-METHYLPROPYL]-4-:

PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure G and Scheme B1 using 2-bromophenyl (2R)-3
chloro-2-methylpropyl ether and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4
piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 473.0 (M + H)+.

Example 366

N-(3-{1-[(2R)-3-(3-FLUOROPHENOXY)-2-METHYLPROPYL]-4
PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure G and Scheme B1 using 1-{[(2S)-3-chloro-2methylpropyl]oxy}-3-fluorobenzene and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 413.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 367

N-(3-{1-[(2R)-3-(4-FLUOROPHENOXY)-2-METHYLPROPYL]-4
PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure G and Scheme B1 using 1-{[(2S)-3-chloro-2-,

methylpropyl]oxy}-4- fluorobenzene and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 413.8 $(M + H)^+$.

Example 368

5

10

15

25

30

N-(3-{1-[(2R)-3-(2-CHLOROPHENOXY)-2-METHYLPROPYL]-4
PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure G and Scheme B1 using 1-chloro-2-{[(2S)-3-chloro-2-methylpropyl]oxy}benzene and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 429.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 369

N-(3-{1-[(2R)-3-(4-CHLOROPHENOXY)-2-METHYLPROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure G and Scheme B1 using 1-chloro-4-{[(2S)-3chloro-2-methylpropyl]oxy}benzene and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 429.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 370

N-(3-{1-[(2R)-3-(4-BROMOPHENOXY)-2-METHYLPROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure G and Scheme B1 using 4-bromophenyl (2S)-3-chloro-2-methylpropyl ether and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 473.0 (M + H)⁺.

Example 371

N-(3-{1-[(2R)-3-(3-BROMOPHENOXY)-2-METHYLPROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure G and Scheme B1 using 3-bromophenyl (2S)-3chloro-2-methylpropyl ether and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 473.0 (M + H)⁺.

N-(3-{1-[(2R)-3-(2-BROMOPHENOXY)-2-METHYLPROPYL]-4
PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure G and Scheme B1 using 2-bromophenyl (2S)-3
chloro-2-methylpropyl ether and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 473.0 (M + H)⁺.

Example 373

5

10

20

25

N-(3-{1-[(2R)-3-(3-CHLOROPHENOXY)-2-METHYLPROPYL]-4
PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure G and Scheme B1 using 1-chloro-3-{[(2S)-3-chloro-2-methylpropyl]oxy}benzene and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 429.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 374

N-(3-{1-[3-(5,5-DIMETHYL-1,3-DIOXAN-2-YL)PROPYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure G and Scheme Bl using 2-(3-bromopropyl)-5,5dimethyl-1,3-dioxane and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 403.2 (M + H)+

Example 375

N-(3-{1-[4-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)BUTYL]-4
PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure G and Scheme B1 using 1-[3-(4chlorobutoxy)phenyl]ethanone and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 437.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 376

 $N-(3-\{1-[4-(3-METHOXYPHENOXY)BUTYL]-4-$

Prepared by Procedure G and Scheme Bl using 1-(4-chlorobutoxy)-3-methoxybenzene and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 425.2 (M + H)+.

N-(3-{1-[4-(4-METHOXYPHENOXY)BUTYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure G and Scheme B1 using 1-(4-chlorobutoxy)-4-

methoxybenzene and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 425.2 (M + H) $^+$.

Example 378

N-(3-{1-[4-(2-METHOXYPHENOXY) BUTYL]-4
PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure G and Scheme B1 using 1-(4-chlorobutoxy)-2
methoxybenzene and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4
piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 425.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 379

5

15

20

N-(3-{1-[4-(3,4-DIMETHYLPHENOXY)BUTYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure G and Scheme B1 using 4-(4-chlorobutoxy)-1,2dimethylbenzene and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 423.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 380

 $N-(3-\{1-[4-(1,3-DIOXOLAN-2-YL)BUTYL]-4-$

Prepared by Procedure G and Scheme B1 using 2-(4-chlorobutyl)-1,3-dioxolane and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 375.2 (M + H)+

30 Example 381

N-(3-{1-[5-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)PENTYL]-4
PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by,

Procedure G and Scheme B1 using 1-{3-[(5-

chloropentyl)oxy]phenyl}ethanone and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 451.3 (M + H)⁺.

Example 382

 $N-(3-\{1-[5-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)PENTYL]-4-$ 5 PIPERIDINYL } PHENYL) CYCLOPROPANECARBOXAMIDE: Prepared by 1-{3-[(5-. B1 using and Scheme Procedure N-[3-(4chloropentyl)oxy]phenyl}ethanone and piperidinyl)phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxamide: ESMS m/e: $449.2 (M + H)^{+}$. 10

Example 383

N-(3-{1-[6-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)HEXYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure G and Scheme B1 using 1-{3-[(6-chlorohexyl)oxy]phenyl}ethanone and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 465.3 (M + H)⁺.

Example 384

 $N-(3-\{1-[6-(3-ACETYLPHENOXY)HEXYL]-4-$ 20 Prepared by PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) CYCLOPROPANECARBOXAMIDE: 1-{3-[(6-Procedure G and Scheme B1 using N-[3-(4chlorohexyl)oxy]phenyl}ethanone and m/e: piperidinyl)phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxamide: ESMS $463.3 (M + H)^{+}$. 25

Example 385

30

N-(3-{1-[4-(4-CHLOROPHENOXY)-4-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)BUTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure B and Scheme AN using 4-chlorophenol and N-(3-{1-[4-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxybutyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide: ESMS m/e: 562.9 (M + 23)*.

5

20

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[2-(1-METHYL-2-PHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)ETHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure E and Scheme M using 2-methyl-N-{3-[1-(4-oxo-4-phenylbutyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}propanamide and 1-methyl-1-phenylhydrazine: ESMS m/e: 480.3 (M + H)⁺.

Example 387

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[2-(2-PHENYL-1H-BENZO[G] INDOL-3-YL)ETHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure E and Scheme M using 2-methyl-N-{3-[1-(4-oxo-4-phenylbutyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}propanamide and 1-(1-naphthyl)hydrazine hydrochloride: ESMS m/e: 516.4 (M + H)⁺.

Example 388

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[3-(2-PHENYL-1H-BENZO[G]INDOL-3-YL)PROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure E and Scheme M using 2-methyl-N-{3-[1-(5-oxo-5-phenylpentyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}propanamide and 1-(1-naphthyl)hydrazine hydrochloride: ESMS m/e: 530.2 (M + H)*.

25 Example 389

INDOL-3-YL] PROPYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL] PROPANAMIDE:
Prepared by Procedure E and Scheme M using 2-methyl-N{3-[1-(5-oxo-5-phenylpentyl)-4piperidinyl] phenyl propanamide and 1-[4(trifluoromethoxy) phenyl] hydrazine hydrochloride: ESMS
m/e : 564.2 (M + H)⁺.

 $2-METHYL-N-[3-(1-{3-[2-PHENYL-5-(TRIFLUOROMETHOXY)-1}H-$

2-METHYL-N-[3-(1-{4-[2-PHENYL-5-(TRIFLUOROMETHOXY)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]BUTYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]PROPANAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure E and Scheme M using 2-methyl-N
{3-[1-(6-oxo-6-phenylhexyl)-4piperidinyl]phenyl}propanamide and 1-[4(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]hydrazine hydrochloride: ESMS

m/e: 578.2 (M + H)⁺.

10 Example 391

15

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[3-(1-METHYL-2-PHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)PROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure E and Scheme M using 2-methyl-N-{3-[1-(5-oxo-5-phenylpentyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}propanamide and 1-methyl-1-phenylhydrazine: ESMS m/e: 495.3 (M + H)⁺.

Example 392

N-(3-{1-[4-(1,2-DIPHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)BUTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure E and Scheme M using 2-methyl-N-{3-[1-(6-oxo-6-phenylhexyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}propanamide and 1,1-diphenylhydrazine hydrochloride: ESMS m/e: (M + H)⁺. 570.3

Example 393

2-METHYL-N-[3-(1-{5-[2-PHENYL-5-(TRIFLUOROMETHOXY)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]PENTYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]PROPANAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure E and Scheme M using 2-methyl-N-{3-[1-(7-oxo-7-phenylheptyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}propanamide and 1-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]hydrazine hydrochloride: ESMS m/e: 592.3 (M + H)⁺.

Example 394

N-(3-{1-[5-(1,2-DIPHENYL- 1H-INDOL-3-YL)PENTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure E and Scheme M using 2-methyl-N-{3-[1-(7-oxo-7-phenylheptyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}propanamide and 1,1-diphenylhydrazine hydrochloride: ESMS m/e: 584.3 (M+H)⁺.

Example 395

5

20

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[5-(1-METHYL-2-PHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-

YL) PENTYL] -4-PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL) PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure E and Scheme M using 2-methyl-N-{3-[1-(7-oxo-7-phenylheptyl)-4-piperidinyl] phenyl) propanamide and 1-methyl-1-phenylhydrazine: ESMS m/e: 522.3 (M + H).

15 Example 396

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[4-(2-PHENYL-1H-BENZO[G] INDOL-3-YL)BUTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure E and Scheme M using 2-methyl-N-{3-[1-(6-oxo-6-phenylhexyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}propanamide and 1-(1-naphthyl)hydrazine hydrochloride: ESMS m/e: 544.3 (M+H)+.

Example 397

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[4-(1-METHYL-2-PHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)BUTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure E and Scheme M using 2-methyl-N-{3-[1-(6-oxo-6-phenylhexyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}propanamide and 1-methyl-1-phenylhydrazine: ESMS m/e: 508.3 (M + H).

30 Example 398

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[5-(2-PHENYL-1H-BENZO[G]INDOL-3-YL)PENTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared
by Procedure E and Scheme M using 2-methyl-N-{3-[1-(7-

oxo-7-phenylheptyl)-4pip ridinyl]phenyl}propanamide and 1-(1naphthyl)hydrazin hydrochloride: ESMS m/e: 558.2 (M +
H)⁺.

5

10

Example 399

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[2-(5-METHYL-2-PHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)ETHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure E and Scheme M using 2-methyl-N-{3-[1-(4-oxo-4-phenylbutyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}propanamide and 1-(4-methylphenyl)hydrazine hydrochloride: ESMS m/e: 480.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 400

N-(3-{1-[2-(7-METHOXY-2-PHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)ETHYL]-4
PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure E and Scheme M using 2-methyl-N-{3-[1-(4-oxo-4-phenylbutyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}propanamide and 1
(2-methoxyphenyl)hydrazine hydrochloride: ESMS m/e:

496.2 (M + H)⁺.

20

25

Example 401

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[2-(7-METHYL-2-PHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)ETHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure E and Scheme M using 2-methyl-N-{3-[1-(4-oxo-4-phenylbutyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}propanamide and 1-(2-methylphenyl)hydrazine hydrochloride: ESMS m/e: 480.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 402

N-(3-{1-[3-(7-METHOXY-2-PHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)PROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure E and Scheme M using 2-methyl-N-{3-[1-(5-oxo-5-phenylpentyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}propanamide and 1-

5-phenylpentyl)-4-1-(2piperidinyl]phenyl}propanamide and methoxyphenyl) hydrazine hydrochloride: ESMS m/e: 510.2 $(M + H)^{+}$.

5

10

25

Example 403

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[4-(7-METHYL-2-PHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL) BUTYL] -4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) PROPANAMIDE: by Procedure E and Scheme M using 2-methyl-N- ${3-[1-(6$ oxo-6-phenylhexyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}propanamide 1-(2-methylphênyl)hydrazine hydrochloride: ESMS m/e: $508.3 (M + H)^{+}$.

Example 404

 $N-(3-\{1-[2-(5-METHOXY-2-PHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)ETHYL]-4-$ 15 Prepared PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) - 2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Procedure E and Scheme M_using 2-methyl-N-{3-[1-(A-oxo-4-phenylbutyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}propanamide (4-methoxyphenyl)hydrazine m/e: hydrochloride: ESMS $496.2 (M + H)^{+}$.

20

Example 405

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[3-(5-METHYL-2-PHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL) PROPYL] -4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) PROPANAMIDE: by Procedure E and Scheme M using 2-methyl-N-{3-[1-(5oxo-5-phenylpentyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}propanamide and 1-(4-methylphenyl)hydrazine hydrochloride: m/e: ESMS $494.3 (M + H)^{+}$.

Example 406 30

N-(3-{1-[4-(7-METHOXY-2-PHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)BUTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) - 2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE

Prepared by Procedure E and Scheme M using 2-methyl-N-{3-[1-(6-oxo-6-phenylhexyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}propanamide and 1-(2-methoxyphenyl)hydrazine hydrochloride: ESMS m/e: 524.3 $(M + H)^+$.

Example 407

5

10

20

30

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[3-(1-PHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL) PROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure H and Scheme S using N-(3-{1-[4-(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl) butyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 1,1-diphenylhydrazine hydrochloride: ESMS m/e: 480.2 (M + H)⁺.

15 Example 408

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[2-(1-PHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)ETHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure H and Scheme S using N-(3-{1-[3-(1,3-dioxolan-2-Yl)propyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 1,1-diphenylhydrazine hydrochloride: ESMS m/e: 466.2 (M+H).

Example 409

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[2-(7-METHYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)ETHYL]-4
PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure H

and Scheme S using N-(3-{1-[3-(1,3-dioxolan-2yl)propyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and
1-(2-methylphenyl)hydrazine hydrochloride: ESMS m/e:
404.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 410

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[2-(1-METHYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)ETHYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure

H and Scheme S using N-(3- {1-[3-(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)propyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 1-methyl-1-phenylhydrazine: ESMS m/e: 404.2 (M + H)⁺.

5 Example 411

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[2-(5-METHYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)ETHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure H and Scheme S using N-(3-{1-[3-(1,3-dioxolan-2-Yl)propyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 1-(4-methylphenyl)hydrazine hydrochloride: ESMS m/e: 404.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 412

2-METHYL-N-[3-(1-{2-[5-(TRIFLUOROMETHOXY)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]ETHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure H and Scheme S using N-(3-{1-[3-(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)propyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 1-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]hydrazine hydrochloride: ESMS m/e: 474.2 (M + H)⁺.

20

25

10

Example 413

N-(3-{1-[3-(1H-BENZO[G]INDOL-3-YL)PROPYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure H and Scheme S using N-(3-{1-[4-(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)butyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide
and 1-(1-naphthyl)hydrazine hydrochloride: ESMS 454.2
m/e: (M + H)⁺.

Example 414

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[3-(1-METHYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)PROPYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure H
and Scheme S. A mixture of N-(3-{1-[4-(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)butyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide (100)

1-phenylhydrazine (106 mg, mg, 0.270 mmol), 1-methyl-0.870 mmol), $ZnCl_2$ (119 mg, 0.870 mmol) and HOAc (1.00 mL) was heated for 12 h at 80 °C. The resulting crude mixture was diluted with water (20 mL), the aqueous layer was neutralized with a saturated K2CO3 solution (10 5 mL) and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 X 20 mL). The combined organic layers were concentrated in vacuo and residue was purified by preparative TLC using 3 % of $\mathrm{NH_{3}}$ (2.0 M in methanol) in CH_2Cl_2 to give the desired product $2-methyl-N-(3-\{1-[3-(1-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)propyl]-4-$ 10 piperidinyl}phenyl)propanamide (20.7 mg, 18.7 %): 1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.60 (d, 1H, J = 8.1 Hz), 7.45 (s, 1H), 7.35 (d, 1H, J = 7.4 Hz), 7.25 (m, 4H), 7.09 (t, 1H, J = 7.3 Hz), 6.97 (d, 1H, J = 7.3 Hz), <math>6.86 (s, 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.11 (d, 2H, J = 11.6 Hz), 2.79 (t, 2H, J15 = 7.3 Hz), 2.51 (m, 4H), 2.12-1.81 (m, 8H), 1.25 (d, 6H, J = 7.1 Hz); Anal. Calcd for $C_{27}H_{35}N_3O+0.225 \text{ CHCl}_3$: C, 73.57; H, 7.99; N, 9.45. Found: C, 73.93; H, 7.90; N, 9.23; ESMS m/e: 418.2 $(M + H)^+$.

20

25

Example 415

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[3-(5-METHYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)PROPYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure H and Scheme S using N-(3-{1-[4-(1,3-dioxolan-2-Yl)butyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 1-(4-methylphenyl)hydrazine hydrochloride: ESMS m/e: 418.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 416

2-METHYL-N-[3-(1-{3-[5-(TRIFLUOROMETHOXY)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]PROPYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure H and Scheme S using N-(3-{1-[4-(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)butyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide

1-[4-

and

(trifluoromethoxy) phenyl] hydrazine hydrochloride: ESMS m/e: 488.2 (M + H) $^{+}$.

5 Example 417

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[3-(7-METHYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)PROPYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure H
and Scheme S using N-(3-{1-[4-(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)butyl]4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 1-(2methylphenyl)hydrazine hydrochloride: ESMS m/e: 418.2 (M
+ H)⁺.

Example 418

N-(3-{1-[3-(7-METHOXY-1H-INDOL-3-YL)PROPYL]-4
PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure H and Scheme S using N-(3-{1-[4-(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)butyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide and 1-(2-methoxyphenyl)hydrazine hydrochloride: ESMS m/e: 434.0 (M + H)⁺.

20

25

10

Example 419

N-(3-{1-[2-(7-METHOXY-1H-INDOL-3-YL)ETHYL]-4
PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure H and Scheme S using N-(3-{1-[3-(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)propyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide

and 1-(2-methoxyphenyl)hydrazine hydrochloride: ESMS.

m/e: 420.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 420

N-(3-{1-[2-(5-METHOXY-1H-INDOL-3-YL)ETHYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure H and Scheme S using N-(3-{1-[3-(1,3-dioxolan2-yl)propyl]-4-piperidinyl}phenyl)-2-methylpropanamide

and 1-(4- methoxyphenyl)hydrazine

hydrochloride: ESMS m/e: 420.2 (M + H) $^{+}$.

Example 421

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[4-(5-METHYL-2-PHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)BUTYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure E and Scheme M using 2-methyl-N-{3-[1-(6-oxo-6-phenylhexyl)-4-piperidinyl]phenyl}propanamide and 1-(4-methylphenyl)hydrazine hydrochloride: ESMS m/e: 508.3

(M + H)⁺.

Example 422

15

25

30

2-METHYL-N-[4-(1-{[1-(4-METHYLPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 2-methyl-N-[4-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide and 1-(4-methylphenyl)-1H-indole: ESMS m/e: 466.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 423

N-[4-(1-{[1-(4-METHYLPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]BUTANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D
and Scheme N using N-[4-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]butanamide
and 1-(4-methylphenyl)-1H-indole: ESMS m/e: 466.2 (M +
H)⁺.

Example 424

N-[3-(1-{[2-(2-AMINOPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4
PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure D and Scheme N using 2-methyl-N-[3-(4
piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide and 2-(1H-indol-2
yl)aniline: ESMS m/e: 467.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 425

ETHYL 3-({4-[3- (ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL] - 1-PIPERIDINYL}METHYL)-1H-INDOLE-2-CARBOXYLATE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide and ethyl 1H-indole-2-carboxylate: ESMS m/e: 448.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 426

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(1-METHYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D
and Scheme N using 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide and 1-methyl-1H-indole:
ESMS m/e: 390.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 427

N-(3-{1-[(5-METHOXY-2-METHYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL) METHYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure D and Scheme N using 2-methyl-N-{3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide and 5-methoxy-2-methyl1H-indole: ESMS m/e: 420.2 (M + H)⁺.

20

25

5

10

Example 428

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(1-METHYL-2-PHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl)propanamide and 1-methyl-2-phenyl-1H-indole: ESMS m/e: 466.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 429

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(5-NITRO-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4
PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D

and Scheme N using 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide and 5-nitro-1H-indole;

ESMS m/e: 421.1 (M + H)*.

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(2-METHYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL) METHYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D
and Scheme N using 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl) phenyl] propanamide and 2-methyl-1H-indole:
ESMS m/e: 390.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 431

N-(3-{1-[(4-BROMO-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure D and Scheme N using 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide and 4-bromo-1H-indole:
ESMS m/e: 455.0 (M + H)⁺.

15

20

5

Example 432

N-[3-(1-{[2-(4-FLUOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide and 2-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-indole: ESMS m/e: 470.0 (M + H)⁺.

Example 433

 $N-(3-\{1-[(1,2-DIPHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4-$

- PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) 2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl) phenyl] propanamide and 1,2-diphenyl-1H-indole: ESMS m/e: 528.2 (M + H)⁺.
- N-[3-(1-{[2-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-1-ETHYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

 Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 2-methyl-N-

[3-(4-

piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide and 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-ethyl-1H-indole: ESMS m/e: 514.1 (M + H) $^+$.

5 Example 435

10

25

30

N-(3-{1-[(5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide and 5-chloro-2-methyl-1H-indole: ESMS m/e: 424.1(M + H)⁺.

Example 436

N-(3-{1-[(5-CYANO-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure D and Scheme N using 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide and 1H-indole-5carbonitrile: ESMS m/e: 401.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 437

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(5-METHYL-2-PHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using

2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide and 5-methyl-2-phenyl-1H-indole: ESMS m/e: 466.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 438

2-METHYL-N-[3-(1-{[1-(4-NITROPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide and 1-(4-nitrophenyl)-1H-indole: ESMS m/e: 497.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 439

 $N - [3 - (1 - \{[1 - (2 -$

FLUOROPHENYL) - 1H - INDOL - 3 -

YL] METHYL } - 4 - PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL] - 2 - METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide and 1-(2-fluorophenyl)-1H-indole: ESMS m/e: 470.1 (M + H) $^{+}$.

Example 440

N-(3-{1-[(5,6-DIMETHOXY-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure D and Scheme N using 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide and 5,6-dimethoxy-1H-indole: ESMS m/e: 436.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 441

2-METHYL-N-[3-(1-{[1-(3-METHYLPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 2-methyl-N-{3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide and 1-(3-methylphenyl)-1H-indole: ESMS m/e: 466.2 (M + H)⁺.

20

25

5

Example 442

2-METHYL-N-{3-[1-({1-[3-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)PHENYL]-1H-INDOL-3-YL}METHYL)-4-PIPERIDINYL]PHENYL}PROPANAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide and 1-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-indole: ESMS m/e: 520.2 (M + H).

Example 443

N-[3-(1-{[1-(4-METHOXYPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure D and Scheme N using 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-

piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide and 1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-indole: ESMS m/e: 482.2 (M + H) $^{+}$.

Example 444

N-(3-{1-[(5-METHOXY-2-PHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide and 5-methoxy-2-phenyl-1H-indole: ESMS m/e: 482.2 (M + H)⁺.

10

15

30

Example 445

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(5-METHYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide and 5-methyl-1H-indole: ESMS m/e: 390.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 446

N-[3-(1-{[1-(2-NITROPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4
PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure D and Scheme N using 1-(2-nitrophenyl)-1H
indole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4
piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 497.2 (M + H)⁺.

25 **Example 447**

N-[3-(1-{[1-(2-METHOXYPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure D and Scheme N using 1-(2-methoxyphenyl)-1Hindole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 482.2 (M + H)+.

Example 448

352 INDOL-3-YL) METHYL]-4- $N-(3-\{1-[(5-METHOXY-1H-$ PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) - 2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 1H-indol-5-yl methyl 2-methyl-N-[3-(4and ether piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 406.2 (M + H). 5 Example 450 $N-[3-(1-\{[1-(4-FLUOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL\}-4-$ PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL] -2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared Procedure D and Scheme N using 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-10 2-methyl-N-[3-(4and indole piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 470.2 (M + H). Example 451 N-[3-(1- $\{$ [1-(3-METHOXYPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL $\}$ -4-15 Prepared by PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL] - 2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Procedure D and Scheme N using 1-(3-methoxyphenyl)-1H-2-methyl-N-[3-(4and indole piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 482.2 (M + H)⁺. 20

Example 452

25

2-METHYL-N-[3-(1-{[1-(2-METHYLPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 1-(2-methylphenyl)-1H-indole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 466.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 453

ETHYL 3-({4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL}-1-PIPERIDINYL}METHYL)-5-METHOXY-1H-INDOLE-2-CARBOXYLATE:

Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using ethyl 5-methoxy-1H-indole-2-carboxylate and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 478.2 (M + H).

N-(3-{1-[(5-FLUORO-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 5-fluoro-1H-indole and 2methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 394.2 (M + H)⁺.

1-PHENYL-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 1H-indole and iodobenzene: ESMS m/e: 193.9 (M + H)⁺.

1-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 1H-indole and 1-chloro-4-iodobenzene: ESMS m/e: 227.9 (M + H)⁺.

15

10

5

- 1-(3-CHLOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 1H-indole and 1-chloro-3-iodobenzene: ESMS m/e: 227.9 (M + H) $^+$.
- 1-(2-CHLOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure C 20 and Scheme O using 1H-indole and 1-chloro-2-iodobenzene: ESMS m/e: 227.9 (M + H).
- 1-[2-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL) PHENYL]-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 1H-indole and 1-iodo-2-(trifluoromethyl) benzene: ESMS m/e: 262.0 (M + H)⁺.
 - **4-(lH-INDOL-1-YL)BENZONITRILE:** Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 1H-indole and 4-iodobenzonitrile: ESMS m/e: 219.0 $(M + H)^+$.

30

1-(4-NITROPHENYL)-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 1H-indole and 1-iodo-4-nitrobenzene; ESMS m/e: 238.2 (M + H) $^+$.

1-(2-NITROPHENYL)-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 1H-indole and 1-iodo-2-nitrobenzene: ESMS m/e: 238.2 (M + H) $^+$.

5

10

25

Example 455

N-[3-(1-{[1-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure Dand Scheme N using 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-indole and N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 472.1 (M+H).

Example 456

N-[3-(1-{[1-(3-CHLOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4
PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D

and Scheme N using 1-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-indole and N
[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 472.1 (M

+ H).

20 Example 457

 $N-[3-(1-\{[1-(2-CHLOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL\}-4-$ PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL] CYCLOPROPANECARBOXAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 1-(2-chlorophenyl)-1H-indole and N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)] cyclopropanecarboxamide: ESMS m/e: 484.1 $(M + H)^+$.

Example 458

N-[3-(1-{[1-(3-CHLOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4
PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure D and Scheme N using 1-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H
indole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4
piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 486.1 (M + H)⁺.

N-[3-(1-{[1-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4
PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure D and Scheme N using 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H
indole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4
piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 486.2 (M + H)*.

Example 460

N-[3-(1-{[1-(2-CHLOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure D and Scheme N using 1-(2-chlorophenyl)-1Hindole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 486.2 (M + H)⁺.

15

20

5

Example 461

N-[3-(1-{[1-(2-CHLOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D
and Scheme N using 1-(2-chlorophenyl)-1H-indole and N[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 472.1 (M
+ H)*.

Example 462

N-[3-(1-{[1-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4
PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL] CYCLOPROPANECARBOXAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-indole and N-[3-(4-piperidinyl) phenyl] cyclopropanecarboxamide: ESMS m/e: 484.1 (M + H)⁺.

30

Example 463

N-[3-(1-{[1-(3-CHLOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]CYCLOPROPANECARBOXAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure D and Scheme N using 1-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-indole and N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxamide: ESMS m/e: $484.1 (M + H)^+$.

5

10

Example 464

N-(3-{1-[(1-PHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 1-phenyl-1H-indole and N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 438.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 465

N-(3-{1-[(1-PHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)CYCLOPROPANECARBOXAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure D and Scheme N using 1-phenyl-1H-indole and N[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxamide: ESMS
m/e: 450.2 (M + H)⁺.

6-CHLORO-1-(4-NITROPHENYL)-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by
Procedure C and Scheme O using 6-chloro-1H-indole and 1-iodo-4-nitrobenzene: ESMS m/e: 272.6 (M + H).

6-CHLORO-1-(2,3-DICHLOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 6-chloro-1H-indole and 1,2-dichloro-3-iodobenzene: ESMS m/e: 296.5 (M + H).

6-CHLORO-1-(3-METHYLPHENYL)-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 6-chloro-1H-indole and 1-iodo-3-methylbenzene: ESMS m/e: 241.9 (M + H) $^{+}$.

30

25

6-CHLORO-1-(2-METHYLPHENYL)-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 6-chloro-1H-indole and 1; iodo-2-methylbenzene: ESMS m/e: 241.9 (M + H).

2-(6-CHLORO-1H-INDOL-1-YL) PHENYL	METHYL ETHER: Prepare) ¢
by Procedure C and Scheme O usin	ng 6-chloro-1H-indole an	ıċ
1-iodo-2-methoxybenzene: ESMS m/	e: $257.9 (M + H)^{+}$.	

5

6-CHLORO-1-[3-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL) PHENYL]-1H-INDOLE:

Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 6-chloro-1Hindole and 1-iodo-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzene: ESMS m/e:

295.6 (M + H)⁺.

10

- **6-CHLORO-1-(2-FLUOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOLE:** Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 6-chloro-1H-indole and 1-fluoro-2-iodobenzene: ESMS m/e: 245.9 (M + H)⁺.
- 6-CHLORO-1-(3-CHLOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 6-chloro-1H-indole and 1-chloro-3-iodobenzene: ESMS m/e: 261.9 (M + H)⁺.
- 6-CHLORO-1-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by
 Procedure C and Scheme O using 6-chloro-1H-indole and 1-chloro-4-iodobenzene: ESMS m/e: 262.9 (M + H)⁺.
 - 6-CHLORO-1-(2-CHLOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 6-chloro-1H-indole and 1-chloro-2-iodobenzene: ESMS m/e: 262.9 (M + H)⁺.
 - 3-(6-CHLORO-1H-INDOL-1-YL) PHENYL METHYL ETHER: Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 6-chloro-1H-indole and 1-iodo-3-methoxybenzene: ESMS m/e: 257.9 (M + H) $^+$.

30

25

6-CHLORO-1-[4-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL) PHENYL]-1H-INDOLE:
Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 6-chloro-1H-

indole and 1-iodo-4- (trifluoromethyl) benzene ESMS m/e: 295.6 (M + H)⁺.

6-CHLORO-1-(4-METHYLPHENYL)-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by

Procedure C and Scheme O using 6-chloro-1H-indole and 1iodo-4-methylbenzene: ESMS m/e: 241.9 (M + H)⁺.

6-CHLORO-1-(4-FLUOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by
Procedure C and Scheme O using 6-chloro-1H-indole and 1fluoro-4-iodobenzene: ESMS m/e: 245.9 (M + H)⁺.

Example 466

N-[3-(1-{[6-CHLORO-1-(4-FLUOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]CYCLOPROPANECARBOXAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 6-chloro-1-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-indole and $N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxamide: ESMS <math>\cdot$ m/e: 502.1 $(M + H)^+$.

20 Example 467

25

30

N-[3-(1-{[6-CHLORO-1-(4-FLUOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 6-chloro-1-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-indole and N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 490.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 468

N-(3-{1-[(6-FLUORO-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 6-fluoro-1H-indole and N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 380.1 (M + H)⁺.

 $N-(3-\{1-[(6-FLUORO-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4-$

PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL) CYCLOPROPANECARBOXAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 6-fluoro-1H-indole and N[3-(4-piperidinyl) phenyl] cyclopropanecarboxamide: ESMS m/e: 392.1 (M + H) $^+$.

Example 470

5

20

 $N-(3-\{1-[(6-FLUORO-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4-$

- PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) 2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 6-fluoro-1H-indole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl) phenyl] propanamide: ESMS m/e: 394.1 (M + H)⁺.
- 15 Example 471

N-[3-(1-{[6-CHLORO-1-(4-FLUOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 6-chloro-1-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-indole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 504.1 (M + H) $^+$.

Example 472

yL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]PROPANAMIDE: Prepared

by Procedure D and Scheme N using 6-chloro-1-(2-fluorophenyl)-1H-indole and N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 490.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 473

N-[3-(1-{[6-CHLORO-1-(2-FLUOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]CYCLOPROPANECARBOXAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 6-chloro-1-(2-fluorophenyl)-1H-indole and N-[3-(4-

piperidinyl)phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxamide: ESMS m/e: 502.1 $(M + H)^+$.

Example 474

N-[3-(1-{[6-CHLORO-1-(2-FLUOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 6-chloro-1-(2-fluorophenyl)-1H-indole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide ESMS m/e: 504.1 (M + H)*.

10

Example 475

N-[3-(1-{[6-CHLORO-1-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 6-chloro-1-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-indole and N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide ESMS m/e: 506.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 476

 $N-[3-(1-\{[6-CHLORO-1-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-(4-CHLO$

YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]CYCLOPROPANECARBOXAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 6-chloro-1(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-indole and N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxamide ESMS m/e:
518.1 (M + H)⁺.

25

30

Example 477

N-[3-(1-{[6-CHLORO-1-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 6-chloro-1-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-indole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide ESMS m/e: 520.1 (M + H)⁺.

N-[3-(1-{[6-CHLORO-1-(3-CHLOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 6-chloro-1-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-indole and N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 506.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 479

5

 $N-[3-(1-\{[6-CHLORO-1-(3-CHLOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-(3-CHLOROPHENTA-3-(3-CHLOROPHENTA-3-(3-CHLOROPHENTA-3-(3-CHLOROPHENTA-3-(3-CHLOROPHENTA-3-(3-CHLOROPHENTA-3-(3-CHLOROPHENTA-3-(3-CHLOROPHENTA-3-(3-CHLOROPHENTA-3-(3-CHLOROPHENTA-3-(3-CHLOROPHENTA-3-(3-CH$

YL] METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL] CYCLOPROPANECARBOXAMIDE: 10 Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 6-chloro-1and N - [3 - (4 -(3-chlorophenyl) -1H-indole piperidinyl)phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxamide: 1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.72 (d, 1H, J = 8.4 Hz), 7.68 (s, 1H), 7.49 (m, 2H), 7.44 (d, 2H, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.49-7.25 (m,15 4H), 7.21 (d, 1H, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.17 (d, 1H, J = 7.9 Hz), 6.93 (d, 1H, J = 7.9 Hz), 3.79 (s, 2H), 3.13 (d, 2H, J =9.4 Hz), 2.48 (sept, 1H, J = 7.5 Hz), 2.16 (m, 2H), 1.80(m, 4H), 1.51 (s, 1H), 1.06 (m, 2H), 0.806 (m, 2H); Anal. Calcd for $C_{30}H_{29}Cl_2N_3O+HCl+1.4H_2O$: C, 62.11; H, 20 5.70; N, 7.24. Found: C, 62.19; H, 6.21; N, 7.06; ESMS $m/e: 519.2 (M + H)^{+}$.

Example 480

N-[3-(1-{[6-CHLORO-1-(3-CHLOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 6-chloro-1-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-indole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 520.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 481

30

N-(3-{1-[(5-FLUORO-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)CYCLOPROPANECARBOXAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure D and Scheme N using 5-fluoro-1H-indole and N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxamide: ESMS m/e: 392.1 (M + H) $^+$.

5 Example 482

10

25

30

N-[3-(1-{[6-CHLORO-1-(2-CHLOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 6-chloro-1-(2-chlorophenyl)-1H-indole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 520.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 483

N-[3-(1-{[6-CHLORO-1-(3-METHOXYPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 3-(6-chloro-1H-indol-1-yl)phenyl methyl ether and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 516.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 484

N-[3-(1-{[6-CHLORO-1-(2-METHOXYPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 2-(6-chloro-1H-indol-1-yl)phenyl methyl ether and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 516.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 485

N-[3-(1-{[6-CHLORO-1-(2,3-DICHLOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 6-chloro-1-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-1H-indole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 555.1 (M + H)*.

N-[3-(1-{[6-CHLORO-1-(4-METHYLPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-

YL] METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 6-chloro-1- (4-methylphenyl)-1H-indole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS <math>m/e: 500.2 (M + H) $^+$.

Example 487

5

N-{3-[1-({6-CHLORO-1-[3-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL) PHENYL]-1H-INDOL-3-YL}METHYL)-4-PIPERIDINYL]PHENYL}-2-

METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N
using 6-chloro-1-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-indole
and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide:
ESMS m/e: 554.2 (M + H)⁺.

15 Example 488

N-{3-[1-({6-CHLORO-1-[4-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)PHENYL]-1H-INDOL-3-YL}METHYL)-4-PIPERIDINYL]PHENYL}-2
METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 6-chloro-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1H-indole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 554.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 489

 $N-[3-(1-\{[6-CHLORO-1-(2-METHYLPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-$

25 YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:
Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 6-chloro-1(2-methylphenyl)-1H-indole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 500.2 (M + H)⁺.

30 Example 490

N-[3-(1-{[6-CHLORO-1-(3-METHYLPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 6-chloro-1-

(3-methylphenyl)-1H-indole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS <math>m/e: 500.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 491

N-(3-{1-[(7-CHLORO-1H-INDOL-3-YL) METHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) CYCLOPROPANECARBOXAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 7-chloro-1H-indole and N-[3-(4-piperidinyl) phenyl] cyclopropanecarboxamide: ESMS m/e: 408.1 (M + H)⁺.

10

5

15

Example 492

N-(3-{1-[(7-CHLORO-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 7-chloro-1H-indole and 2methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 410.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 493

N-(3-{1-[(4-FLUORO-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4-

PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 4-fluoro-1H-indole and N-[3-(4-piperidinyl) phenyl] propanamide: ESMS m/e: 380.2 (M + H) $^+$.

Example 494

N-(3-{1-[(7-CHLORO-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D
and Scheme N using 7-chloro-1H-indole and N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 396.1 (M + H)⁺.

30 Example 495

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(6-METHYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 6-methyl-1H-indole and 2-methyl-N-[3-

(4-

piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 390.2 (M + H).

Example 496

N-[3-(1-{[6-(BENZYLOXY)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure D and Scheme N using 6-(benzyloxy)-1H-indole
and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide:
ESMS m/e: 482.2 (M + H)⁺.

10

15

30

Example 497

N-(3-{1-[(6-METHOXY-1H-INDOL-3-YL) METHYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure D and Scheme N using 1H-indol-6-yl methyl
ether and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 406.2 (M + H)*.

Example 498

METHYL

3-({4-[3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO)PHENYL]-1-}
20

PIPERIDINYL}METHYL)-1H-INDOLE-6-CARBOXYLATE: Prepared by

Procedure D and Scheme N using methyl 1H-indole-6carboxylate and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 434.2 (M + H)⁺.

25 Example 499

2-METHYL-N-[3-(1-{[6-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 6-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-indole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.11 (s, 1H), 7.66 (s, 1H), 7.63 (s, 2H), 7.44 (d, 1H, J = 8.4 Hz), 7.39 (s, 2H), 7.32 (d, 1H, J = 8.4 Hz), 7.16 (t, 1H, J = 8.4 Hz), 6.84 (d, 1H, J = 8.4 Hz), 4.06 (s,

2H), 3.27 (d, 2H, J = 11.6 Hz), 2.56 (sept, 1H, J = 6.8 Hz), 2.37 (m, 3H), 1.93 (m, 2H), 1.75 (m, 2H), 1.22 (d, 6H, J = 6.8 Hz); Anal. Calcd for $C_{25}H_{28}F_3N_3O+2HCl+0.5EtOAc$: C, 57.8; H, 6.11; N, 7.50. Found: C, 56.5; H, 6.46; N, 7.77; ESMS m/e: 444.2 (M + H)⁺.

1-(2-PYRIDINYL)-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 2-iodopyridine and 1H-indole: ESMS m/e: 195.0 $(M + H)^+$.

1-(3-PYRIDINYL)-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 3-iodopyridine and 1H-indole: ESMS m/e: 195.0 $(M + H)^+$.

15

5

10

Example 500

Example 501

2-METHYL-N-[3-(1-{[1-(2-PYRIDINYL)-1H-INDOL-3-

25 YL] METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL] PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 1-(2-pyridinyl)-1H-indole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl) phenyl] propanamide: ESMS m/e: 453.2 (M + H)⁺.

30 Example 502

N-(3-{1-[(6-FLUORO-1-PHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure D and Scheme N using 6-fluoro-1-phenyl-1H-

indole and 2-methyl-N-[3- (4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 470.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 503

10

25

- N-(3-{1-[(6-CHLORO-1-PHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4
 PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

 Procedure D and Scheme N using 6-chloro-1-phenyl-1H
 indole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4
 piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 486.2 (M + H)*.
- 7-METHYL-1-PHENYL-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 7-methyl-1H-indole and iodobenzene: ESMS m/e: 208.1 (M + H) $^+$.
- 15 METHYL 1-PHENYL-1H-INDOLE-6-CARBOXYLATE: Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using methyl 1H-indole-6-carboxylate and iodobenzene: ESMS m/e: 252.0 (M + H)⁺.

 6-METHYL-1-PHENYL-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 6-methyl-1H-indole and iodobenzene:

 ESMS m/e: 208.0 (M + H)⁺.
 - **7-CHLORO-1-PHENYL-1H-INDOLE**: Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 7-chloro-1H-indole and iodobenzene: ESMS m/e: 228.0 (M + H) $^+$.
 - **6-NITRO-1-PHENYL-1H-INDOLE**: Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 6-nitro-1H-indole and iodobenzene: ESMS m/e: 238.2 (M + H) $^+$.
- 30 **6-METHOXY-1-PHENYL-1H-INDOLE**: Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 1H-indol-6-yl methyl ether and iodobenzene: ESMS m/e: 224.0 $(M + H)^+$.

BENZYL 1-PHENYL-1H-INDOL- 6-YL ETHER: Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 6-(benzyloxy)-1H-indole and iodobenzene: ESMS m/e: 300.0 (M + H)⁺.

- 1-PHENYL-1H-INDOL-6-YL TRIFLUOROMETHYL ETHER: Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 6-(trifluoromethoxy)-1H-indole and iodobenzene: ESMS m/e: 278.0 (M + H).
- 7-METHOXY-1-PHENYL-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 1H-indol-7-yl methyl ether and iodobenzene: ESMS m/e: 224.0 (M + H)⁺.
 - 1-PHENYL-6-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 6-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-indole and iodobenzene: ESMS m/e: 262.0 (M + H)⁺.
 - 1-(4-PYRIDINYL)-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 1H-indole and 4-iodopyridine: ESMS m/e: 195 (M + H) $^{+}$.

20

15

Example 504

N-[3-(1-{[6-(BENZYLOXY)-1-PHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure D and Scheme N using benzyl 1-phenyl-1H-indol6-yl ether and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 558.0 (M + H).

Example 505

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(6-METHYL-1-PHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-

yL) METHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 6-methyl-1-phenyl-1H-indole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ

7.66 (s, 1H), 7.64 (d, 1H, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.51 (d, 1H, J = 3.9 Hz), 7.50 (m, 3H), 7.4 (m, 2H), 7.36-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.31 (s, 1H), 7.19 (t, 1H, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.04 (d, 1H, J = 7.8 Hz), 6.91 (d, 1H, J = 7.8 Hz), 3.94 (s, 2H), 3.25 (d, 2H, J = 9.2 Hz), 2.52 (sept, 1H, J = 6.4 Hz), 2.46 (s, 3H), 2.28 (dt, 2H, J = 11.8, 2.6 Hz), 1.89 (dq, 2H, J = 2.9 Hz), 1.80 (m, 3H), 1.22 (d, 6H, J = 6.9 Hz); Anal. Calcd for $C_{31}H_{35}N_{3}O+HCl+0.6EtOAc$: C, 72.2; H, 7.41; N, 7.57. Found: C, 71.0; H, 7.40; N, 7.66; ESMS m/e:

Example 506

METHYL 3-([3-(ISOBUTYRYLAMINO) PHENYL]-1-PIPERIDINYL]METHYL)-1-PHENYL-1H-INDOLE-6-CARBOXYLATE:

Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using methyl 1-phenyl-1H-indole-6-carboxylate and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 510.0 (M + H)⁺.

Example 507

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(6-NITRO-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 6-nitro-1H-indole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 421.0 (M + H).

Example 508

25

2-METHYL-N-[3-(1-{[1-PHENYL-6-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]PROPANAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 1-phenyl-6-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-indole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 520.0 (M + H)⁺.

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(7-METHYL-1-PHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 7-methyl-1-phenyl-1H-indole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 466.0 (M + H)⁺.

Example 510

5

25

 $N-(3-\{1-[(7-METHOXY-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4-$

- PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) 2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 1H-indol-7-yl methyl ether and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl) phenyl] propanamide: ESMS m/e: 406.0 (M + H).
- 15 Example 511

N-(3-{1-[(7-METHOXY-1-PHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure D and Scheme N using 7-methoxy-1-phenyl-1Hindole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 482.0 (M + H)⁺.

Example 512

N-(3-{1-[(7-CHLORO-1-PHENYL-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure D and Scheme N using 7-chloro-1-phenyl-1Hindole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 488.6 (M + H)⁺.

Example 513

2-METHYL-N-(3-{1-[(7-NITRO-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D
and Scheme N using 7-nitro-1H-indole and 2-methyl-N-[3-

(4-

piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 421.1 (M + H).

Example 514

N-(3-{1-[(7-NITRO-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) CYCLOPROPANECARBOXAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 7-nitro-1H-indole and N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxamide: ESMS m/e: 419.5 (M + H)⁺.

10

15

5

Example 515

N-(3-{1-[(7-NITRO-1H-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 7-nitro-1H-indole and N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 407.3 (M + H)*.

7-(2-FLUOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure I and Scheme T using 7-bromo-1H-indole and 2-fluorophenylboronic acid: ESMS m/e: 211.9 (M + H).

20

25

30

Example 516

 $N-[3-(1-\{[7-(2-FLUOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL\}-4-$ PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL] - 2 - METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared A solution of 2-methyl-N-[3-Procedure D and Scheme N. (4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide (23.3 mg, 0.0948 mmol) 37 wt % aqueous formaldehyde (11.4 mg, 0.142 mmol) in 1.00 mL of HOAc: dioxane (1:4) was added to 7-(2fluorophenyl)-1H-indole (20.0 mg, 0.0948 mmol) and the 12 h stirred for mixture was reaction The resulting mixture was diluted with H2O temperature. The aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 (10 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed X 10 mL). with brine (10 mL), dried over MgSO4, and concentrated in

purified by preparative The residue was TLC on silica using 4 % of NH₃ (2.0 M in methanol) in CH_2Cl_2 to give the desired product (56.1 mg, 100%): 1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.58 (s, 1H), 7.73 (dd, 1H, J = 2.8, 6.3 Hz), 7.69 (s, 1H), 7.53 (dt, 1H, J = 1.8, 7.65 Hz), 7.44 (d, 1H, J = 8.1 Hz), 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.32 (s, 1H), 7.27-7.21 (m, 4H), 7.17 (t, 1H, J = 7.6 Hz), 6.88(d, 1H, J = 7.6 Hz), 3.92 (s, 2H); 3.20 (d, 1H, J = 11.6)Hz), 2.51 (qt, 1H, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.42 (m, 1H), 2.25 (dt, 2H, J = 2.2, 11.6 Hz), 1.89-1.72 (m, 5H), 1.22 (d, 6H, J)10 = 7.3 Hz); ESMS $m/e: 470.1 (M + H)^{+}$.

7-(4-ETHYLPHENYL)-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure I and Scheme T using 7-bromo-1H-indole and 4-ethylphenylboronic acid: ESMS m/e: 222.0 (M + H).

7-(2-NAPHTHYL)-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure I and Scheme T using 7-bromo-1H-indole and 2-naphthylboronic acid: ESMS m/e: 244.0 (M + H) $^+$.

20

15

- **7-(3-CHLOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOLE**: Prepared by Procedure I and Scheme T using 7-bromo-1H-indole and 3-chlorophenylboronic acid: ESMS m/e: 227.9 (M + H)⁺.
- 6-(2-FLUOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure I and Scheme T using 6-bromo-1H-indole and 2-fluorophenylboronic acid: ESMS m/e: 211.9 (M + H).
- 7-(3-NITROPHENYL)-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure I and

 Scheme T using 7-bromo-1H-indole and 3nitrophenylboronic acid: ESMS m/e: 238.9 (M + H)⁺.

۱ ـ ۱	Γ4	1	H-	IND	OT.	- 7 -
T - I	1 1 2 -	·	л-	TND	OD.	-,-

YL) PHENYL] ETHANONE:

Prepared by Procedure I and Scheme T using 7-bromo-1H-indole and 4-acetylphenylboronic acid: ESMS m/e: 235.2 $(M + H)^+$.

5

- **6-(2-METHYLPHENYL)-1H-INDOLE**: Prepared by Procedure and Scheme T using 6-bromo-1H-indole and 2 methylphenylboronic acid: ESMS m/e: 207.9 (M + H) $^{+}$.
- 6-(3-CHLOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure I and Scheme T using 6-bromo-1H-indole and 3-chlorophenylboronic acid: ESMS m/e: 227.9 (M + H)⁺.
- 1-[4-(1H-INDOL-6-YL)PHENYL]ETHANONE: Prepared by
 Procedure I and Scheme T using 6-bromo-1H-indole and 4-acetylphenylboronic acid: ESMS m/e: 235.8 (M + H)⁺.
- 7-(2-METHYLPHENYL)-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure I and Scheme T using 7-bromo-1H-indole and 2-methylphenylboronic acid: ESMS m/e: 208 (M + H)⁺.
 - **6-(4-ETHYLPHENYL)-1H-INDOLE:** Prepared by Procedure I and Scheme T using 6-bromo-1H-indole and 4-ethylphenylboronic acid: ESMS m/e: 221.9 (M + H) $^+$.

25

30

Example 517

2-METHYL-N-[3-(1-{[7-(2-NAPHTHYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 7-(2-naphthyl)-1H-indole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 502.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 518

N-[3-(1-{[7-(4-

ETHYLPHENYL) - 1H - INDOL - 3 -

YL] METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE:

Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 7-(4-ethylphenyl)-1H-indole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 480.2 (M + H) $^{+}$.

Example 519

5

20

 $2-METHYL-N-[3-(1-{[6-(2-METHYLPHENYL)-1}H-INDOL-3-$

YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL] PROPANAMIDE: Prepared

by Procedure D and Scheme N using 6-(2-methylphenyl)-1H
indole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4
piperidinyl) phenyl] propanamide: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ

8.2 (s, 1H), 7.53 (m, 4H), 7.41 (d, 1H, J = 8.4 Hz),

7.34 (m, 2H), 7.27-7.12 (m, 5H), 6.81 (d, 1H, J = 8.4

Hz), 4.09 (s, 2H), 3.32 (d, 2H, J = 11.4 Hz), 2.57 (q,

2H, J = 7.6 Hz), 2.43 (m, 3H), 2.08 (s, 3H), 1.98 (m,

1H), 1.75 (m, 2H), 1.22 (d, 6H, J = 6.3 Hz); Anal. Calcd

for C₃₁H₃₅N₃O+CHCl₃+DMF: C, 57.0; H, 6.09; N, 8.06.

Found: C, 56.5; H, 5.94; N, 7.76; ESMS m/e: 466.2 (M +

Example 520

H) +.

N-[3-(1-{[7-(3-CHLOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure D and Scheme N using 7-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-indole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 486.1 (M + H)+.

Example 521

2-METHYL-N-[3-(1-{[7-(3-NITROPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 7-(3-nitrophenyl)-1H-

indole and 2-methyl-N-[3- (4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 497.0 (M + H) $^{+}$.

Example 522

N-[3-(1-{[7-(4-ACETYLPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 1-[4-(1H-indol-7-Yl)phenyl]ethanone and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 493.6 (M + H)⁺.

Example 523

10

15

N-[3-(1-{[6-(4-ETHYLPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure D and Scheme N using 6-(4-ethylphenyl)-1Hindole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 480.1 (M + H).

Example 524

 $2-METHYL-N-[3-(1-{[7-(2-METHYLPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-$

- 20 YL]METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 7-(2-methylphenyl)-1H-indole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 466.1 (M + H)⁺.
- 25 Example 525

 N-[3-(1-{[6-(2-FLUOROPHENYL)-1H-INDOL-3-YL]METHYL}-4
 PIPERIDINYL)PHENYL]-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by

 Procedure D and Scheme N using 6-(2-fluorophenyl)-1H
 indole and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-
- piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 470.2 (M + H)*.

 5-(4-METHYLPHENOXY)-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure J

 and Scheme U using 5-bromo-1H-indole and p-cresol: ESMS

 m/e: 224.0 (M + H)*.

5

N-(3-{1-[(5-BROMO-lH-INDOL-3-YL)METHYL]-4-PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)-2-METHYLPROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 5-bromo-lH-indole and 2methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 454.0 (M + H)*.

1-(4-PYRIDINYL)-6-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)-1H-INDOLE: Prepared

by Procedure C and Scheme O using 6-(trifluoromethyl)
1H-indole and 4-iodopyridine: ESMS m/e: 262.9 (M + H)⁺.

Example 527

2-METHYL-N-[3-(1-{[5-(4-METHYLPHENOXY)-1H-INDOL-3-

- 15 YL] METHYL}-4-PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL] PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure D and Scheme N using 5-(4-methylphenoxy)
 1H-indole and 2-methyl-N-.[3-(4-piperidinyl) phenyl] propanamide: ESMS. m/e: 481.9 (M + H).
- 1-(4-METHYLPHENYL)-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 1H-indole and 1-iodo-4-methylbenzene: ESMS m/e: 208.0 (M + H)⁺.
- 1-(3-METHYLPHENYL)-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure C 25 and Scheme O using 1H-indole and 1-iodo-3-methylbenzene: ESMS m/e: 208.0 (M + H)⁺.
- 1-[3-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)PHENYL]-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by
 Procedure C and Scheme O using 1H-indole and 1-iodo-3(trifluoromethyl)benzene: ESMS m/e: 262.0 (M + H)⁺.

- 1-(4-METHOXYPHENYL)-1H- INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 1H-indole and 1-iodo-4-methoxybenzene: ESMS m/e: 224.0 (M + H)⁺.
- 5 1-(2-METHOXYPHENYL)-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 1H-indole and 1-iodo-2-methoxybenzene: ESMS m/e: 224.0 (M + H)⁺.
- 1-(3-METHOXYPHENYL)-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure C

 and Scheme O using 1H-indole and 1-iodo-3methoxybenzene: ESMS m/e: 224.0 (M + H)⁺.
- 1-(2-METHYLPHENYL)-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 1H-indole and 1-iodo-2-methylbenzene:

 ESMS m/e: 208.0 (M + H)⁺.
 - **6-FLUORO-1-PHENYL-1H-INDOLE:** Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 6-fluoro-1H-indole and iodobenzene: ESMS m/e: 212.0 (M + H) $^+$.
 - **6-CHLORO-1-PHENYL-1H-INDOLE:** Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 6-chloro-1H-indole and iodobenzene: ESMS m/e: 228.0 (M + H) $^+$.

20

- 7-CHLORO-1-PHENYL-1H-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure C and Scheme O using 7-chloro-1H-indole and iodobenzene: ESMS m/e: 228.0 (M + H) $^{+}$.
- 6-(2-FLUOROPHENYL)-lH-INDOLE: Prepared by Procedure I
 and Scheme T using 6-bromo-lH-indole and 2fluorophenylboronic acid: ESMS m/e: 211.9 (M + H).

2-METHYL-N-{3-[1-(7-OXO-7-PHENYLHEPTYL)-4-PIPERIDINYL]PHENYL}PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure K and Scheme B1 using 7-chloro-1-phenyl-1-heptanone and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 435.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 529

5

20

30

 $2-METHYL-N-{3-[1-(6-OXO-6-PHENYLHEXYL)-4-$

PIPERIDINYL] PHENYL PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure K and Scheme Bl using 6-chloro-1-phenyl-1-hexanone and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl) phenyl] propanamide: Anal. Calcd for C27H36N2O2+0.1CHCl3: C, 75.3; H, 8.39; N, 6.46. Found: C, 75.4; H, 7.89; N, 6.18; ESMS m/e: 421.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 530

2-METHYL-N-{3-[1-(5-OXO-5-PHENYLPENTYL)-4-PIPERIDINYL]PHENYL}PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure K and Scheme B1 using 5-chloro-1-phenyl-1-pentanone and 2-methyl-N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 407.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 531

N-(3-{1-[4-(4-METHOXYPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure K
and Scheme B1 using 4-chloro-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1butanone and N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide:
ESMS m/e: 409.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 532

N-(3-{1-[4-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure K
and Scheme B1 using 4-chloro-1-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-

butanone and N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)] propanamide: ESMS m/e: 413.1 (M + H) $^{+}$.

Example 533

N-(3-{1-[4-(4-BROMOPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4
PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure K

and Scheme B1 using 1-(4-bromophenyl)-4-chloro-1
butanone and N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl] propanamide:

ESMS m/e: 457.1 (M + H)⁺.

10

15

30

5

Example 534

N-(3-{1-[4-(4-TERT-BUTYLPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure K
and Scheme B1 using 1-(4-tert-butylphenyl)-4-chloro-1butanone and N-[3-(4-piperidinyl) phenyl] propanamide:
ESMS m/e: 435.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 535

 $N-(3-\{1-[4-(4-FLUOROPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4-$

piperidinyl)phenyl)propanamide: Prepared by Procedure K and Scheme B1 using 4-chloro-1-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-butanone and N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide: ESMS m/e: 397.2 (M + H)⁺.

25 **Example 536**

 $N-(3-\{1-[4-OXO-4-(4-PHENOXYPHENYL)BUTYL\}-4-PIPERIDINYL\}$ PHENYL) PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure K and Scheme B1 using 4-chloro-1-(4-phenoxyphenyl)-1-butanone and N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl] propanamide: ESMS m/e: 471.2 (M + H) $^+$.

5

20

30

 $N-(3-\{1-[4-(4-ISOPROPYLPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4-$ Prepared by PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) CYCLOPROPANECARBOXAMIDE: 4-chloro-1-(4and Scheme B1 using Procedure K and N-[3-(4isopropylphenyl)-1-butanone piperidinyl)phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxamide: m/e: ESMS $433.2 (M + H)^{+}$

Example 538

 $N-(3-\{1-[4-(4-METHOXYPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4-$ 10 PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) CYCLOPROPANECARBOXAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure K Bl using 4-chloro-1-(4-Scheme and N-[3-(4methoxyphenyl)-1-butanone and piperidinyl)phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxamide: **ESMS** $421.2 (M + H)^{+}$ 15

Example 539

 $N-(3-\{1-[4-OXO-4-(4-PHENOXYPHENYL)BUTYL]-4-$ PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) CYCLOPROPANECARBOXAMIDE: Prepared by 4-chloro-1-(4using Procedure K and Scheme B1 and N-[3-(4phenoxyphenyl)-1-butanone piperidinyl)phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxamide: m/e: $483.2 (M + H)^{+}$

25 **Example 540**

 $N-(3-\{1-[4-(4-ISOPROPYLPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL\}-4-$ PIPERIDINYL\PHENYL\PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure K and Scheme B1 using 4-chloro-1-(4-isopropylphenyl)-1-butanone and N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)] phenyl\Propanamide: ESMS m/e: 421.3 (M + H) $^+$.

N-(3-{1-[4-(4-TERT-BUTYLPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4
PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) CYCLOPROPANECARBOXAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure K and Scheme Bl using 1-(4-tert-butylphenyl)4-chloro-1-butanone and N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl] cyclopropanecarboxamide: ESMS m/e:

447.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 542

N-(3-{1-[4-(4-METHYLPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure K
and Scheme B1 using 4-chloro-1-(4-methylphenyl)-1butanone and N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl] propanamide:
ESMS m/e: 393.2 (M + H)⁺.

15

20

25

30

5

Example 543

 $N-(3-\{1-[4-(3,4-DIMETHYLPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4-$;

PIPERIDINYL\PHENYL\PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure K

and Scheme B1 using 4-chloro-1-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-1
butanone and N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)] propanamide:

ESMS m/e: 407.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 544

N-(3-{1-[4-(4-BROMOPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)CYCLOPROPANECARBOXAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure K and Scheme B1 using 1-(4-bromophenyl)-4chloro-1-butanone and N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxamide: ESMS m/e:
469.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 545

N-(3-{1-[5-(4-FLUOROPHENYL)-5-OXOPENTYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure K
and Scheme B1 using 5-chloro-1-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-

pentanone and N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)] propanamide: ESMS m/e: 411.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 546

 $N-(3-\{1-[4-(3,4-DIMETHYLPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4-$ 5 Prepared by PIPERIDINYL } PHENYL) CYCLOPROPANECARBOXAMIDE: 4-chloro-1-(3,4using Procedure Κ... and Scheme B1 N-[3-(4dimethylphenyl)-1-butanone and piperidinyl)phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxamide: ESMS m/e: 10 $419.2 (M + H)^{+}$.

Example 547

 $N-(3-\{1-[4-(4-METHYLPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4-$ PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) CYCLOPROPANECARBOXAMIDE: Prepared by using 4-chloro-1-(4-Procedure K and Scheme B1 N-[3-(4methylphenyl)-1-butanone and piperidinyl)phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxamide: ESMS : m/e: $405.2 (M + H)^{+}$.

20 **Example 548**

15

25

 $N-(3-\{1-[4-(4-FLUOROPHENYL)-4-OXOBUTYL]-4-$ PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) CYCLOPROPANECARBOXAMIDE: Prepared by using 4-chloro-1-(4ĸ and Scheme B1 Procedure N-[3-(4fluorophenyl)-1-butanone and piperidinyl)phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxamide: ESMS m/e: $409.2 (M + H)^{+}$.

Example 549

N-(3-{1-[5-(3-FLUOROPHENYL)-5-OXOPENTYL]-4
PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)CYCLOPROPANECARBOXAMIDE: Prepared by

Procedure K and Scheme B1 using 5-chloro-1-(3-fluorophenyl)-1-pentanone and N-[3-(4-

piperidinyl)phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxamide: ESMS m/e: 423.2 (M + H) $^{+}$.

Example 550

N-[3-(1-{5-0X0-5-[4-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL) PHENYL] PENTYL}-4
PIPERIDINYL) PHENYL] PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure K

and Scheme B1 using 5-chloro-1-[4
(trifluoromethyl) phenyl] -1-pentanone and N-[3-(4
piperidinyl) phenyl] propanamide: ESMS m/e: 461.2 (M + H)⁺.

10

5

Example 551

 $N-(3-\{1-[5-(4-FLUOROPHENYL)-5-OXOPENTYL]-4-$ Prepared by PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) CYCLOPROPANECARBOXAMIDE: B1 using 5-chloro-1-(4-K and Scheme Procedure N-[3-(4and fluorophenyl)-1-pentanone 15 ESMS m/e: piperidinyl)phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxamide: $423.2 (M + H)^{+}$

Example 552

N-(3-{1-[5-(3-NITROPHENYL)-5-OXOPENTYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL) PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure K
and Scheme B1 using 5-chloro-1-(3-nitrophenyl)-1pentanone and N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide:
ESMS m/e: 438.2 (M + H)⁺.

25

30 .

Example 553

 $N-(3-\{1-[5-(3-NITROPHENYL)-5-OXOPENTYL]-4-$ Prepared by PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) CYCLOPROPANECARBOXAMIDE: 5-chloro-1-(3-B1 using Procedure K and Scheme N-[3-(4nitrophenyl)-1-pentanone and piperidinyl)phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxamide: ESMS m/e: $450.2 (M + H)^{+}$

N-(3-{1-[5-(2-FLUOROPHENYL)-5-OXOPENTYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure K
and Scheme B1 using 5-chloro-1-(2-fluorophenyl)-1pentanone and N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide:
ESMS m/e: 411.2 (M + H)⁺.

Example 555

N-(3-{1-[5-(3-FLUOROPHENYL)-5-OXOPENTYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure K
and Scheme B1 using 5-chloro-1-(3-fluorophenyl)-1pentanone and N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide:

pentanone and N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)] pher ESMS m/e: 411.2 (M + H)⁺.

15 Example 556

5

10

20

30

N-(3-{1-[5-(4-NITROPHENYL)-5-OXOPENTYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)PROPANAMIDE: Prepared by Procedure K
and Scheme B1 using 5-chloro-1-(4-nitrophenyl)-1pentanone and N-[3-(4-piperidinyl)phenyl]propanamide:
ESMS m/e: 438.1 (M + H)⁺.

Example 557

 $N-(3-\{1-[5-(4-NITROPHENYL)-5-OXOPENTYL]-4-$ PIPERIDINYL PHENYL) CYCLOPROPANECARBOXAMIDE: Prepared by B1 using 5-chloro-1-(4-Procedure K and Scheme 25 N - [3 - (4 nitrophenyl) -1-pentanone and piperidinyl)phenyl]cyclopropanecarboxamide: m/e: ESMS $450.1 (M + H)^{+}$.

Example 558

N-(3-{1-[5-(4-CHLOROPHENYL)-5-OXOPENTYL]-4PIPERIDINYL}PHENYL)CYCLOPROPANECARBOXAMIDE: Prepared by
Procedure K and Scheme B1 using 5-chloro-1-(4-